

Lotus Art Blossum Public Art located at Gravelly Lake Drive and Washington Boulevard

# CITY OF LAKEWOOD, WA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018





# **COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

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# Administrative Services Department Finance Division

Tho Kraus Assistant City Manager/Finance Director

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

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July 9, 2019

People of the City of Lakewood Honorable Mayor and City Council

### THE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE CITY OF LAKEWOOD

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Lakewood for the year ended December 31, 2018 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with City management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

This transmittal letter is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

### **REPORTING ENTITY**

The City of Lakewood is an optional code city and incorporated in 1996. Lakewood is the second largest city in Pierce County and is host community to Joint Base Lewis McChord (JBLM), the largest Army military installation in the western United States and the largest single-site employer in Washington State. Our legacy and commitment to each other dates back almost 100 years to World War 1 and the creation of Camp Lewis that then became Fort Lewis followed by the addition of McChord Air Force Base and now JBLM, the sole "Power Projection Platform" on the West Coast. Lakewood has a population of 59,350 and covers an area of 18.95 square miles, of which 17.17 square miles is land and 1.78 square miles is water. Lakewood is known for its lakes, natural beauty, and economic potential.

The City Council is responsible for enacting all legislation and making general policy decisions governing the City. The City Manager, who serves as the chief executive officer of the City, is appointed by, reports directly to, and serves at the pleasure of the City Council. The City Manager implements the policies and goals of the City Council, manages and coordinates the overall operations of the City and provides leadership, coordination, and development of City departments, while ensuring the delivery of quality service and serving the needs of the public. This is accomplished through the expressed direction of the Lakewood City Council.

The City provides the following services to residents and businesses: parks and recreation, police, jail, streets and roads, stormwater collection and treatment, economic development, public improvements, building, planning and zoning, social and senior services, municipal court, and general administrative services. Water is provided by the Lakewood Water District and sewer services are provided through Pierce County. Fire services are provided by the West Pierce Fire and Rescue. Garbage and recycling is provided by Waste Connections under contract with the City. Power is provided by Tacoma Power, Puget Sound Energy, and Lakeview Light and Power. Library services are provided by the Pierce County Library system. K-12 education is provided by Clover Park School District #400 and Steilacoom Historical School District #1. Higher education is provided by Pierce College at Fort Steilacoom Park

and Clover Park Technical College. Interstate Highway 5 and State Highway 512 pass through Lakewood. Pierce Transit and the Sound Transit (ST) systems, with stations adjacent to the I-5 Corridor and the Lakewood Towne Center, serve the community. The combination of services from these agencies provides excellent public transportation to the greater Tacoma/Seattle area.

### ECONOMIC FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The Puget Sound region currently enjoys a strong economy that continues to outperform the national economy, although most of the growth and economic gain is occurring in a small select area of the region. Despite this, most cities, including Lakewood, aren't enjoying the robust revenue growth that the regional performance would suggest. Difficult economic conditions that began over a decade ago will continue for the foreseeable future and will continue to influence City resources in a challenging way. According to the Puget Sound Economic Forecaster, employment in the region over the past few quarters has remained strong. Partly due to the stimulus at the federal level (tax cuts and deficit spending) that pushed GDP growth higher in the 2018 Q3, growth was still strong in Q4. Activity in the Puget Sound region has remained strong as well. Amazon and other firms have continued to hire and construction employment has been impressive. 2018 employment in construction was noticeably stronger than the models had been predicting. Also, higher than expected actual employment levels will remain part of the forecast for 2019.

Key drivers of Puget Sound retail sales are personal income, residential building, unemployment rate and interest rates. Projected employment growth for retail trade is anemic at 0.3% in the short-term, with most of the gains coming from online retailers. Locally, retail and wholesale trade made up 15.3% of all in jobs in 2018. Retail trade is more prevalent in the Puget Sound than nationally, partly due to the higher wages in this region allowing for more spending.

Compared to 2017, the retail sales in the Puget Sound region decreased 0.4% from 6.1% to 5.7% and is expected to continue to decline in 2019 by another 1.5% to 4.2%. However, the Puget Sound economic forecast report expects retail sales growth to rebound to 4.7% in 2020.

As of the end of 2018, the average unemployment rate in the Tacoma-Lakewood region decreased to 5.2% compared to 2017 at 5.3% compared to the 3.9% national rate. In 2018, the average personal income in Pierce County was \$70 thousand per household.

#### ECONOMIC TRENDS

In 2018, there were 26,776 housing units in Lakewood, a decrease of less than 0.1% over 2017. Of these units, 51% or 13,562 were single-family homes, 44% or 11,764 multi-family units, and 5% or 1,450 mobile homes and trailers.

The community is residential and commercial, with the populace employed locally, at Joint Base Lewis-McChord, and in the neighboring cities such as Tacoma, University Place, Steilacoom and unincorporated Pierce County. Employment in Lakewood is highly concentrated in retail and services sectors which respond primarily to the needs of the local market area population.

Total employment in Lakewood in 2018 is estimated at 34,096 (Chmura Economics/Jobs EQ), which is an increase of 4,382 or 14.8% between 2012 and 2018. Of those jobs, the healthcare industry saw the largest increase, followed by retail trade, then education. Additional jobs in construction, manufacturing, wholesale trade, professional/scientific and technology, and food services are consistently being introduced to the community.

Major employers are Western State Hospital, Clover Park School District, Pierce College, Camp Murray, Pierce Transit, St. Clare Hospital, Aacres WA LLC, McClane Northwest, Clover Park Technical College, and Walmart.

The major retailers in Lakewood include Walmart, Lakewood Ford, Curbside Motors, Lowe's Home Improvement, Kenworth Northwest, Schetky Northwest Sales, Target Corporation, and Enterprise Rentals.

Local sales tax collected in 2018 total \$11.0 million, and is above 2017 by \$1.0 million or 10.2% due primarily to increases in retail trade (up \$426 thousand or 9%), services (up by \$267 thousand or 11%), and construction (up \$326K or 28%).

The 2018 assessed value for 2019 tax collections includes new construction and added improvements assessed value totaled \$79.9 million or approximately 1.1% of the City's 2018 assessed valuation. The total assessed value of property in Lakewood was \$6.9 billion, which is approximately 13% higher than the 2017 assessed valuation of \$6.0 billion.

Real Estate sales increased from \$491 million in 2017 to \$539 million in 2018, an increase of 9.9% or \$48 million. Major real estate transactions in 2018 include a mew general warehousing storage facility, several apartment complexes (James, Springtree, Sandman, Stanley Estates, Eastwood, Los Robles, Bridgeport, and Whispering Firs), Lakewood You Store It, Lakewood Cinema Plaza Pad "H", a number of vacant land parcels and several major single family residences and other multifamily residences.

### LONG-TERM PLANNING

In 2014, the City began the development of a six-year financial forecast to help provide a more effective delivery of services. Moving into 2019 and 2020, the City will continue the development of the financial forecast that includes facts and assumptions to enable an accurate forecast of the financial future of the city to ensure whether adequate resources will be available to maintain current and projected city service levels with a particular focus on the impact of current economic conditions and, if not, develop strategies to address them. The forecast will also serve as a tool to examine financial trends and identify opportunities, particularly as new services or programs are evaluated. The financial forecast will serve as the mechanism to ensure these investments, commitments, and contractual obligations "pencil" for at least six years.

With each budget, the City will update expenditure and revenue projections for the next six years. Projections will include estimated operating costs for capital improvements that are included in the capital budget. This budget data will be presented to the City Council in a form that will facilitate budget decisions, based on a multi-year perspective. This forecast is intended to be an internal planning tool and shall be included in the biennial budget document and updated at least annually as part of the adopted budget process in the even years and the mid-biennial review in the odd years.

In compliance with the Growth Management Act legislation within the State of Washington, the City is updating its 6-Year Capital Improvement Plan which includes an inventory of existing facilities, a forecast of future needs, proposed locations, capacities for new or expanded facilities, and a financing plan. The financing plan outlines the costs, revenues, and time schedule for each capital improvement project. Capital project proposals will include as complete, reliable and attainable costs estimates as possible. Project costs will be based on a thorough analysis of the projects and are expected to be as reliable as the level of detail known about a project. Project costs estimates will vary in reliability depending on whether they are to be undertaken in the first, second, or third biennium of the plan.

### MAJOR INITIATIVES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

<u>City's Bond Rating Increased</u>: Standard & Poor's (S&P) notified the City that it will increase the City's bond rating AA, up from AA-. This is the City's second bond rating increase in four years. In 2014, S&P upgraded the City's rating to AA-, up from A. Over the last four years the City saw its bond rating increase three steps – skipping A+ in 2014 and going directly to AA-. The AA bond rating, which is an extraordinary achievement for our City, will translate into lower financing costs by attracting a broader range of investors. This rating is also a positive reflection of the City's effectiveness in managing its financial resources.

<u>Lakewood Downtown Subarea Plan</u>: In 2018, the City was awarded the Healthy Communities Platinum Award for its Lakewood Downtown Subarea Plan which the City embarked on in the latter part of 2017. The city year-long subarea planning process is being developed to shape the future of its Central Business District (CBD). This area is more than 300 acres and includes the Towne Center District (Lakewood Towne Center), Colonial District (Colonial Center) and the East Commercial District (area around 100th Street and Bridgeport Way). When complete we will have a road map that stipulates how growth and development should occur in this commercial center over time. This subarea plan builds on past planning efforts and creates a vision for the future. It focuses on everything from land use, building design and creating gathering places for the public to strategies for how to implement these changes over time.

<u>Woodbrook Business Park</u>: Lakewood is also poised to fill the high demand for industrial lands in our region. The Woodbrook Business Park totaling 150 acres, which has easy access on and off Interstate 5 is beginning to come to fruition. Another piece of the Woodbrook Business Park is now complete with the recent industrial development project built and fully leased by Seattle-based Panattoni Development Company totaling over 476,000 square feet. And there is still more to come as the Clover Park School District sells its property. This property, which is no longer needed for school district purposes will be redeveloped into an industrial project totaling upwards of 775,000 square feet, similar to the Panattoni building across the street. Other development coming through the pipeline includes another 400,000 square foot project bringing total new development to over 1.1 million square feet in the next few years. Once built out, the economic impact of this business park is projected to generate over \$1 billion to the local and regional economy along with upwards of 3,500 jobs.

<u>Rental Housing Safety Program</u>: In 2018, the City began the implementation of a Rental Housing Safety Program (RHSP). The program requires all residential rental properties (apartments, single family homes, duplexes, etc.) within Lakewood to be registered. Each year, owners register their rental properties to be inspected once every five years. This proactive program is designed to ensure that all rental housing units comply with specific life and safety standards and are providing a safe place for tenants to live. Lakewood has more rental housing units than similarly-sized suburban cities, much of which is at an age that requires life cycle investments. Some units (not all) are in need of maintenance. The program ensures that Lakewood's rental housing stock is maintained and that residents live in healthy conditions. The program also protects vulnerable tenants. Some tenants may be afraid to complain about their housing for fear of increased rent or landlord retaliation (such as eviction). There may also be language barriers and disability-related issues. As a result, the housing inhabited by vulnerable populations is often the most likely to fall through the cracks of a complaint-based code enforcement system. This program will also preserve neighborhood property values.

<u>Transportation Projects:</u> Projects completed in 2018 include: issued a contract to build, repair and replace over 380 new LED streetlights; installed speed radar signs around Lake Louise Drive as part of the Neighborhood Traffic Control Program; city-wide street striping, pavement patching and markings; chip sealed Lake City north of Washington Boulevard, Butte Drive and select areas in Oakbrook; Steilacoom Safety and Roadway Improvements; Military/112th Safety Signal Replacement; Gravelly Lake Drive Trail: Washington Blvd. to Nyanza Road; John Dower Safe Routes to School sidewalk improvements; Phillips Rd. Safe Routes to School sidewalk improvements; overlay at 59th - Main St. to 100th Street; Lakewood Drive - Fleet Creek to Custer Road Improvement District for 146th, 150th, Spring St. – roadway and sidewalks.

<u>Parks Projects:</u> Projects completed in 2018 include: Fort Steilacoom Sports Field Improvements (upgraded dugouts, expanded irrigation, portable scoreboards, outfield fencing and mounds, storage building, park entry sign, picnic shelters and a new soccer field); Fort Steilacoom Roadway Improvements (repaved the roadway from the park entry to Angle Lane which is near updated Waughop Lake parking lot next to dog park and historic barns, paved the parking lot near the soccer fields, added parking along the roadway to provide safe access to sport fields and picnic areas as well as required landscaping and storm water improvements); and Fort Steilacoom Park Pavilion Phase 1 which will provide a venue for community activities, events and private rentals. Finish work will continue in 2019 to include paving, pathways and furnishings.

### **OUTLOOK FOR THE FUTURE**

The City Council sets the vision for our City and adopts goals to reflect that vision and guide decision-making at all levels of City government. The goal setting process also builds consensus on policies and projects that impact City residents, businesses and the community as a whole.

On October 19, 2015, the City Council adopted the following visioning statement (Resolution No. 2015-30). This visioning statement replaces an earlier version, which came about in 1996 in response to some of the issues facing Lakewood just after incorporation. Since that time, many of the City's goals and objectives have been accomplished, and, thus, the need to update the visioning statement. The new vision statement (below), which includes significant public input provided via online community surveys, meetings with community groups and an open community interactive workshop, addresses community attitudes concerning current and anticipated issues affecting the City.

Our VISION for Lakewood is a thriving, urban, South Puget Sound City, possessing the core values of family, community, education, and economic prosperity. We will advance these values by recognizing our past, taking action in the present, and pursuing a dynamic future.

The City Council's VISION for Lakewood at its 30 Year Anniversary is a community:

- Inspired by its own sense of history and progress;
- Known for its safe and attractive neighborhoods, vibrant downtown, active arts and cultural communities;
- Sustained by robust economic growth and job creation;
- Recognized for the excellence of its public and private schools, and its community and technical colleges;
- Characterized by the beauty of its lakes, parks and natural environment;
- Acknowledged for excellence in the delivery of municipal services;
- Leveraging and embracing of our diversity; and,
- Supportive of Joint Base Lewis McChord (JBLM), Camp Murray, service members and their families.

The following five goals originally adopted by the City Council in July 2014, reaffirmed and modified in April 2016 and again in June 2018 by the City Council, provide overall policy guidance for the budget, and serve as a basis for decisions and recommendations for the next three-year period (2018-2020) and beyond.

The purpose of the goals is to direct our community toward positive change and serve as the policy direction for City government as well as to guide the allocation of resources through the budget and capital improvement program to assure that organizational work plans and projects are developed that incrementally move the community toward positive change and the stated goals.

### 1. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

### GOAL: The City of Lakewood promotes and supports a dynamic and robust local economy.

#### **Objectives:**

- 1.1 Align economic goals and resources across departments.
  - A. Develop and implement a comprehensive economic development strategy that aligns with the Strategic Plan.
  - B. Direct growth through sound planning. Update land use codes and streamline internal processes.
- 1.2 Pursue infrastructure improvements vital to economic development and to bolster the City's competiveness.
  - A. Implement and invest in catalyst projects that promote private investment, i.e., a Downtown Plan, Lakewood Colonial Plaza, Woodbrook Business Park, and I-5 commercial corridor ("Lakewood Landing").
  - B. Improve underutilized commercial land by achieving the military land swap, WSDOT facility relocation, revision of zoning regulations where appropriate, and minimize nonconforming uses.
  - C. Expand utilities and community assets, such as sewers, libraries, etc.
  - D. Enhance commercial corridors, off-ramps, and City entry points through improvements and wayfaring signage.
- 1.3 Enhance and diversify housing stock and improve multi-generational community assets.
  - A. Improve programs and policies to increase homeownership and diversify housing stock.
  - B. Minimize nonconforming uses.
  - C. Actively advance condominium regulation reform to expand homeownership opportunities.
  - D. Continue to support youth and senior programming and expand community events.
  - E. Support and preserve historical buildings and other local places of significance.

1.4 Foster collaborative and advantageous partnerships with businesses, community members, and regional partners.

- A. Be a leader in local economic development.
- B. Analyze and influence regional transportation and planning policies.
- C. Continue partnership with JBLM and Camp Murray to improve connectivity, land use development, and transportation near bases.
- D. Expand partnership with the Chamber of Commerce, neighborhood associations, and other civic groups.

- E. Develop an educated workforce through collaboration with local educational institutions to leverage collective resources and to enhance K-12 and higher education opportunities.
- 1.5 Promote and facilitate sustainable economic development.
  - A. Focus resources on business creation, retention, and expansion.
  - B. Promote an entrepreneurial environment, encourage a balance of manufacturing, commercial, and retail businesses.
  - C. Continue to leverage existing assets such as location, access, lakes, parks, civic engagement opportunities, transit options, and cultural amenities.
  - D. Develop and implement an imaging campaign that confidently promotes recent accomplishments and community assets.
  - E. Promote and deploy prudent business incentives to enhance economic development strategies.

# 2. DEPENDABLE INFRASTRUCTURE

### GOAL: The City of Lakewood provides safe, clean, well-maintained, and dependable infrastructure.

# Objectives:

- 2.1 Implement capital infrastructure projects to improve transportation, park, and utility systems.
  - A. Identify future transportation upgrades from the travel demand model (TDM) and update the comprehensive plan and six-year TIP when necessary.
  - B. Expand neighborhood infrastructure improvements increasing access to roadways, parks, and public buildings.
  - C. Implement and update the Park's Legacy Plan and make strategic property additions to improve parks.
  - D. Implement technology solutions to enhance accessibility, operations, and services.
  - E. Partner with stakeholders to identify and implement infrastructure solutions.
- 2.2 Invest in preventative maintenance of facilities, parks, and streets to protect City assets.
  - A. Implement best management practices to reduce long-term costs, protect citizens, and environmental hazards.
  - B. Sustain infrastructure to ensure it is reliable, safe, aesthetically pleasing, cost effective, and improves municipal services.
- 2.3 Advance infrastructure projects that enhance the City's identity and diversity.
  - A. Enhance and upgrade street amenities, public right-of-way, and City wayfaring signage.
  - B. Showcase art, culture, and history to enhance Lakewood's sense of place.
- 2.4 Increase connectivity and accessibility.
  - A. Leverage technology and multi-use infrastructure to improve accessibility in the City and neighboring communities.
  - B. Invest in smart growth solutions to maximize efficiency and enhance sense of place.
  - C. Implement "complete streets" and non-motorized transportation projects that enable safe access for all users, and increases connectivity between neighborhoods, parks, and commercial areas.

# 3. PUBLIC SAFETY

### GOAL: The City of Lakewood is one of the safest cities in Washington State.

### **Objectives:**

- 3.1 Improve community safety and reduce crime through data driven processes.
  - A. Enhance law enforcement services through ongoing training and new technologies.
  - B. Promote crime prevention through environmental design (CPTED) in facility development.
  - C. Develop, practice, and implement emergency management plans.
- 3.2 Match perception of public safety with reality.
  - A. Promote advancements and achievements in public safety that includes publicizing the safety of the community.
  - B. Create a community dashboard to display public safety data.
  - C. Provide streamlined and innovative resources for citizens.
- 3.3 Provide resources to support the health, welfare, and safety of the community.

- A. Increase proactive abatement, code enforcement, and housing safety programs.
- B. Encourage neighborhood association initiatives.
- C. Support creative criminal justice and alternative diversion programs.
- D. Take a proactive role in legislative advocacy in matters which negatively impact public safety.

3.4 Expand community outreach and educational programs.

- A. Cultivate and sustain collaborative partnerships with law enforcement and citizens to develop effective solutions, increase trust, and encourage mutual accountability.
- B. Continue to improve communication efforts with multicultural communities to bridge gaps and increase trust.
- C. Emphasize crime prevention through public education.
- D. Continue innovative approaches to address mental health and reduce homelessness.

### 4. FISCAL RESPONSIBILITY

### GOAL: The City of Lakewood maintains a strong fiscal position providing quality municipal services

### **Objectives:**

- 4.1 Provide efficient and effective municipal services.
  - A. Invest resources in core functions based on priorities and data driven metrics.
  - B. Continually analyze risk assumed by the City, adjust policies and programming if necessary.
  - C. Develop an annual performance report card and community dashboards using relevant performance metrics.
- 4.2 Evaluate revenues and expenditures and respond to changing service needs.
  - A. Maintain reserves to support the City in case of economic fluctuations, emergency needs, and to take advantage of emerging opportunities.
  - B. Develop balanced biennial budgets consistent with adopted financial policies.
    - a) Ensure all revenues, and expenditures match allocated resources.
    - b) Review and update financial policies, six-year financial forecasts and other six-year financial plans (capital improvement, information technology, property management), and revenue and expenditure manual.
  - C. Diversify revenue base and explore innovative funding sources.
- 4.3 Make smart investments in people, places, and resources.
  - A. Continue to hire and cultivate top tier City personnel.
  - B. Seek and promote diverse citizen advisory groups.
  - C. Support and promote private economic development.
  - D. Pursue catalyst and emerging economic development opportunities across the City.
  - E. Continue to maintain our "Well City" status.
  - F. Be recognized as a regional civic leader.

### 5. TRANSPARENCY

#### GOAL: The City of Lakewood communicates its goals, successes, and challenges to the community.

#### **Objectives:**

- 5.1 Dynamically promote a positive image of Lakewood.
  - A. Expand meaningful, two-way communication opportunities with community stakeholders and regional partners.
  - B. Enhance city's image through positive spotlights, planning tools, land use codes, code enforcement, and infrastructure improvements.
- 5.2 Advocate for Lakewood at all levels of government.
  - A. Continue to serve in a leadership capacity in national, regional, and local affairs.
  - B. Develop annual legislative agenda and proactively engage with the County Council, state Legislature, and federal delegation.
  - C. Improve awareness of JBLM's and Camp Murray's direct and indirect economic impacts on the city, region, county, and state.
  - D. Advocate for increased transportation and parks infrastructure funding.

- 5.3 Develop measureable outcomes and compare these to national benchmarks.
  - A. Provide quarterly updates that highlight specific advancements or projects within goal areas.
  - B. Implement more frequent surveys to gauge the community's assessment of neighborhood conditions, citizen satisfaction, community priorities, and specific projects.
  - C. Develop an annual performance report card and accessible "real time" community dashboard.
- 5.4 Strengthen connection with stakeholders, partners, and communities.
  - A. Craft and maintain accessible City online services, website, and social media platforms.
  - B. Focus on inclusive engagement: Conduct concentrated outreach for hard-to-reach and vulnerable populations.
  - C. Support and collaboratively engage with neighborhood associations.
  - D. Continue partnership with JBLM and Camp Murray to support access to information about workforce development, healthcare, and services on and off base.
  - E. Strengthen City's relationship with local school districts and colleges.

In addition to the adopted Vision Statement and City Council goals, there are operational values that guide how the City's organization works toward goal achievement:

- Regional Partnerships -- Lakewood encourages and participates in regional approaches to service delivery to the extent that a regional model produces efficiencies and cost savings, and ultimately improves service to our citizens;
- Efficiency -- Lakewood is committed to providing public services in the most efficient manner possible and maximizing the public's return on their investment;
- Accountability -- The City of Lakewood is accountable to the community for the achievement of goals. To that end, meaningful performance measures will be developed for each goal area to track our progress toward the stated goals; and
- Proactive Focus -- Lakewood proactively focuses on the total condition of the City and promotes long-term financial and strategic forecasting and planning.

Each adopted goal also includes specific policy objectives and action strategies as well as a work plan outlining priority projects identified to implement each goal. These latter items and projects are not inclusive of all activities and services provided or undertaken by City departments, though they represent the leading priorities.

### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The City of Lakewood is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and 2) the evaluation of relative costs and benefits of the control system requires estimates and judgments by management.

### **Independent Audit**

State law requires an annual audit of all City books of account, financial records, and transactions by the State Auditor, an independently elected state official. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth under state law, the audit was also designed to meet the requirements of the federal Single Audit Act of 1984 and related OMB Circular A-133. The 2018 audit of the City has been completed in conformance with generally accepted auditing standards. The financial statements of all City funds have been included in this audit. The City has been given an unmodified opinion on the annual financial statements in 2018 for the 21<sup>st</sup> consecutive year. The State Auditor's report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report.

#### AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Lakewood for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the year ended December 31, 2017. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City of Lakewood received the Government Finance Officers Association Award for Outstanding Achievement for its popular annual financial report (PAFR) for the year ended December 31, 2017. The PAFR is an easy-to-read-version of the City's CAFR designed to provide citizens with an overview of the City's finances. The Outstanding Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current popular annual financial report continues to meet the Outstanding Achievement's Program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another award.

The City of Lakewood received the Government Finance Officers Association Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its biennial budget for the years beginning January 1, 2017 and 2018. In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications medium.

The City of Lakewood also submitted the 2019/2020 Biennial Budget to the Government Finance Officers Association's (GFOA) Distinguished Budget Presentation Aware for its biennial budget for the years beginning January 1, 2019 and 2020. In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications medium. We believe our current budget document conforms to program requirements and look forward to the GFOA's evaluation.

# ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance division. In addition, staff in all City departments should be recognized for responding so positively to the requests for detailed information which accompany each audit. The role of the State Auditor's Office should also be acknowledged as a significant contribution to a fine product. Finally, we wish to express our appreciation to the Mayor and City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances and for providing the firm foundation for the pursuit of excellence in all realms of professional endeavors.

Respectfully submitted,

John C. Cavefiel

John J. Caulfield City Manager

The Kraus)

Tho Kraus Assistant City Manager/Administrative Services Director

# **CITY OFFICIALS**



DON ANDERSON Mayor



JASON WHALEN Deputy Mayor



MARY MOSS Councilmember



MARIE BARTH Councilmember



PAUL BOCCHI Councilmember



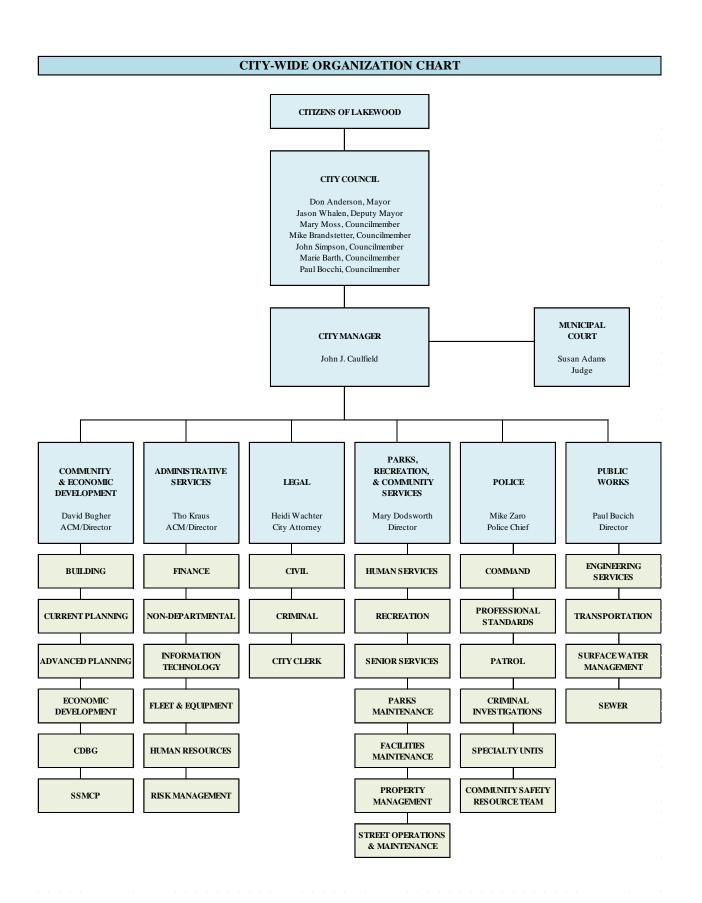
JOHN SIMPSON Councilmember



MICHAEL D. BRANDSTETTER Councilmember

# ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

City Manager	John J. Caulfield
Assistant City Manager, Administrative Services	Tho Kraus
Assistant City Manager, Development Services	
City Attorney	
Police Chief	Mike Zaro
Municipal Court Judge	Susan Adams
Public Works Director	Paul Bucich
Parks, Recreation, and Community Services Director	Mary Dodsworth
Human Resources Director	Mary McDougal
City Clerk	Briana Schumacher





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Lakewood Washington

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

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# Office of the Washington State Auditor Pat McCarthy

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

July 9, 2019

Mayor and City Council City of Lakewood Lakewood, Washington

# **REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lakewood, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lakewood, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General and Community Development Block Grant funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Other Matters**

# **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Other Supplementary Information and Combining Statements are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. This information has been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the sole purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as a whole. The Introductory and Statistical Sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

# **OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will also issue our report dated July 9, 2019, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report will be issued under separate cover in the City's Single Audit Report. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sincerely,

Tat Marthy

Pat McCarthy State Auditor Olympia, WA



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# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the City of Lakewood's annual financial report provides a narrative overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. This information should be read in conjunction with the preceding letter of transmittal, the financial statements and notes to the financial statements that follow.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The total assets of the City of Lakewood exceeded its liabilities at December 31, 2018 by \$206.5 million. Capital assets (net of depreciation and related debt) account for 84% of this amount with a value of \$172.6 million. Of the remaining net position of \$34 million or 16%, \$25.4 million may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, without legal restriction.
- The City's total net position increased by \$9.3 million, or 5% compared to 2017. Governmental activities increased by \$11.7 million and business-type activities decreased by \$2.3 million.
- Net investment in capital assets for governmental activities increased by \$9.6 million and unrestricted net position increased by \$13 thousand million compared to 2017.
- Restricted net position increased by \$2.1 million, or 32% and is largely due to the \$1.3 million reclassification of the CDBG notes/contracts receivable from deferred inflows to restricted fund balance.
- Governmental fund balances at year-end were \$20.4 million, a \$2.6 million increase over the prior year. Of this amount, a total of \$3.8 million, or 19% of the governmental fund balance is unassigned and available to fund ongoing activities. The remaining is earmarked for CDBG, parks, transportation and sewer capital projects, local improvement district related debt, hotel/motel lodging tax, police seizure, grants, public works trust fund loan debt, petty cash, property abatement, and public art.
- Unassigned fund balance in the general fund was \$3.8 million, which decreased by \$500 thousand or 12% from the prior year.
- The City's debt decreased by \$990 thousand during the current fiscal year. The general obligation debt accounted for \$125 thousand of the decrease, along with public works trust fund loans, promissory note, special assessments debt, section 108 loan, and capital lease which decreased by \$464 thousand, \$60 thousand, \$156 thousand, \$47 thousand, and \$19 thousand respectively. These changes reflect the annual debt service payments along with d

# **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Lakewood's basic financial statements. The City of Lakewood's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

In addition to the required components, the City's annual report also includes other supplementary information. The first set of supplementary information is the Combining Statements. These provide Balance Sheets, Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances with Budget to Actual Comparisons, Statement of Net Position, and Cash Flows for all Non-Major Funds. The other set of supplementary information is the Statistical Section. This section provides an eight to ten-year (number of years presented based on availability of information) view of the City's revenues, expenditures, debt obligations and capacity, the City's largest taxpayers, and those entities with the largest employment within the City of Lakewood. This section provides a long-term perspective on the City's economy.

### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Lakewood's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City of Lakewood's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows, with the difference reported as *net position*. This statement serves a purpose similar to that of a balance sheet in private business. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Lakewood is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City of Lakewood's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Lakewood that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Lakewood include general government, law enforcement and public safety, construction and maintenance of streets, building inspection, municipal court services, jail services, community planning and development services, parks and recreation facilities, other community services and general administration. The business-type activities of the City of Lakewood include surface water management.

The City has no separately identified component units included in the government-wide financial statements or joint ventures.

The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following this MD&A.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Lakewood, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Lakewood can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Lakewood maintains twenty-two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the CDBG Fund, the LID Debt Service Fund, and the Transportation Capital Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The City of Lakewood maintains control over its operating funds through the adoption of the biennial budget. Budgets are adopted at the fund level and according to state law. A budgetary comparison statement is presented for the General Fund and the CDBG Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages after the government-wide statements of this report.

### **Proprietary Funds**

The City of Lakewood maintains two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. The City of Lakewood uses enterprise funds to account for its surface water management. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Lakewood's various functions. The City of Lakewood uses internal service funds to account for its fleet and equipment, information technology, property management and risk management.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Surface Water Management Fund. The internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds are provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found following the governmental fund statements of this report.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

#### **Other Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents the required supplementary information concerning the City of Lakewood's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary infor4mation can be found in the RSI section of this report.

### GOVERNMENT-WIDE OVERALL FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

This section provides analysis of the government-wide financial statements including long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial condition. The following tables address the financial results of the City as a whole.

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>		<b>Business-Type Activities</b>			Total				
		2018	2017	2018		2017		2018		2017
Current and other assets	\$	39,775,232	\$ 34,621,202	\$ 3,953,063	\$	5,163,606	\$	43,728,295	\$	39,784,808
Capital assets and CIP,										
net of accum. depreciation		151,157,272	142,553,476	29,729,870		30,989,333		180,887,142		173,542,809
Total Assets		190,932,504	177,174,678	33,682,933		36,152,939		224,615,437		213,327,617
Deferred outlows of resources		904,159	583,481	-		-		904,159		583,481
Total deferred outflows of resources		904,159	583,481	-		-		904,159		632,205
Current liabilities		7,045,315	5,140,096	123,330		259,820		7,168,645		5,399,916
Long-term liabilities		9,146,464	9,957,703	76,582		70,166		9,223,046		10,027,869
Total Liabilities		16,191,779	15,097,799	199,912		329,986		16,391,691		15,427,785
Deferred inflows of resources		2,611,950	1,315,364	-		-		2,611,950		1,315,364
Total deferred outflows of resources		2,611,950	1,315,364	-		-		2,611,950		1,315,364
Net Position:										
Net investment in capital assets		142,820,794	133,227,394	29,729,870		30,989,333		172,550,664		164,216,727
Restricted		8,584,761	6,503,131	-		-		8,584,761		6,503,131
Unrestricted		21,627,379	21,614,471	3,753,151		4,833,620		25,380,530		26,448,091
Total Net Position	\$	173,032,934	\$ 161,344,996	\$ 33,483,021	\$	35,822,953	\$	206,515,955	\$	197,167,949

#### CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2018 and 2017

As noted earlier, net position over time, may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Lakewood, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities by \$206.5 million at December 31, 2018. This is an increase of \$9.3 million or 5% compared to December 31, 2017. The increase is due to general governmental activities which increased by \$11.7 million, offset by a decrease in business type activities of \$2.3 million.

The largest component of the City's net position, 84% or \$172.6 million, is its net investment in capital assets. These capital assets such as land, streets, trails, parks, police vehicles, and parks equipment are used to provide services to the citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available to sell and convert to cash for future spending.

Approximately 49.5% or \$4.3 million of the City's restricted net position is earmarked for capital improvement projects. \$3.5 million is earmarked to the Transportation Capital Fund, and \$709 thousand is earmarked for capital in the Real Estate Excise Tax Fund. Some of the major projects are Steilacoom Blvd Safety Project, Gravelly Lake Dr – Non Motorized Trail, Lakewood Dr Overlay – Steilacoom – N City, and John Dower Road Sidewalks – SRTS1. The City attempts to fund capital construction projects on a pay-as-you-go basis, aggressively pursuing transportation grant funding and cost sharing with developers to construct large projects in the City that impact the transportation system.

The balance of the City's restricted net position of \$4.3 million is divided as follows: \$1.4 million or 16.2% for Community Development Block grants; \$1.1 million thousand or 12.5% for debt service payments; \$1.2 million or 13.6% for Hotel/Motel Lodging Tax for tourism and related activities, \$89 thousand or 1.0% for the Neighborhood Stabilization Program grant; \$74 thousand or 1% for the Office of Economic Adjustment grant, and; \$331 thousand or 3.9% for law enforcement operations.

Of the \$25.4 million unrestricted net position, \$3.8 million is earmarked for Surface Water Management and \$21.6 million may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Examples of other City obligations for which the remaining unrestricted net position may be used are public safety, parks maintenance, capital projects, street operations and maintenance.

At the end of the fiscal year, the City of Lakewood reported positive balances in all reported categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

### **Governmental Activities**

Current and other assets increased by \$5.2 million or 14.9% primarily due to a \$2.2 million increase in cash and cash equivalents due to increases in tax revenue (sales tax, excise tax, property tax) and grants, a \$2.4 million increase of net pension asset for LEOFF GASB 68 pension reporting, an increase of \$217 thousand in receivables, and an increase of \$361 thousand in due from other governments.

Capitals assets and construction in progress, net of accumulated depreciation increased \$8.6 million or 6% primarily due to a net increase in capital improvement projects in the Transportation Construction in Progress (CIP) Fund. \$2.5 million for Sidewalks & Traffic Signal: Steilacoom Blvd – Custer to 88<sup>th</sup> St, \$2.6 million Non-Motorized Trail: GLD Phase I (112<sup>th</sup> – WA), \$1.5 million Overlay Lakewood Dr – Flett Creek to 74th, \$987 thousand Washington Blvd (Edgewood to GLD), \$391 thousand for 146<sup>th</sup>, 150<sup>th</sup> & Spring St Local Improvement District, and \$355 thousand for GLD (BPW to Steilacoom). Land increased \$1.2 million due to the purchase of the 107<sup>th</sup> Street Bldg property (formerly known as Tactical Tailor). Buildings and Infrastructure had a net increase of \$4.5 million primarily to an increase of 9.7 million in infrastructure offset by \$5.2 million in the current year depreciation on the assets.

Long-term liabilities decreased by \$811 thousand or 8.1% primary due to City debt payments of \$972 thousand in 2018. Other liabilities increased by \$1.9 million or 37.1% due primarily to an increase of \$1.7 million in accounts payable which is made up of an increase of General Fund accounts payable of \$576 thousand and s \$1.2 million increase in payable for the Transportation CIP Fund.

Net investments in capital assets increased \$9.6 million or 7.2% primarily due to an increase in transportation capital assets. Restricted net position for capital projects, amounts that must be used in accordance with external restrictions, increased by \$2.1 million or 32% from the prior year primarily due to a reclassification of \$1.3 million of CDBG unavailable revenue to restricted fund balance and an increase for capital projects of \$1.0 million and a decrease of \$241 thousand in excise tax.

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

	Government	<b>Governmental Activities</b>		e Activities	Total		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Revenues:							
Programs revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 11,290,369	\$ 10,797,686	\$ 2,791,631 \$	\$ 2,755,233	\$ 14,082,000	\$ 13,552,919	
Operating grants & contrib.	5,462,360	5,125,971	-	-	5,462,360	5,125,971	
Capital grants & contrib.	8,383,349	7,150,995	49,226	144,049	8,432,575	7,295,044	
General revenues:							
Property tax	6,859,346	6,843,704	-	-	6,859,346	6,843,704	
Sales tax	12,784,321	11,629,404	-	-	12,784,321	11,629,404	
Utility tax	5,408,728	5,744,060	-	-	5,408,728	5,744,060	
Excise tax	2,701,256	2,467,571	-	-	2,701,256	2,467,571	
Gambling tax	3,181,655	2,800,955	-	-	3,181,655	2,800,955	
Lodging tax	1,055,335	762,199	-	-	1,055,335	762,199	
Other tax	1,381,527	1,361,903	-	-	1,381,527	1,361,903	
Gain on sale of capital assets	52,819	182,774	-	-	52,819	182,774	
Investment earning	483,530	319,320	70,004	48,226	553,534	367,546	
Miscellaneous	780,884	482,026		-	780,884	482,026	
Total Revenue	59,825,479	55,668,569	2,910,861	2,947,508	62,736,340	58,616,077	
Expenses:							
General government	4,730,161	4,519,656	-	-	4,730,161	4,519,656	
Public safety	25,396,183	23,944,267	-	-	25,396,183	23,944,267	
Utilities and environment	25,594	34,619	-	-	25,594	34,619	
Transportation	7,952,096	6,762,984	-	-	7,952,096	6,762,984	
Social Services	667,971	624,357	-	-	667,971	624,357	
Econonic environment	4,297,685	4,305,626	-	-	4,297,685	4,305,626	
Natural environment	280,958	286,053	-	-	280,958	286,053	
Culture and recreation	2,252,200	2,184,826	-	-	2,252,200	2,184,826	
Judicial	1,816,443	1,750,272	-	-	1,816,443	1,750,272	
Interest on long-term debt	186,710	210,858	-	-	186,710	210,858	
Surface water management	-	-	3,266,842	3,528,083	3,266,842	3,528,083	
Total Expenses	47,606,001	44,623,518	3,266,842	3,528,083	50,872,843	48,151,601	
Change in net position before transfers	12,219,478	11,045,051	(355,981)	(580,575)	11,863,497	10,464,476	
Transfers	1,983,951	992,651	(1,983,951)	(992,651)	-	-	
Change in net position	14,203,429	12,037,702	(2,339,932)	(1,573,226)	11,863,497	10,464,476	
Prior period adjustment - Note 5	51,704	-	-	-	51,704	-	
Adjusted change in net position	14,255,133	12,037,702	(2,339,932)	(1,573,226)	11,915,201	10,464,476	
Net position - beginning	161,344,996	149,307,292	35,822,953	37,396,179	197,167,949	186,703,471	
Prior period adjustment - Note 7	(2,567,195)	-	-	-	(2,567,195)	-	
Adjusted net position - beginning	158,777,801	149,307,292	35,822,953	37,396,179	194,600,754	186,703,471	
Net position - ending	\$ 173,032,934	\$ 161,344,996	\$ 33,483,021 \$	\$ 35,822,953	\$ 206,515,955	\$ 197,167,949	

### **Business-Type Activities**

Current and other assets decreased by \$1.2 million or 23.4% primarily due to cash and cash equivalents decreasing by that amount. Capital assets and construction in progress, net of accumulated depreciation decreased by \$1.2 million or 4.1% due to depreciation of \$1.2 million and \$21 thousand for depreciation of infrastructure and machinery and equipment respectively.

Current liabilities decreased by \$136 thousand or 52.5% in 2018 primarily due to a decrease of \$141 thousand in accounts payable and accruals at the end of the year.

Net investments in capital assets decreased \$1.3 million or 4.1% primarily due to depreciation in Surface Water Management capital assets. The City had no restricted net position for business-type activities. Unrestricted net position decreased by \$1.1 million or 22.4% due primarily to the increase in transfers to parks and transportation capital projects for SWM's share of costs.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City of Lakewood uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

## **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City of Lakewood's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Lakewood's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City of Lakewood itself or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the City of Lakewood's council.

As of the end of 2018, the City's governmental funds had a combined ending fund balance of \$20.3 million which increased by \$2.6 million or 14.5% from the prior year. Approximately \$3.8 million or 19% of this amount constitutes unassigned General Fund balance, which is available for spending at the City Council's discretion. Restricted fund balance is \$8.6 million and \$7.9 million is committed which indicates that neither are available for new spending because it has already been earmarked as previously discussed in the financial highlights.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. The General Fund ending fund balance at December 31, 2018 is \$8.8 million. This ending fund balance equates to 21% of the General and Street M&O operating revenues and is 9% or \$3.8 million greater than the required ending fund balance reserves per the City's financial policies as follows:

- 2% General Fund Contingency Reserves: The purpose of this reserve is to accommodate unexpected operational changes, legislative impacts, or other economic events affecting the City's operations which could not have been reasonably anticipated at the time the original budget was prepared. A 2% reserve fund based on the General/Street O&M Funds operating revenues equates to \$835K.
- 5% General Fund Ending Fund Balance Reserves: The purpose of this reserve is to provide financial stability, cash flow for operations and the assurance that the City will be able to respond to revenue shortfalls with fiscal strength. A 5% reserve fund based on the General/Street O&M Funds operating revenues equates to \$2.1M.
- 5% *Strategic Reserves:* The purpose of this reserve is to provide some fiscal means for the City to respond to potential adversities such as public emergencies, natural disasters or similarly major unanticipated events. A 5% reserve fund based on the General/Street O&M Funds operating revenues equates to \$2.1M.

Compared to 2017, total revenues and other sources of \$41.2 million increased by \$1.8 million or 4.5% while total expenditures and other uses of \$41.5 million increased by \$3.3 million or 8.7%. Within these increases, operating revenues of \$40.7 million increased by \$1.7 million or 4.5% and operating expenditures of \$37.5 million increased by \$2.2 million or 6.2%. Ending fund balance of \$8.8 million at December 31, 2018 decreased by \$305 thousand due to planned one-time expenditures funded one-time sources. Ending fund balance in excess of the required ending fund balance reserves is considered a one-time source.

Operating revenues increased by \$1.7 million or 4.5% compared to 2017. Major changes include:

- Sales tax increased by \$1.0 million or 10.2%
- Development services permits and fees increased by \$548 thousand or 33.1%
- Gambling tax increased by \$381 thousand or 13.6%
- Franchise fees increased by \$302 thousand or 8.1%
- Property tax increased by \$169 thousand or 2.5%
- Criminal justice sales tax increased by \$86 thousand or 8.2%
- Parks sales tax increased by \$46 thousand or 7.9%
- Utility tax decreased by \$335 thousand or 5.8%
- State shared revenues decreased by \$202 thousand or 14.4%
- Intergovernmental decreased by \$117 thousand or 18.6%
- Fines and forfeitures decreased by \$78 thousand or 4.6%

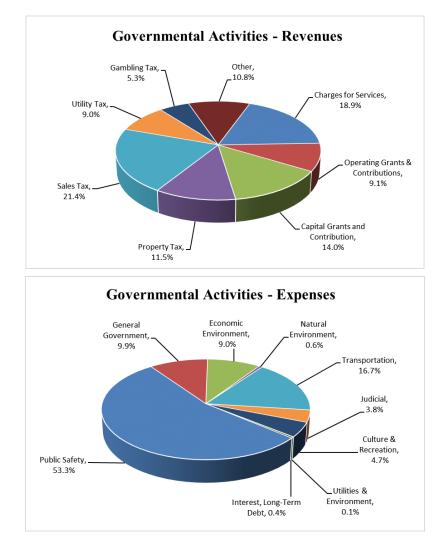
The increase in sales tax is primarily from:

- Retail sales increased by \$426 thousand or 9.3%
- Services increased by \$267 thousand or 11.2%
- Construction increased by \$326 thousand or 27.7%

Real estate excise tax revenue of \$2.7 million increased by \$242 thousand or 9.9% compared 2017 is the result of the number of transactions as well as an increase in major transactions, which are sales of \$1.0 million or more. In 2018, real estate excise tax revenue from major transactions total \$973 thousand which accounts for \$63 thousand or 26.2% of the increase and volume of sales activity accounts for \$179 thousand or 73.8% of the increase. Real estate excise tax funds are restricted to capital purposes.

Transportation Benefit District \$20 vehicle licensing fees of \$836 thousand increased by \$22 thousand or 2.7% compared to 2017. These funds are restricted to certain transportation capital projects as identified in the Transportation Benefit District Ordinance.

Hotel/motel lodging tax revenue of \$1.1 million increased by \$293 thousand or 38.5% compared to 2017. The increase is due to a new hotel, increased accommodation activity and additional revenue to the City resulting from an excise tax initiated and audited by the State of Washington Department of Revenue. The increase in accommodation activity also generates additional sales tax revenue. These funds are restricted to supporting projects which encourage eligible tourism and cultural activities and tourism facilities in the City of Lakewood, with the objectives of: generate increased tourism in Lakewood resulting in overnight lodging; generate maximum economic benefit through overnight lodging, sales of meals and goods, and construction of tourism-related facilities; increase recognition of Lakewood throughout the region as a destination for tourism; and increase opportunities for tourism by developing new visitor activities.

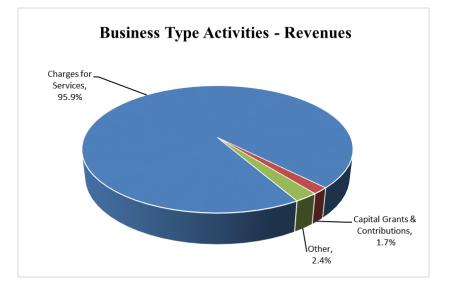


# **Proprietary Fund**

The City of Lakewood's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Surface Water Management Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$3.6 million and the total change in net position was a decrease of \$2.3 million. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Lakewood's business-type activities.

Compared to 2017, business-type activities of the City's Surface Water Management system decreased the City's net position by \$2.3 million thousand (refer to previous comparative Changes in Net Position). The key elements of the decrease were due to decreases of \$1.2 million in cash and cash equivalents mainly from an increase of \$1.0 million in transfers out compared to 2017. Also, construction in progress decreased by \$850. The decrease in net position was offset by savings in operational expenses which decreased by \$261 thousand or 7.4% from 2017.



# GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY AND ACTUAL HIGHLIGHTS

The City of Lakewood budgets on a biennial basis with each budget beginning in an odd numbered year. Appropriations for operating funds are authorized for two years, but must be reviewed and reauthorized by the City Council in the middle of the biennial period. In 2018, the City made four budget adjustments. The following discussion is reflective only of the current year of the biennium.

The General Fund operating expenditure budget increased by \$3.3 million between the original adopted budget and the final adjusted budget for 2018 fiscal year. The following are the major changes for the 2018 budget:

- Added \$1.0 million for Leonard Thomas Punitive Damages Settlement
- Added \$550 thousand for Library Funding
- Added \$375 thousand for Police Extra Duty Contract
- Added \$770 thousand for Transportation CIP Capital projects
- Added \$264 thousand for General/Street Fund Subsidy
- Added \$875 thousand for Parks CIP Capital projects
- Added \$353 thousand for implementation of AFSCME Collective Bargaining Agreement
- Added \$108 thousand for WCIA 2018 Liability Assessment
- Added \$125 thousand for Abatement Program
- Added \$182 thousand for Subarea Plan

The following are the major adjustments to the revenues and other sources totaling \$1 million:

- Added \$740 thousand in various tax revenue collection increases
- Added \$375 thousand for Police Extra Duty Contract
- Added \$79 thousand in Western State Hospital Community Policing Program
- Added \$38 thousand in development service fees

The General Fund's ending fund balance of \$8.8 million is \$3.8 million above the projected \$5.0 million for 2018 year-end. Compared to budget, revenues and other sources exceeded estimates by \$2.6 million or 6.9% while expenditures were below estimates by \$1.2 million or 3.1%.

- Revenues and other sources exceeding budget estimates include: \$1.1 million in sales tax; \$481 thousand in gambling tax; \$813 thousand in development service fees; \$128 thousand in fines and penalties; and \$286 thousand in miscellaneous revenue.
- Operating expenditures and other uses were below budget estimates by \$1.2 million thousand primarily due to decrease in capital and other 1-time financing uses of 1.1 million and combined lower than estimated operating expenditures of \$21 thousand.

# CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

### **Capital Assets**

The City of Lakewood's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2018 amounts to \$181 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress. For more details, please see Note 7.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Land	\$ 22,946,303	\$ 21,757,535	\$ 1,854,447	\$ 1,854,447	\$ 24,800,750	\$ 23,611,982	
Construction in progress	16,662,024	13,983,615	-	844,321	16,662,024	14,827,936	
Building	20,167,738	20,692,064	1,720,282	1,757,415	21,888,020	22,449,479	
Infrastructure	86,658,395	81,585,369	26,052,026	26,408,546	112,710,421	107,993,915	
Machinery and equipment	4,722,811	4,534,894	103,112	124,604	4,825,923	4,659,498	
Total Capital Assets	\$ 151,157,271	\$ 142,553,477	\$29,729,867	\$30,989,333	\$ 180,887,137	\$ 173,542,810	

# CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END, NET OF DEPRECIATION

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the expansion and improvement of city streets and traffic corridors for a total of \$15 million. Included in these projects were:

- Non-Motorized Trail: GLD Phase, \$2.6 million
- Steilacoom Blvd Safety improvements, sidewalks and traffic signals, \$2.5 million
- Lakewood Dr. Steilacoom Blvd to N. city limits, overlay, \$1.5 million
- SRTS John Dower (Custer to Steilacoom) sidewalks and bike lanes, \$1.0 million
- Fort Steilacoom Park Pavilion Phase I, \$860 thousand
- Fort Steilacoom Park Roadway, \$825 thousand
- Roadway Safety at 96<sup>th</sup> & 40<sup>th</sup> St, \$805 thousand
- Safety Improvements at Military & 112<sup>th</sup>, sidewalks and traffic signals, \$615 thousand
- GLD 100<sup>th</sup> to Bridgeport Way, sidewalks, \$600 thousand
- Steilacoom Blvd Farwest to Phillips Road (Design Only), \$540 thousand
- SRTS Phillips Rd Sidewalks & Bike Lanes (Steilacoom to Onyx) Phase I, \$506 thousand

### Long-term debt

At the end of 2018, the City of Lakewood had total GO bonded debt outstanding of \$3.1 million for future principal payments which are backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of the City's debt represents Public Works Trust Fund Loans, Special Assessment Bonds, Notes Payable, and Capital Lease.

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>			Busin	ess-Type A	ctivities	Total			
	2018	3	2017	20	18	2017	2018	2017		
2009 LTGO	\$	- \$	\$ 125,000	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ 125,000		
2016 LTGO	1,88	4,032	1,884,032		-	-	1,884,032	1,884,032		
LOCAL Financing	1,17	5,000	1,275,000		-	-	1,175,000	1,275,000		
LOCAL Financing Premium	14	2,896	160,217		-	-	142,896	160,217		
Public Works Trust Fund Loan	4,03	8,695	4,502,633		-	-	4,038,695	4,502,633		
Promissory note (59th Ave)	40	7,088	466,638		-	-	407,088	466,638		
Special Assessment w/ governmental commitments	59	4,767	750,667		-	-	594,767	750,667		
Section 108 Loan	9	4,000	141,000				94,000	141,000		
Copiers - Capital Lease		-	20,897		-	-	-	20,897		
Total	\$ 8,336	,479 \$	\$ 9,326,083	\$	- \$	-	\$ 8,336,479	\$ 9,326,083		

#### LONG-TERM DEBT

The City's total debt amount decreased by \$990 thousand during the current fiscal year. The City did not issue any new debt in 2018.

In June 2018 Standard & Poor's Ratings Services (S&P) raised the City's credit rating from "AA-" to "AA" with respect to the City's General Obligation Bonds. At the same time, Standard & Poor's affirmed the "A-" long-term rating on the City's Special Assessment Bonds for Local Improvement District No. 1101, Series 2006. S&P affirmed a stable outlook based on its review of the City's long-term debt.

Additional information on the City of Lakewood's long-term debt can be found in Note 10 and in the Statistical Section of this report.

### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The 2019/2020 budget emphasizes health, safety, and welfare obligations followed by legal mandates, ensuring financial stability and integrity, with a focus on implementing City Council goals and achieving the community's vision to include public safety, economic development and increased infrastructure investment. Available resources are still constrained by very difficult economic conditions that began in late 2007 and will continue for the foreseeable future. With this budget our organization remains focused on our key strategic goals while meeting the challenge of limited funding with the innovative service delivery that our citizens have come to expect. The 2019/2020 biennial budget ensures operating expenditures are within the constraints of available operating revenues and does not use reserves to balance the budget. As a result, the 2019/2020 biennial budget is compliant with the City's financial policies.

The 2019/2020 budget includes funds in support of the following:

- Continue to act and serve in a leadership capacity in national, state, regional and local affairs;
- Develop an online Community Dashboard;
- Craft and implement a comprehensive imaging campaign for the City;
- Launch a new City web platform;
- Continue with a proactive County, State and Federal legislative agenda that promotes and protects the interests and needs of the Lakewood community;
- Continue to partner with the Pierce County Library System to construct a new library in the downtown that will include the incorporation of a community/senior activity center and a new library in Tillicum neighborhood;
- Strong and transparent financial reporting with a focus on full disclosure to include the preparation of the biennial budget, Popular Annual Financial Report (PAFR), Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), six-year financial forecast, performance measures, and fleet user's manual;
- Implementation of city-wide document management and paperless system;
- Formation of a City Equity Team to promote workforce diversity and change with the organization to better serve the community;
- Continue with targeted economic development with a specific focus on the Central Business District/Towne Center, I-5 retail frontage along Pacific Highway South (Lakewood Landing), Woodbrook Industrial Business Park,

International District, Springbrook and Tillicum, and McChord North Clear Zone (NCZ). Additional resources totaling one-half of an FTE (Planning Manager-Special Projects) are provided to support economic development citywide;

- Proactive approach representing the City and participation at PCRC and PSRC to include sub-group meetings;
- Major code updates to include revision of Title 18A and update of Shoreline Management Plan (SMP);
- Evaluate options for a new online permit system to include possible partnership with Pierce County;
- Continue implementation of rental housing safety program;
- Continue proactive abatement program that includes the addition of a program coordinator;
- A building inspector and/or plans examiner apprenticeship program in partnership with a local community college;
- City's leadership and contribution to the South Sound Military and Communities Partnership (SSMCP) to continue implementing the Joint Base Lewis-McChord (JBLM) Growth Coordination Plan and implementation of Joint Land Use Study (JLUS) with a continued focus on protecting JBLM from urban encroachment by addressing land use issues, Conduct a community satisfaction survey as a follow up to the 2015 survey to again assess residents' satisfaction with the delivery of City services and quality of life in the community. The survey will cover areas of public safety, parks and recreation, civic engagement, public trust and more. The results will provide a baseline benchmark from which to measure and compare the results of past and future surveys and it will be benchmarked to similar cities both locally and nationally; transportation and finding solutions to address the North Clear Zone (NCZ);
- Update Lakewood Legacy Plan;
- Implement a cooperative use agreement between the City and Clover Park School District;
- Continue commitment to setting aside 1% of General Fund for human and social services to include homelessness and mental illness;
- Develop a new youth afterschool program to create safe and structured opportunities for youth;
- Develop youth summit to engage teens in community issues and gather information for future programs;
- Support 2019 international cyclocross event at Fort Steilacoom Park that will bring tourists from throughout the nation and world to our community;
- Additional resources provided in support of street landscaping program given number of recent capital investments;
- Implementation of a free summer concert series at Fort Steilacoom Park;
- Update Non-Motorized Transportation Plan;
- Expansion of Veteran's Court and evaluate community/mental health court models;
- Resources to continue implementation of in-car camera systems in patrol vehicles;
- Revitalize the bike patrol unit for parks and isolated neighborhoods;
- Create a Community Academy taught by police officers that exposes community members to police work;
- Evaluate options to replace Pred-Pol (Predictive Policing) program;
- Continues the partnership between the City and West Pierce Fire and Rescue (WPFR) in support of shared emergency management services; and
- Defer collection of fleet and equipment reserves by one year by extending the life on assets by one year.

Cities such as ours will continue to struggle with aligning operating revenues with operating expenditures. Revenue trends will continue to lag significantly behind costs, thus our proactive focus must be on cost containment and economic development.

Local governments are challenged to meet the demands of infrastructure and its associated costs, thus our focus on infrastructure investment in areas such as transportation, parks and sewers. We are also challenged with increased service demands including the issues surrounding homelessness and mental illness, which are not core responsibilities of local government, but are being responded to by local governments.

The Lakewood City Council in partnership with the community has identified a long-term vision and goals that will move our community forward. We have taken steps to ensure long-term financial sustainability and have developed and implemented a service delivery model that ensures our citizens and businesses can expect excellence in the delivery of City services.

We continue to emphasize economic development, focusing on our commercial areas to create new jobs and build our tax base, which will generate additional property and sales tax. This in turn will allow the City to meet the growing demand for services.

Our targeted approach in our key commercial areas such as the Towne Center, Springbrook, Tillicum, and the Pacific Highway South, which is directly adjacent to I-5 with multiple prime properties ready for redevelopment and revitalization, is beginning to show dividends. Areas such as the International District and Woodbrook Industrial Business Park (WIBP) stand ready and available for new investment to create jobs and increased opportunity for Lakewood and our region. These actions will allow Lakewood to continue to support our community's quality of life while implementing our strategic goals for the future.

## **REQUEST FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Lakewood's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Tho Kraus, Assistant City Manager/Administrative Services and Chief Financial Officer, City of Lakewood, 6000 Main Street SW, Lakewood, Washington 98499, telephone 253-983-7706, or visit the City's website at www.cityoflakewood.us.

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# City of Lakewood Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2018

	Governmental	Governmental Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,398,651	\$ 3,724,304	\$ 25,122,955
Receivables (net)	9,554,640	75,779	9,630,419
Due from other governments	1,774,002	-	1,774,002
Internal balances	(152,980)	152,980	-
Total current assets	32,574,313	3,953,063	36,527,376
Noncurrent assets:			
Net pension asset	7,200,919	-	7,200,919
Capital assets not being depreciated	39,608,327	1,854,447	41,462,774
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	111,548,945	27,875,423	139,424,368
Total noncurrent assets	158,358,191	29,729,870	188,088,061
Total assets	190,932,504	33,682,933	224,615,437
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	758,523	-	758,523
Deferred charge on refunding	145,636		145,636
Total deferred outflows of resources	904,159	-	904,159
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
	4,642,660	48,303	4,690,963
Accounts payable and accruals	4,042,000	48,505	4,090,903
Deposits Unearned revenue	146,879	400	146,879
Due to other governments	27,291	83	27,374
Contracts Payable	155,538	2,100	157,638
Other Liabilities	155,556	39,624	39,624
LT Due in one year	1,881,783	32,820	1,914,603
Total current liabilities	7,045,315	123,330	7,168,645
Noncurrent liabilities:	7,045,515	125,550	7,100,045
LT Due in more than one year	8,757,681	76,582	8,834,263
Special assessment debt, with governmental commitments, due in more than	0,757,001	70,302	0,054,205
one year	388,783	_	388,783
Total noncurrent liabilities	9,146,464	76,582	9,223,046
Total liabilities	16,191,779	199,912	16,391,691
	10,171,777	177,712	10,571,071
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	2,611,950	-	2,611,950
Total liabilites and deferred inflows of resources	18,803,729	199,912	19,003,641
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	142,820,794	29,729,870	172,550,664
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	4,394,167	-	4,394,167
Debt Service	1,137,870	-	1,137,870
Grants	1,556,116	-	1,556,116
Law enforcement	331,405	-	331,405
Tourism related activities	1,165,203	-	1,165,203
Unrestricted	21,627,379	3,753,151	25,380,530
Total net position	\$ 173,032,934	\$ 33,483,021	\$ 206,515,955

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### City of Lakewood Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

					Net (Expense) R	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
		ŀ	Program Revenue			Primary Government				
		CI (	Operating	Capital Grants	<b>C</b> 1	D				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total			
Primary government:	Lipenses	berriees	contributions	contributions		Trettrates	10441			
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 4,730,161	\$ 4,929,393	\$ 15,777	\$ 265,599	\$ 480,608	\$ -	\$ 480,608			
Public safety	25,396,183	1,335,772	1,977,128	(29,254)		Ψ	(22,112,537)			
Utilities	25,594	885,500		200,878		-	1,060,784			
Transportation	7,952,096	164,062	1,307,291	7,921,126		-	1,440,384			
Social services	667,971			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(667,971)	-	(667,971)			
Economic environment	4,297,685	2,023,776	-		(2,273,909)	-	(2,273,909)			
Natural environment	280,958	80,797	2,191,952		1,991,791		1,991,791			
Culture and recreation	2,252,200	250,100	2,191,932	25,000		-	(1,977,100)			
Judicial			(20.799)	25,000		-				
	1,816,443	1,620,968	(29,788)		(225,263)	-	(225,263)			
Debt interest	186,710	- 11 200 260		0.202.240	(186,710)		(186,710)			
Total governmental activities	47,606,001	11,290,369	5,462,360	8,383,349	(22,469,922)		(22,469,922)			
Business-type activities:	0.044.040			10.00		(125,005)	(105.005)			
Surface Water Management	3,266,842	2,791,631		49,226		(425,985)	(425,985)			
Total business-type activities	3,266,842	2,791,631	-	49,226		(425,985)	(425,985)			
Total primary government	\$ 50,872,843	\$ 14,082,000	\$ 5,462,360	\$ 8,432,575	(22,469,922)	(425,985)	(22,895,907)			
	General revenue	s:								
	Property tax				6,859,346	-	6,859,346			
	Sales tax				12,784,321	-	12,784,321			
	Utility tax				5,408,728	-	5,408,728			
	Excise tax				2,701,256	-	2,701,256			
	Gambling tax				3,181,655	-	3,181,655			
	Hotel/motel l	odging tax			1,055,335	-	1,055,335			
	Other taxes				1,381,527	-	1,381,527			
	Gain on sale	of capital assets			52,819	-	52,819			
	Investment e	arnings			483,530	70,004	553,534			
	Miscellaneou	15			780,884	-	780,884			
	Transfers				1,983,951	(1,983,951)				
	Total general	l revenues, speci	al items, and trai	nsfers	36,673,351	(1,913,947)	34,759,404			
	Change ir	n net position			14,203,429	(2,339,932)	11,863,497			
	-	eriod adjustmen			51,704	-	51,704			
	•	change in net p	osition		14,255,133	(2,339,932)	11,915,201			
	Net position - be	eginning idjustment - Not	- 7		161,344,996 (2,567,195)	35,822,953	197,167,949 (2,567,195)			
	Adjusted net po	5			(2,507,195)	35,822,953	(2,307,193) 194,600,754			
	Net position - er	-	0		\$ 173,032,934	\$ 33,483,021	\$ 206,515,955			

#### City of Lakewood Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2018

	General Fund	CDBG Fund	LID Debt Service	Transportation Capital Fund	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	¢ < 017 100	¢	¢ (7.70)	¢ 1,000,000	¢ 5.092.759	¢ 17.664.670
Cash and cash equivalents Customer accounts receivable	\$ 6,917,100	\$ -	\$ 67,726	\$ 4,696,088	\$ 5,983,758	\$ 17,664,672
	1,362,314	-	-	-	-	1,362,314
Due from other governments Notes/contracts receivable	266,273	93,792	-	1,161,714	252,223 49,078	1,774,002 1,388,943
	-	1,339,865	-	-	,	, ,
Special assessments receivable	-	-	865,263	-	337,271	1,202,534
Taxes receivable	4,596,559	-	-	53,441	950,849	5,600,849
Interfund loan receivable	86,765	1 422 (57		5.011.042		86,765
Total assets	13,229,011	1,433,657	932,989	5,911,243	7,573,179	29,080,079
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	1,364,649	1,470	-	1,378,347	290,029	3,034,495
Payable to other governments	23,050	54	-	51	2,096	25,251
Custodial deposits	59,773	900	-	-	130,491	191,164
Unearned revenue	138,221	-	-	-	8,658	146,879
Contracts payable	-	8,269	-	43,093	104,176	155,538
Other accrued liabilities	1,294,996	6,324	-	66,122	87,650	1,455,092
Interfund loan payable	-	22,858	-	880,204	63,906	966,968
Other current liabilities	5,000	, -	-	-	-	5,000
Total liabilities	2,885,689	39,875		2,367,817	687,006	5,980,387
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1 405 705		0.00		206.240	2 7 47 207
Unavailable revenue	1,495,785	-	865,263	-	386,349	2,747,397
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of	4 201 474	20.075	0.00	0.077.017	1 072 255	0 707 704
resources	4,381,474	39,875	865,263	2,367,817	1,073,355	8,727,784
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)						
Restricted	-	1,393,782	67,726	3,543,426	3,579,827	8,584,761
Committed	5,019,691	-	-	-	2,919,996	7,939,687
Unassigned	3,827,846	-	-	-	-	3,827,846
Total fund balances (deficits)	8,847,537	1,393,782	67,726	3,543,426	6,499,823	20,352,294
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund						
balances (deficits)	\$ 13,229,011	\$ 1,433,657	\$ 932,989	\$ 5,911,243	\$ 7,573,179	\$ 29,080,079

# City of Lakewood Reconciliation of Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

Fund balances of governmental funds		\$ 20,352,294
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds:		
Governmental Capital Assets (Net) Beginning of Year	135,523,640	
Plus: Capital Assets Additions	25,963,118	
Less: Reclassification of WIP	(9,750,243)	
Less: Depreciation Expense	(5,283,117)	
		146,453,398
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's activities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as fund liabilities:		
Long Term Liabilities Outstanding Beginning of Year	(11,903,260)	
Less: Debt Redeemed, including amortization	968,707	
Plus: Compensated Absences Issued	(3,279,657)	
Less: Compensated Absences Redeemed	3,185,963	
Plus: Deferred Charge on Refunding	145,636	
		(10,882,611)
Some revenue reported on the government-wide Statement of Activities is reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds:		
Property Tax	445,235	
Municipal Court	1,050,550	
Property Abatements	337,270	
Local Improvement Districts	865,262	
Public Works Trust Fund Loans	49,079	
Assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental		2,747,396
activities in the Statement of Net Position Fleet & Equipment Fund Assets	7,377,809	
Property Management Fund Assets	693,335	
Information Technology Fund Assets	1,234,376	
Risk Management Fund Assets	12,537	
Fleet & Equipment Fund Liabilities	(28,017)	
Property Management Fund Liabilities	(43,075)	
Information Technology Fund Liabilities	(111,640)	
Risk Management Fund Liabilities	(12,537)	
Compensated Absences	45,156	
		9,167,944
Long term assets and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions and losses on debt refunding are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position		
Net pension asset	7,200,919	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	758,523	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(2,611,950)	
Interfund revenues and expenditures are reported as internal balances in the government-wide		5,347,492
statements to avoid overstating revenues and expenditures		(152,980)
		\$ 173,032,934
		_

#### City of Lakewood Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

			LID Debt	Transportation	Total Nonmajor	Total Governmental
	General Fund	CDBG Fund	Service	Capital Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 28,837,365	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,586,400	\$ 33,423,765
Special assessments	-	-	200,878	-	-	200,878
Licenses and permits	5,843,715	-	-	-	164,061	6,007,776
Intergovernmental	1,962,157	548,245	-	8,345,390	2,462,135	13,317,927
Charges for goods and services	2,370,074	-	-	23,012	1,447,018	3,840,104
Fines and penalties	1,424,921	-	-	-	-	1,424,921
Interest and other earnings	200,280	191	55,211	28,074	130,559	414,315
Miscellaneous	111,039	396	-	-	245,626	357,061
Contributions and donations	129,219				186,510	315,729
Total revenues	40,878,770	548,832	256,089	8,396,476	9,222,309	59,302,476
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	4,436,972	-	957	-	-	4,437,929
Public safety	25,675,983	-	-	-	352,390	26,028,373
Utilities	-	-	-	-	25,594	25,594
Transportation	185,789	-	-	961,868	2,394,248	3,541,905
Social services	667,971	-	-	, _	-	667,971
Economic environment	2,464,338	354,592	-	-	1,487,268	4,306,198
Natural environment	280,958	-	-	-	-	280,958
Culture and recreation	1,912,558	-	-	-	83,364	1,995,922
Judicial	1,823,022	-	-	-	-	1,823,022
Debt service:	-,,					-,,
Principal retirement	-	47,000	155,900	-	748,487	951.387
Interest and other debt service costs	-	2,925	36,441	-	137,850	177,216
Capital outlay:		2,720	50,111		101,000	177,210
Capital	8,684	29,254	-	12,858,514	3,345,677	16,242,129
Total expenditures	37,456,275	433,771	193,298	13,820,382	8,574,878	60,478,604
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	57,150,275	155,771	175,270	15,020,502	0,571,070	00,170,001
expenditures	3,422,495	115,061	62,791	(5,423,906)	647,431	(1,176,128)
experiances	3,122,193		02,771	(3,123,700)	017,101	(1,170,120)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	300,700	-	-	6,418,255	4,668,792	11,387,747
Transfers out	(4,027,887)	(112,997)	-	(20,409)	(4,852,076)	(9,013,369)
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-	40,102	-	40,102
Total other financing source (uses)	(3,727,187)	(112,997)		6,437,948	(183,284)	2,414,480
Net change in fund balances	(304,692)	2.064	62,791	1.014.042	464,147	1.238.352
Fund balances - beginning	9,152,229	51,853	4,935	2,529,384	6,035,676	1,238,352
Prior period adjustment - Note 5	7,132,229	1,339,865	ч,755	2,527,304	0,055,070	1,339,865
Adjusted fund balances - beginning	9,152,229	1,391,718	4,935	2,529,384	6,035,676	19,113,942
Fund balances - ending	\$ 8,847,537	\$ 1,393,782	\$ 67,726	\$ 3,543,426	\$ 6,499,823	\$ 20,352,294
r und batanees - ending	φ 0,0+7,337	φ 1,575,762	\$ 07,720	φ <i>5,5</i> + <i>5</i> ,+20	φ 0, τ77, 025	φ 20,332,29 <del>4</del>

#### City of Lakewood Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 \$ 1,238,352 Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds Deferred inflows of resources reported in the funds are reported as revenue in the government-wide financial statements Prior year deferred inflows (3,089,107) Current year deferred inflows 2,747,397 (341, 710)Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets are capitalized and depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets Capital asset purchases and construction in process capitalized 16,242,129 Contributed capital (29, 254)Depreciation expense (5,283,117) 10.929.758 Expenses for compensated absences reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Prior year compensated absences 2,598,075 Current year compensated absences (2,691,769)(93,694) The repayment of long term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. These transactions have no effect on net position. Bond principal retired 951,387 Bond premium amortized 17,321 Amortization of deferred charge on refunding (25,745)942,963 Adjustment for GASB 68 pension reporting 1,288,631 Net revenue (loss) of internal service funds 248,098 Interfund revenues and expenditures are not reported on the Statement of Activities: (8,968)Prior period adjustment to Deferred Inflows of Resources - Note 5 - Notes/contracts receivable for CDBG Fund should be classified as restricted fund balance not deferred inflows of resources. Notes/contracts receivable reported as deferred inflow - prior year (1,288,161)Notes/contracts receivable reported as restricted fund balance - current year 1.339.865 51,704 \$ 14,255,133

# City of Lakewood General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Var	iance with	
	Original Final		Actual		Fin	al Budget		
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	26,498,600	\$	27,221,300	\$	28,837,365	\$	1,616,065
Licenses and permits		4,869,671		5,134,900		5,843,715		708,815
Intergovernmental		1,681,026		2,117,742		1,962,157		(155,585)
Charges for goods and services		2,053,709		2,289,800		2,370,074		80,274
Fines and penalties		1,567,083		1,314,800		1,424,921		110,121
Interest and other earnings		86,797		76,000		200,280		124,280
Miscellaneous		12,900		13,250		111,039		97,789
Contributions and donations		69,750		75,250		129,219		53,969
Total revenues		36,839,536		38,243,042		40,878,770		2,635,728
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		4,140,127		4,446,421		4,436,972		(9,449)
Public safety		24,680,124		26,497,189		25,675,983		(821,206)
Transportation		214,995		222,591		185,789		(36,802)
Social services		644,141		678,063		667,971		(10,092)
Economic environment		2,076,816		3,054,205		2,464,338		(589,867)
Natural environment		-		-		280,958		280,958
Culture and recreation		1,807,494		1,792,530		1,912,558		120,028
Judicial		1,707,535		1,948,258		1,823,022		(125,236)
Capital outlay		-		-		8,684		8,684
Total expenditures		35,271,232		38,639,257		37,456,275		(1,182,982)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		1,568,304		(396,215)		3,422,495		3,818,710
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		300,700		449,785		300,700		(149,085)
Transfers out		(2,207,346)		(4,183,609)		(4,027,887)		155,722
Total other financing source (uses)		(1,906,646)		(3,733,824)		(3,727,187)		6,637
Net change in fund balances		(338,342)		(4,130,039)		(304,692)		3,825,347
Fund balances - beginning		5,000,227		9,152,229		9,152,229		
Fund balances - ending	\$	4,661,886	\$	5,022,191	\$	8,847,537	\$	3,825,347
0	-	.,,	-	-,,-/1	-	-,,,	-	.,

# City of Lakewood CDBG Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Original         Final         Actual         Final Budget           REVENUES         -			Budgeted Amounts				Va	riance with	
Intergovermental         \$         423,000         \$         2,125,033         \$         548,245         \$         (1,576,788)           Interest and other earnings         -         -         2711         1911         (80)           Miscellaneous         -         -         396         -		O	riginal	Final		Actual		Fi	nal Budget
Interest and other earnings       -       271       191       (80)         Miscellaneous       -       396       396       -         Total revenues       423,000       2,125,700       548,832       (1,576,868)         EXPENDITURES       -       -       1472,031       354,592       (1,117,439)         Debt service:       -       -       94,000       47,000       (47,000)         Interest and other debt service costs       -       8,000       2,925       (5,075)         Capital Outlay       -       30,000       29,254       (746)         Total expenditures       173,000       1,604,031       433,771       (1,17,0260)         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures       250,000       521,669       115,061       (406,608)         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       139,065       139,0524         Total other financing source (uses)       (250,000)       (573,521)       (112,997)       460,524         Net change in fund balances       -       (51,852)       2,064       53,916         Fund balances - beginning       -       51,852       51,853       1         Prior period adjustment - Note 5       -       -       1,339,865 <th>REVENUES</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	REVENUES								
Miscellaneous         -         396         396         -           Total revenues         423,000         2,125,700         548,832         (1,576,868)           EXPENDITURES         -	Intergovernmental	\$	423,000	\$	2,125,033	\$	548,245	\$	(1,576,788)
Total revenues         423,000         2,125,700         548,832         (1,576,868)           EXPENDITURES           Current:         Economic environment         173,000         1,472,031         354,592         (1,117,439)           Debt service:         Principal retirement         -         94,000         47,000         (47,000)           Interest and other debt service costs         -         8,000         2,925         (5,075)           Capital Outlay         -         30,000         29,254         (746)           Total expenditures         173,000         1,604,031         433,771         (1,170,260)           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         250,000         521,669         115,061         (406,608)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Transfers out         (250,000)         (573,521)         (112,997)         460,524           Net change in fund balances         -         (51,852)         2,064         53,916           Fund balances - beginning         -         51,852         51,853         1           Prior period adjustment - Note 5         -         -         1,339,865         1,339,865           Adjusted fund balances - beginning         -         -         1,391,718         1,391,7	Interest and other earnings		-		271		191		(80)
EXPENDITURES           Current:           Economic environment         173,000         1,472,031         354,592         (1,117,439)           Debt service:           94,000         47,000         (47,000)           Interest and other debt service costs         -         94,000         29,252         (5,075)           Capital Outlay         -         30,000         29,254         (746)           Total expenditures         173,000         1,604,031         433,771         (1,170,260)           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         250,000         521,669         115,061         (406,608)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Transfers out         (250,000)         (573,521)         (112,997)         460,524           Total other financing source (uses)         (250,000)         (573,521)         (112,997)         460,524           Net change in fund balances         -         (51,852)         2,064         53,916           Fund balances - beginning         -         51,852         51,853         1           Prior period adjustment - Note 5         -         -         1,339,865         1,339,865	Miscellaneous		-		396		396		-
Current:         Economic environment         173,000         1,472,031         354,592         (1,117,439)           Debt service:         Principal retirement         -         94,000         47,000         (47,000)           Interest and other debt service costs         -         8,000         2,925         (5,075)           Capital Outlay         -         30,000         29,254         (746)           Total expenditures         173,000         1,604,031         433,771         (1,170,260)           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         250,000         521,669         115,061         (406,608)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         -         -         -         460,524           Total other financing source (uses)         (250,000)         (573,521)         (112,997)         460,524           Net change in fund balances         -         (51,852)         2,064         53,916           Fund balances - beginning         -         51,852         51,853         1           Prior period adjustment - Note 5         -         -         1,339,865         1,339,865           Adjusted fund balances - beginning         -         -         1,391,718         1,391,718	Total revenues		423,000		2,125,700		548,832		(1,576,868)
Economic environment         173,000         1,472,031         354,592         (1,117,439)           Debt service:	EXPENDITURES								
Debt service:       94,000       47,000       (47,000)         Interest and other debt service costs       -       8,000       2,925       (5,075)         Capital Outlay       -       30,000       29,254       (746)         Total expenditures       173,000       1,604,031       433,771       (1,170,260)         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures       250,000       521,669       115,061       (406,608)         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       7       115,061       (406,524       460,524         Total other financing source (uses)       (250,000)       (573,521)       (112,997)       460,524         Net change in fund balances       -       (51,852)       2,064       53,916         Fund balances - beginning       -       51,852       51,853       1         Prior period adjustment - Note 5       -       -       1,339,865       1,339,865         Adjusted fund balances - beginning       -       -       1,391,718       1,391,718	Current:								
Principal retirement-94,00047,000(47,000)Interest and other debt service costs- $8,000$ $2,925$ (5,075)Capital Outlay- $30,000$ $29,254$ (746)Total expenditures173,000 $1,604,031$ $433,771$ (1,170,260)Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures $250,000$ $521,669$ $115,061$ (406,608)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Transfers out(250,000)(573,521)(112,997) $460,524$ Total other financing source (uses)(250,000)(573,521)(112,997) $460,524$ Net change in fund balances-(51,852) $2,064$ $53,916$ Fund balances - beginning-51,852 $51,853$ 1Prior period adjustment - Note 5 $1,339,865$ $1,339,865$ Adjusted fund balances - beginning $1,391,718$ $1,391,718$	Economic environment		173,000		1,472,031		354,592		(1,117,439)
Interest and other debt service costs       -       8,000       2,925       (5,075)         Capital Outlay       -       30,000       29,254       (746)         Total expenditures       173,000       1,604,031       433,771       (1,170,260)         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures       250,000       521,669       115,061       (406,608)         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       -       460,524         Total other financing source (uses)       (250,000)       (573,521)       (112,997)       460,524         Net change in fund balances       -       (51,852)       2,064       53,916         Fund balances - beginning       -       51,852       51,853       1         Prior period adjustment - Note 5       -       -       1,339,865       1,339,865         Adjusted fund balances - beginning       -       -       1,391,718       1,391,718	Debt service:								
Capital Outlay       -       30,000       29,254       (746)         Total expenditures       173,000       1,604,031       433,771       (1,170,260)         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures       250,000       521,669       115,061       (406,608)         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -	Principal retirement		-		94,000		47,000		(47,000)
Total expenditures173,0001,604,031433,771(1,170,260)Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures250,000 $521,669$ 115,061(406,608)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Transfers out(250,000)(573,521)(112,997)460,524Total other financing source (uses)(250,000)(573,521)(112,997)460,524Net change in fund balances-(51,852)2,06453,916Fund balances - beginning-51,85251,8531Prior period adjustment - Note 51,339,8651,339,865Adjusted fund balances - beginning1,391,7181,391,718	Interest and other debt service costs		-		8,000		2,925		(5,075)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures       250,000       521,669       115,061       (406,608)         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Transfers out       (250,000)       (573,521)       (112,997)       460,524         Total other financing source (uses)       (250,000)       (573,521)       (112,997)       460,524         Net change in fund balances       -       (51,852)       2,064       53,916         Fund balances - beginning       -       51,852       51,853       1         Prior period adjustment - Note 5       -       -       1,339,865       1,339,865         Adjusted fund balances - beginning       -       -       1,391,718       1,391,718	Capital Outlay		-	_	30,000		29,254		(746)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers out         (250,000)         (573,521)         (112,997)         460,524           Total other financing source (uses)         (250,000)         (573,521)         (112,997)         460,524           Net change in fund balances         -         (51,852)         2,064         53,916           Fund balances - beginning         -         51,852         51,853         1           Prior period adjustment - Note 5         -         -         1,339,865         1,339,865           Adjusted fund balances - beginning         -         -         1,391,718         1,391,718	Total expenditures		173,000		1,604,031		433,771		(1,170,260)
Transfers out       (250,000)       (573,521)       (112,997)       460,524         Total other financing source (uses)       (250,000)       (573,521)       (112,997)       460,524         Net change in fund balances       -       (51,852)       2,064       53,916         Fund balances - beginning       -       51,852       51,853       1         Prior period adjustment - Note 5       -       -       1,339,865       1,339,865         Adjusted fund balances - beginning       -       -       1,391,718       1,391,718	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		250,000		521,669		115,061		(406,608)
Total other financing source (uses)         (250,000)         (573,521)         (112,997)         460,524           Net change in fund balances         -         (51,852)         2,064         53,916           Fund balances - beginning         -         51,852         51,853         1           Prior period adjustment - Note 5         -         -         1,339,865         1,339,865           Adjusted fund balances - beginning         -         -         1,391,718         1,391,718	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Net change in fund balances         -         (51,852)         2,064         53,916           Fund balances - beginning         -         51,852         51,853         1           Prior period adjustment - Note 5         -         -         1,339,865         1,339,865           Adjusted fund balances - beginning         -         -         1,391,718         1,391,718	Transfers out		(250,000)		(573,521)		(112,997)		460,524
Fund balances - beginning       -       51,852       51,853       1         Prior period adjustment - Note 5       -       -       1,339,865       1,339,865         Adjusted fund balances - beginning       -       -       1,391,718       1,391,718	Total other financing source (uses)		(250,000)		(573,521)		(112,997)		460,524
Prior period adjustment - Note 5       -       -       1,339,865       1,339,865         Adjusted fund balances - beginning       -       -       1,391,718       1,391,718	Net change in fund balances		-		(51,852)		2,064		53,916
Adjusted fund balances - beginning         -         1,391,718         1,391,718	Fund balances - beginning		-		51,852		51,853		1
	Prior period adjustment - Note 5		-		-		1,339,865		1,339,865
Fund balances - ending         \$         -         \$         1,393,782         \$         1,393,782	Adjusted fund balances - beginning		-		-		1,391,718		1,391,718
	Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,393,782	\$	1,393,782

#### City of Lakewood Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2018

	Business	-type Activities	Governm	Governmental Activities		
	Surface Water					
	Ma	nagement	Internal	Service Funds		
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,724,304	\$	3,733,979		
Interfund loan receivable		-		880,204		
Taxes Receivable		75,779		-		
Total current assets		3,800,083		4,614,183		
Noncurrent assets:						
Land		1,854,447		-		
Buildings		1,849,673		-		
Infrastructure		43,651,030		-		
Improvements other then buildings		-		137,279		
Machinery and equipment		332,332		9,446,145		
Less accumulated depreciation		(17,957,612)		(4,879,550)		
Total noncurrent assets		29,729,870		4,703,874		
Total assets		33,529,953		9,318,057		
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		48,303		109,769		
Payable to other governments		83		2,040		
Retainage payable		2,100		751		
Custodial deposits		400		-		
Other liabilities payable		39,624		37,553		
Compensated absences		32,820		13,547		
Total current liabilities		123,330		163,660		
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences		76,582		31,609		
Total noncurrent liabilities		76,582		31,609		
Total liabilities		199,912		195,269		
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		29,729,870		4,703,872		
Unrestricted		3,600,171		4,418,914		
Total net position	\$	33,330,041	\$	9,122,788		
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities						
related to enterprise funds		152,980				
Net position of business-type activities	\$	33,483,021				

# City of Lakewood Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	A Surf	ness-type ctivities ace Water nagement	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds		
OPERATING REVENUES	ф	2 701 (21	¢	C 1 C 4 <b>7</b> 40	
Charges for goods and services	\$	2,791,631	\$	6,164,740	
Miscellaneous		-		120,811	
Total operating revenues		2,791,631		6,285,551	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personal Services		675,021		725,398	
Materials and supplies		76,315		931,355	
Services and charges		662,263		3,599,132	
Intergovernmental		184,908		4,260	
External and interfund taxes		404,814		-	
Depreciation		1,269,246		776,686	
Total operating expenses		3,272,567		6,036,831	
Operating income (loss)		(480,936)		248,720	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Intergovernmental revenue		49,226		-	
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		-		52,819	
Investment earnings		66,762		72,456	
Interest expense		-		(1,070)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		115,988		124,205	
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(364,948)		372,925	
Capital contributions		-		265,599	
Transfers out		(1,983,951)		(390,426)	
Change in net position		(2,348,899)		248,098	
Total net position - beginning		35,678,940		8,823,517	
Prior period adjustment - Note 7		-		51,173	
Total net position - ending	\$	33,330,041	\$	9,122,788	
A division of internal service for d					
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund		8 069			
activities related to enterprise funds Changes in net position of business-type activities	\$	8,968 (2,339,932)			
changes in her position of busiless-type activities	φ	(2,337,732)			

#### City of Lakewood Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		-type Activities prise Funds	Governmental Activities		
	Surf	face Water			
	Ma	nagement	Internal	Service Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash receipts from customers	\$	2,793,731	\$	-	
Cash from interdepartmental services		-		6,285,388	
Cash paid to employees		(665,857)		(722,842)	
Cash paid to suppliers		(1,045,391)		(4,581,578)	
Cash paid for external and interfund taxes		(404,814)		-	
Other operating receipts (payments)		39,707		914	
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		717,376		981,882	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Interfund loan		-		(880,204)	
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		-		52,819	
Transfers to other funds		(1,983,951)		(390,426)	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(1,983,951)		(1,217,811)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING					
ACTIVITIES					
Intergovernmental revenue		91,243		-	
Capital contributions		-		265,599	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(68,926)		(1,018,593)	
Principal paid on long-term debt		-		(20,897)	
Interest paid on long-term debt		-		(1,070)	
NET CASH USED FOR CAPITAL AND CAPITAL-RELATED					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		22,317		(774,961)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest income		66,762		72,456	
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		66,762		72,456	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(1,177,496)		(938,434)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,901,798		4,671,735	
Prior period adjustment - Note 7		-		675	
ADJUSTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,901,798		4,672,412	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	3,724,304	\$	3,733,979	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by					
operating activities:					
Operating Income	\$	(480,936)	\$	248,720	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used)					
by operating activities:					
Increase/(decrease) in depreciation expense		1,269,246		776,686	
Increase/(decrease) in accounts payable - supplier		(181,046)		(59,076)	
Increase/(decrease) in payable to other governments		83		12,245	
Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities payable		39,624		-	
Increase/(decrease) in retainage payable		2,100		751	
Increase/(decrease) in salaries & benefits payable		9,164		2,556	
Increase/(decrease) in capital assets		59,141		-	
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	717,376	\$	981,882	
NON-CASH CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	\$		\$	23,095	
			<u> </u>	,0	

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Lakewood, Pierce County, Washington, have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting policies are described below.

#### **REPORTING ENTITY**

The City of Lakewood, Pierce County, Washington, was incorporated in 1996 and operates under the laws of the state of Washington applicable to an optional code city. The City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) includes the funds, agencies and boards controlled by or dependent upon the City. In conformance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, the primary basis of determining whether outside agencies and organizations should be considered component units of the City is financial accountability. Financial accountability is dependent on the City's obligation to redeem the organization's debts, to finance the organization's deficits, and the extent to which subsidies from the City constitute a major portion of the organization's total resources. Applying these criteria as outlined in GASB Statement 14, the City has no relationships that qualify as component units in 2017.

## GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Our policy is to allocate indirect costs to specific functions or segments. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grant and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements, or a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and the City's one major individual enterprise fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

### FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

#### MAJOR FUNDS

#### **Major Governmental Funds:**

The *General Fund* is the City's operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required or elected to be accounted for in another fund. These include the costs of legislative and executive departments, municipal court services, finance and information technology departments, legal department, community development services, human resources; parks, recreation, and human services; economic development, police and animal control. Major sources of revenue reported for the General Fund include property, sales and use, and utility taxes, as well as franchise fees.

The *Transportation Capital Projects Fund* accounts for capital projects related to street infrastructure. Revenue and other resources reported for the Transportation Capital Projects Fund include real estate excise taxes, direct and indirect federal grants, state grants, motor vehicle fuel taxes and transfers in from the Transportation Benefit District \$20 vehicle license fee.

The *CDBG Fund* was established to account for revenues and expenditures associated with Community Development Block Grants (CDBG), and HOME Investment Partnership Act grants. Revenue and other resources reported in the CDBG Fund include direct and indirect federal grants and local donations and contributions.

The *LID Debt Service Fund* was established to account for both the payment of special assessment bonds, as well as the collection of assessments from property owners within the local improvement district (LID). The assessment payments are the revenue source for the debt payments.

#### **Major Proprietary Fund:**

The *Surface Water Management Fund* accounts for activities that provide storm water collection and disposal services to the City. Activities include administration, engineering, construction, operation, maintenance, and repairs, which are primarily supported by user fees. The fees are billed along with Pierce County's semi-annual property taxes, and remitted by the County to the City.

#### **OTHER FUND TYPES**

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

*Debt service funds* account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations of governmental funds.

*Capital projects funds* account for the acquisition and construction of the government's capital facilities, other than those by proprietary funds.

*Internal service funds* account for the financing of goods or services provided by fleet and equipment, property management, information technology and risk management provided to other departments or agencies of a government, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

In order to obtain an understanding of changes in the City's position and the results of the City's operations, the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 should be read in conjunction with the government's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

#### MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized and reported in the financial statements.

The *accrual basis* of accounting is used by proprietary funds. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when incurred. The measurement focus s is based on the commercial model, which uses a flow of economic resources approach. Under this approach, the operating statements for the proprietary funds focus on a measurement of net income (revenues and expenses) and both current and non-current assets and liabilities are reported on the related balance sheets.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general ruse are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's Surface Water Management Fund and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported to the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenue include 1) charges to customers, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. General revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise and internal service funds are primarily user charges, the cost of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds includes the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The *modified accrual* basis of accounting is used by governmental funds. Revenues and other financial resources are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., when the related funds become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the

current period. To be considered "available", revenue must be collected during the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City uses sixty days when evaluating the available criteria.

Property taxes, sales taxes, utility taxes, licenses, franchise fees, and interest associated within the current period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Since the recognition of depreciation does not reduce net financial resources, it is not considered as expenditure. Other exceptions include (1) inventories of materials and prepaid items are reported as expenditures when purchased, (2) interest on long-term debt is not accrued but is recorded as an expenditure when due, (3) accumulated unpaid vacation and sick pay are considered expenditures when paid.

Major revenues recorded on the modified accrual basis are:

*Property Taxes* - Pierce County acts as the City's collection agent for these taxes. Each month, the County electronically transmits to the City the taxes which it has collected on the City's behalf in the prior month. On this basis, property taxes received in January and February are considered both measurable and available and are therefore recognized as revenue in the current year.

*Other Locally Levied Taxes* - Pierce County also acts as the City's collection agent for the <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>% and optional <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>% real estate excise taxes. Although a time lag occurs in payment of these taxes to the City, since the taxes are actually collected by Pierce County in December and receipted to the City within 10 days after the end of the year, they are considered to be both measurable and available, and are, therefore, accrued as revenue at year end. The State of Washington acts as the City's collection agency for the locally levied sales tax. The sales tax is distributed monthly and remitted to the City in the following month. The Sales Tax remittance in January and February are considered both measurable and available and is therefore accrued as revenue at year-end.

*Grant Revenues* - Under Section G60.109 of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, revenues for cost reimbursement grants are determined to be earned and, therefore, available at the time related expenditures are incurred. For this reason, grant revenues to be received as reimbursement for expenditures incurred in the current year are also recognized as revenue in that year.

*Shared Revenues* - Revenues that have been collected, but not remitted by an intermediary collection agency to the City, are considered measurable and available.

*Other Revenue Sources* - Other items recognized as revenue in the current year on the modified accrual basis include investment interest earned but not received at year end; inter-fund and intergovernmental service billings related to services provided in the current year which are outstanding at year-end, and any other material revenue amounts determined to be both measurable and available under current modified accrual accounting practices.

### **BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

#### Scope of Budget

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted, on a biennial basis, for the general, special revenue, and capital project funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting. For governmental funds, both budget and actual information is presented on a GAAP basis of accounting. Budgetary accounts are integrated in fund ledgers for all budgeted funds, but the financial statements include budgetary comparisons for the general fund, major special revenue funds, debt service funds, and CIP funds only.

Budgets for debt service funds are adopted at the level of the individual debt issue and for fiscal periods that correspond to the lives of debt issue.

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted at the fund level, and the budgets constitute the legal authority for expenditures at that level. Total fund appropriation includes expenditures, other financing uses, and estimated ending fund balance. Subsidiary revenue and expenditure ledgers are used to compare the budgeted amounts with actual revenues and expenditures. At the fund level, actual expenditures cannot exceed budgeted appropriations. Appropriations for general and special revenue funds lapse at year-end. The budgeted financial statements represented in this report reflect the final budget authorization, including all amendments.

#### Amending the Budget

The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within the same fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of a fund, or that affect salary ranges, hours, or other conditions of employment must be approved by the City Council.

When the City Council determines that it is in the best interest of the City to increase or decrease the appropriation for a particular fund, it may do so by ordinance approved by one more than the majority after holding public hearing(s). The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amounts as revised during the year.

The financial statements contain the original and final budget information. The original budget is the first complete appropriated budget. The final budget is the original budget adjusted by all reserves, transfers, allocations, supplemental appropriations, and other legally authorized changes applicable for the fiscal year.

## ASSETS, LIABILITIES, FUND BALANCE, AND NET POSITION

#### **Cash and Investments**

It is the City's policy to invest all temporary cash surpluses. At December 31, 2018, the City had \$18,567,424 in short-term residual investments of surplus cash. This amount is classified on the Statement of Net Position as cash and cash equivalents in various funds. The interest on these investments is prorated to the various funds on the basis of the ending cash balance in each participating fund.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The City's deposits are entirely covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held in a multiple financial institution collateral pool administered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (WPDPC).

The City is authorized by State law to purchase certificates of deposit issued by Washington State depositories that participate in a state insurance pool managed by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission; securities purchased by the Washington State Investment Pool; U.S. Treasury and Agency securities, banker's acceptances trading in the secondary market; and repurchase agreements with dealers that use authorized securities as collateral. In accordance with GASB 31, investments in money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts with a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value. There was no material deviation from fair value quoted at year-end.

#### Receivables

Receivables include taxes receivable, accounts receivable, interest receivable, notes receivable and grants receivable. Taxes receivable consist of property taxes receivable. (See Note 5)

Accounts receivable consist of amounts owed from private individuals or organizations for goods and services including amounts owed for which the City is not required to bill. Notes receivable include amounts owed from private individuals for money loaned to provide assistance in paying for side sewer connection costs. Public works trust fund loan proceeds were the funding source for the loans made.

Also included in General Fund receivables are amounts due in connection with municipal court fines, fees, and penalties. The Washington State Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) provides the primary information system for many courts in the state of Washington through its Judicial Information System (JIS). The City of Lakewood utilizes JIS for tracking all court revenues, and followed the AOC-recommended methodology for determining the amount of current local receivables, as well as for estimating future collections related to current local receivables.

Accrued interest receivable consists of amounts earned on investments and notes at the end of the year.

Grants Receivable consists of amounts owed from governmental or other third parties. Special Assessments are recorded when levied. Special assessments receivable consist of current and delinquent assessments and related interest and penalties. Deferred assessments on the fund financial statements consist of unbilled special assessments that are liens against the property benefited. As of December 31, 2018, no amount of special assessments receivable were delinquent.

Uncollected amounts are considered immaterial and the direct write-off method is used when applicable.

#### Amounts Due to and from Other Funds and Governments, Interfund Loans, and Accounts Receivable

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either interfund loans receivable/payable or advances to/from other funds. All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to/from other funds.

#### Inventories

Inventories in the governmental funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. Amounts remaining at year-end are immaterial and, therefore, are not reflected on the balance sheets of those funds. There were no material inventories at year-end in the Internal Service or Enterprise Funds.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost equal to or greater than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated fair market value if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. Costs for additions or improvements to capital assets are capitalized when they increase the effectiveness or efficiency of the asset. The costs for normal maintenance and repairs are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are recorded in Construction in Progress as they are constructed, and capitalized upon completion.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings & improvements	25 - 75
Improvements other than buildings	10 - 20
Public domain infrastructure	10 - 50
Police vehicles	6 - 10
Police vehicles (seizure)	3 - 5
Operations & maintenance vehicles	6 - 10
Operations & maintenance equipment	5 - 2

#### **Compensated Absences**

The City records a liability for all outstanding vacation pay and accrued compensatory time. In governmental funds, vacation pay, personal time off, and compensatory time is recorded as expenditures when paid, which occurs when used or upon termination. In the entity-wide statements and the proprietary fund statements, vacation pay and compensatory time is recorded as a liability and expense in the year earned.

City employees who are non-represented accumulate combination leave and major medical leave. Upon termination or retirement, the employees in this group who have less than three years of service with the City receive 75% of his or her combination leave at the current rate of pay. Employees with three or more years of service receive 100% of their combination leave at their current rate of pay. Those individuals who are of retirement age upon separation or who are laid off from the City receive 25% of their major medical leave at their current rate of pay, with a maximum of 160 hours to be paid out.

The Teamsters Union members receive one type of leave, Paid Time Off (PTO), and are paid 57.5% of their leave balance at their current rate of pay upon separation.

The Lakewood Police Independent Guild members receive one type of leave, Annual Leave, and are paid 65% of their leave balance at their current rate of pay upon separation.

The Lakewood Police Management Guild (LPMG), receive one type of leave, PTO, and are paid 65% of their leave balance at their current rate of pay upon separation.

City employees who are members of the Associate of Federal, State, County, and Municipal Employees (AFSCME) union also accumulate PTO, and upon separation receive 65% of their PTO at their current rate of pay.

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of all state sponsored pension plans and additions to/deductions from those plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Long-term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Long-term debt outstanding at year-end is outlined in Note 10.

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

The deferred inflow of resources account is used to offset receivables established in the governmental funds for certain revenues that are measurable but not considered available to finance payment of current obligations and, therefore, are not susceptible to accrual on the modified accrual basis. When the receivable amounts are collected in future periods, this liability account is reduced and corresponding revenue is recorded. The portions of Property Taxes that do not meet the available criteria are recorded as deferred inflow of resources. (See Note 5)

#### **Fund Balance Classification**

Fund balance is a measurement of available financial resources and is the difference between total assets and total liabilities in each fund.

Beginning with the most restrictive constraints, fund balance amounts will be reported in the following categories:

Nonspendable - amounts that are not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

*Restricted* – amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external parties either constitutionally or through enabling legislation.

*Committed* – amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by formal action of the City Council. Commitments may be changed or lifted by referring to the formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

*Assigned* – amounts *intended* to be used by the government for specific purposes. Intent is expressed by the governing body (City Council) or a body or official to which the City has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes (City Manager). In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other government funds, at a minimum, are intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

*Unassigned* – includes all amounts not contained in other classifications and is the residual classification of the general fund only. Unassigned amounts are available for any legal purpose.

The responsibility for designating funds to specific classifications shall be as follows:

*Committed Fund Balance* – The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is established by ordinance approved by the Council.

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for expenditure, the City will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category of available funds.

# **Fund Balance Details**

	2018 Fund B	alance Classifi	catio	n			
	General Fund	CDBG Fund		ID Debt Service	Transportation CIP Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Restricted for:	\$-	\$ 1,393,782	\$	67,726	\$ 3,543,426	\$ 3,579,827	\$ 8,584,761
Transportation CIP	-	-		-	3,543,426	-	3,543,426
Real Estate Excise Tax	-	-		-	-	709,416	709,416
Transportation Benefit District	-	-		-	-	141,325	141,325
Local Improvement District-related debt	-	-		67,726	-	-	67,726
Hotel/Motel Lodging Tax	-	-		-	-	1,165,203	1,165,203
Police Seizure	-	-		-	-	331,405	331,405
Neighborhood Stabilization Program Grant	-	-		-	-	88,633	88,633
Office of Economic Adjustment Grant/SSMCP	-	-		-	-	73,701	73,701
Public Works Trust Fund Debt	-	-		-	-	940,457	940,457
LID Guaranty	-	-		-	-	129,687	129,687
CDBG Fund	-	1,393,782		-	-	-	1,393,782
Committed to:	\$ 5,019,691	\$-	\$	-	\$-	\$ 2,919,997	\$ 7,939,687
General Fund Ending Fund Balance Reserve	5,011,691	-		-	-	-	5,011,691
Petty Cash	8,000	-		-	-	-	8,000
Street Operations & Maintenance	-	-		-	-	-	-
Property Abatement / Rental Housing Safety Program	-	-		-	-	468,879	468,879
Public Art	-	-		-	-	24,886	24,886
Parks CIP	-	-		-	-	1,492,523	1,492,523
Sanitary Sewer CIP	-	-		-	-	118,225	118,225
Sanitary Sewer Connection	-	-		-	-	815,484	815,484
Unassigned:	\$ 3,827,846	\$-	\$	-	\$-	\$-	\$ 3,827,846
General Fund	3,827,846	-		-	-	-	3,827,846
Total Fund Balances:	\$ 8,847,537	\$ 1,393,782	\$	67,726	\$ 3,543,426	\$ 6,499,823	\$20,352,294

#### NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE & FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental funds' balance sheet includes reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The details of this \$152,680,640 difference are as follows.

Capital assets used in the governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	\$ 146,453,398
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(10,882,611)
Some revenue reported on the government-wide Statement of Activities is reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.	2,747,396
Assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activies in the Statement of Net Position.	9,167,944
Long term assets and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions and losses on debt refunding are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	5,347,492
Interfund revenues and expenditures are reported as internal balances in the government-wide statements to avoid overstating revenues and	
expenditures.	(152,980)

# Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

The governmental funds' statement of revenues, expenditure, and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between *Net Changes in Fund Balances – Total Governmental Funds* and *Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities* as reported in the Government-wide Statement of Activities. The details of the \$13,016,782 difference are as follows.

Deferred inflows of resources reported in the funds are rep in the government-wide financial statements	oorted as revenue \$	(341,710)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets are cap depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets		10,929,758
Expenses for compensated absences reported in the Staten do not require the use of current financial resources and the reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(93,694)
The repayment of long term debt consumes the current fin of governmental funds. These transactions have no effect of		942,963
Adjustment for GASB 68 pension reporting		1,288,631
The internal service funds are used by management to char management, property management, IT management and r to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities o	isk management	
funds is reported with governmental activities.		239,130
Prior period adjustments, Note 5 - Deferred Inflows of Re	sources	51,704

# NOTE 3- SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS

#### **Operating Budget Funds**

Appropriations established during 2018 are provided below. As explained in Note 1, both original and supplemental appropriations are adopted by the City Council by ordinance. Both original and final budget appropriations are shown on the accompanying financial statements. The final budget values include all adopted adjustments to original budget amounts.

			2018	
			Supplemental	
	Ori	ginal Budget	Appropriations	Final Budget
General Fund	\$	37,478,578	\$ 5,344,287 \$	42,822,865
Special Revenue Funds:				
Street Operations & Maintenance		2,023,711	384,059	2,407,770
Real Estate Excise Tax		1,513,465	1,437,358	2,950,823
Transportation Benefit District		685,000	272,506	957,506
Hotel/Motel Lodging Tax		650,000	835,871	1,485,871
Property Abatement		248,671	503,926	752,597
Public Art		2,000	32,598	34,598
Narcotics Seizure		75,000	310,804	385,804
Felony Seizure		-	95,363	95,363
Federal Seizure		104,900	(27,540)	77,360
Grant		423,000	1,754,552	2,177,552
Neighborhood Stabilization Prog		95,392	90,077	185,469
OEA Grant/SSMCP		226,805	2,484,383	2,711,188
Public Safety Grants			137,078	137,078
Debt Service Funds:				
General Obligation Debt Service		478,135	-	478,135
LID Debt Service		191,881	4,935	196,816
Sewer Project Debt		537,491	18,995	556,486
LID Guaranty		-	-	
Capital Projects Funds:				
General Government CIP		1,860,000	4,055,052	5,915,052
Transportation CIP		19,958,600	1,260,758	21,219,358
Sewer Project CIP		85,000	42,472	127,472
Sanitary Sewer Connection		35,000	55,500	90,500
	Total Budgeted Funds \$	66,672,629	\$ 19,093,034 \$	85,765,663

#### **NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

As required by state law, all deposits and investments of the City's funds are obligations of the U.S. Government, the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), bankers' acceptances, or deposits with Washington State banks and savings and loan institutions. In 2017 the City utilized obligations of the Local Government Investment Pool and Washington state banks as legal authorized investment instruments.

#### **Cash and Deposits**

At year-end, the City had \$25,122,955 in cash and cash equivalents. Custodial credit risk for these deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. However, the City's deposits are covered up to \$250,000 through federal depository insurance and through the Washington Public Deposit

Protection Commission (WPDPC), a multiple financial institution collateral pool, for amounts over \$250,000. Under Washington State statutes, members of the WPDPC may be assessed on a prorated basis if the pool's collateral is insufficient to cover a loss.

The City of Lakewood is a participant in the Local Government Investment Pool was authorized by Chapter 294, Laws of 1986, and is managed and operated by the Washington State Treasurer. The State Finance Committee is the administrator of the statute that created the pool and adopts rules. The State Treasurer is responsible for establishing the investment policy for the pool and reviews the policy annually and proposed changes are reviewed by the LGIP advisory Committee.

Investments in the LGIP, a qualified external investment pool, are reported at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The LGIP is an unrated external investment pool. The pool portfolio is invested in a manner that meets the maturity, quality, diversification and liquidity requirements set forth by the GASBS 79 for external investments pools that elect to measure, for financial reporting purposes, investments at amortized cost. The LGIP does not have any legally binding guarantees of share values. The LGIP does not impose liquidity fees or redemption gates on participant withdrawals.

The Office of the State Treasurer prepares a stand-alone LGIP financial report. A copy of the report is available from the Office of the State Treasurer, PO Box 40200, Olympia, Washington 98504-0200, online at http://www.tre.wa.gov.

As of December 31, 2018, the City had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Maturities											
Investment		<1 Year	1 ·	- 3 Years	>	3 Years		Total			
Local Government Investment Pool	\$	18,567,424	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,567,424			
	Total: \$	18,567,424	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,567,424			

Reconciliation of Government-Wide Statement of Net Position:

Cash in bank per books	\$ 6,510,281
Petty cash/change fund/investigative fund	45,250
Local Government Investment Pool	<u>18,567,424</u>
Total cash and investments, Government-Wide Statement of Net Position	<u>\$ 25,122,955</u>

#### Investments

#### Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy states:

The City will minimize interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity and investing operating funds in primarily short-term securities, money market mutual funds or similar investment pools.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counter-party has to an investment in not fulfilling its obligations. The City's investment policy states that the City will minimize credit risk by limiting investments to the safest type of securities; prequalifying the financial institutions and brokers/dealers with which the City will do business; and diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized.

State law and the City's investment policy limits the instruments in which the City may invest. The following are categories of investments authorized under the City's policy, in general order of safety and liquidity: Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP); repurchase agreements; U.S. treasury obligations; U.S. government agencies; U.S. government-sponsored corporations/instrumentalities; bankers' acceptances (secondary market domestic and foreign); commercial paper (secondary market); insured certificates of deposit (banks and savings & loans); and uninsured/collateralized certificates of deposit (banks and savings & loans).

The credit risk of the State Investment Pool is limited to obligations of the US Government, government sponsored enterprises, or insured demand deposit accounts and certificates of deposit.

As of December 31, 2018, the City had \$18,567,424 in the LGIP. The LGIP is unrated. LGIP is comparable to Securities Exchange Commission 2a-7 to minimize credit risk.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The City diversifies its investments by security type and institution. The investment policy states: "No more than 5% of the portfolio may be invested in the securities of a single issuer, except for the U.S. Treasury, to which no limits apply. No more than 30% of the portfolio may be invested in bankers' acceptances and certificates of deposit."

Due to fluctuations in the aggregate surplus funds balance, maximum percentages for a particular issuer or investment type may be exceeded at a point in time subsequent to the purchase of a particular issuer or investment type. Securities need not be liquidated to realign the portfolio; however, consideration should be given to this matter when future purchases are made to ensure that appropriate diversification is maintained.

#### NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

#### **Property Taxes**

The Pierce County Assessor Treasurer is responsible for collecting property taxes levied in the County by all taxing districts. Amounts collected by the County on the City's behalf are remitted monthly.

#### PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

	January 1	Taxes are levied and become an enforceable lien against properties.
--	-----------	---

- February 14 Tax bills are mailed.
- April 30 First of two equal installment payments is due.
- May 31 Assessed value of property established for next year's levy at 100% of market value.
- October 31 Second installment is due.

Taxes are levied and become an enforceable lien against properties as of January 1. Annual tax billings may be paid in two equal installments, due April 30 and October 31. At December 31, 2018, the total balance of property taxes receivable recorded by the City was \$494,539. Of this, \$445,235 is recorded as deferred inflow of resources, since it was not collected within the first 60 days of 2018.

Property taxes are recorded as a receivable when levied, offset by deferred inflow of resources. During the year, property tax revenues are recognized when cash is collected. At year-end, property tax revenues are recognized for collections expected to occur within 30 days. No allowance for uncollectible taxes is established because delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible.

Under State law, the maximum levy (for general governmental services) is up to \$3.60 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation, subject to two limitations, set forth below. Since the City of Lakewood is not a full service city, the City is only allowed \$1.60. The remaining \$2.00 is for the fire district (\$1.50) and library district (\$0.50).

- 1. Chapter 84.55 of the State RCW was amended most recently by Initiative No. 747 (which was passed by voters on November 6, 2001), limits the total dollar amount of regular property taxes levied by the City to the amount of such taxes levied in the three most recent years multiplied by a limit factor, plus an adjustment to account for taxes on new construction, improvements and state-assessed property at the previous year's rate. As amended by Initiative No. 747, the limit factor is the lesser of 101% or 100% plus the percent change in the Implicit Price Deflator, unless a greater amount is approved by a simple majority of the voters; and
- 2. The Washington State Constitution limits the total regular property taxes to 1% of assessed valuation or \$10 per \$1,000 of value. If the taxes of all districts exceed this amount, each is proportionately reduced until the total is at or below the 1% limit.

The City's regular levy for 2018 was \$1.15 per \$1,000 on an assessed valuation of \$6,002,783,089 for a total regular levy of \$6,910,944.

#### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

The table below provides details of the deferred inflows of resources as reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the governmental funds Balance Sheet. \$1,833,055 of resources reported as Deferred Inflows on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet are reported as revenue on the Government-Wide Statement of Activities because, while unavailable at December 31, 2018, the amounts were known and due to the City. Grant reimbursements are receivable within one year of the end of the fiscal period.

Deferred Inflows of Resources As of December 31, 2018											
LID Debt Nonmajor Total General											
Deferred Inflows of Resources	General		Grant		Service	G01	ernmentai	6	overnment		
Local Improvement Districts	\$-	\$	-	\$	865,263	\$	-	\$	865,263		
Public Works Trust Fund Loan - Side Sewer	-		-		-		49,079		49,079		
Property Tax	445,235		-		-		-		445,235		
Municipal Court	1,050,550		-		-		-		1,050,550		
Abatements	-		-		-		337,270		337,270		
Total: Deferred Inflows - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,495,785	\$	-	\$	865,263	\$	386,349	\$	2,747,397		

The prior period adjustment is due to the elimination of CDBG notes/contracts receivable as deferred inflows of resources (unavailable revenue) in of \$1,393,782 and reclassified to restricted fund balance on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet for the CDBG Fund in 2018.

### **Receivables & Due from Other Governments**

The receivables and due from other governmental entities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018 are detailed in the following schedule.

		Receivables &	Due From Oth	ner Governmer	nts			
		As o	f December 31	,2018				
Receivable	General	Transportation CIP	Grant	LID Debt Service	Nonmajor Govt'l	Total Governmental Activities	Total Business Type Activities	Total Primary Government
Property Tax	\$ 494,539	\$-	\$-	\$-	-	\$ 494,539	\$-	\$ 494,539
Sales and Use Tax	2,552,098	-		-	-	2,552,098	75,778	2,627,876
Other Tax	1,549,921	53,442	-	-	950,849	2,554,212	-	2,554,212
Municipal Court Receivables	1,257,220	-	-	_	-	1,257,220	-	1,257,220
Other Receivables	105,093	-	-	_	-	105,093	-	105,093
Notes/Loans Receivable	-	-	1,339,865	-	49,078	1,388,943	-	1,388,943
Abatement Assessments	-	-	-	-	337,271	337,271	-	337,271
Special Assessments	-	-	-	865,263	-	865,263	-	865,263
Animal Control	10,133	-	-	-	-	10,133	-	10,133
City of Federal Way - WATPA	68,574	-	-	-	-	68,574	-	68,574
City of Tacoma	-	-	82,081	-	-	82,081	-	82,081
City of University Place	24,199	-	-	-	-	24,199	-	24,199
DEA	-	-	-	-	3,733	3,733	-	3,733
Dept of Commerce	6,390	-	-	-	22,693	29,083	-	29,083
Dept of Justice	-	-	-	-	18,960	18,960	-	18,960
FBI PNWIL	9,196	-	-	-	-	9,196	-	9,196
FBI Safe Streets Task Force	2,998	-	-	-	-	2,998	-	2,998
HUD	-	-	11,711	-	-	11,711	-	11,711
Office of Economic Adjustment	-	-	-	-	138,948	138,948	-	138,948
Pierce County Sex Offender Residency	4,769	-	-	-	-	4,769	-	4,769
RCO	-	-	-	-	25,000	25,000	-	25,000
Sound Transit	-	110	-	-	-	110	-	110
South Sound 911	2,592	-	-	-	-	2,592	-	2,592
Town of Steilacoom	-	113,501	-	-	-	113,501	-	113,501
US Marshall SI-PA-9-13	-	-	-	-	9,342	9,342	-	9,342
WA State Dept of Transportation	-	1,048,103	-	-	-	1,048,103	-	1,048,103
WA State Emergency Mgmt	26,830	_	-	-	-	26,830	-	26,830
WA State Military	21,717	-	-	-	16,633	38,350	-	38,350
WA Traffice Safety Commision	-	-	-	-	16,915	16,915	-	16,915
Western State Partnership	77,625	-	-	-	-	77,625	-	77,625
WSH Service Calls	11,250		-	-	-	11,250	-	11,250
Total by Fund	\$6,225,144	\$ 1,215,156	\$1,433,657	\$ 865,263	\$1,589,422	\$11,328,642	\$ 75,778	\$11,404,420

# **NOTE 6 – DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS**

At December 31, 2018, the City recorded \$27,374 as due to other governments as follows:

Due to Other Governments												
	As of December 31, 2018 Transportation Nonmajor Total General Surface Water Internal											
Payable	Ge	neral		CDBG	11	ransportation CIP	Nonmajor Governmental	-	General Government	Management	Internal Service	Total
Sales and Use Tax	\$	4,550	\$	54	\$	51	\$ 2,095	\$	6,751	\$ 83	\$ 2,040	\$ 8,874
Lakewood Water District		18,500				-	-		18,500		-	18,500
Total by Fund	\$	23,050	\$	54	\$	51	\$ 2,095	\$	25,251	\$ 83	\$ 2,040	\$ 27,374

# NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for governmental funds for the year ended December 31, 2018 is as follows:

	Beginning	Prior	Adjusted			Ending
	Balance	Period	Beginning			Balance
Governmental Activities	1/1/2018	Adjustment	Balance 1/1/2018	Increases	Decreases	12/31/2018
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land and land rights	\$ 21,757,535	\$ -	\$ 21,757,535	\$ 1,188,768	\$ -	\$ 22,946,303
Constuction in progress	13,983,615	(2,567,870)	11,415,745	14,996,522	(9,750,243)	16,662,024
Total capital assets, being not depreciated	35,741,150	(2,567,870)	33,173,280	16,185,290	(9,750,243)	39,608,327
Capital Assets being depreciated:						
Buildings	26,227,943	-	26,227,943	-	-	26,227,943
Infrastructure	132,414,308	-	132,414,308	9,750,243	-	142,164,551
Machinery and equipment	11,728,296	675	11,728,971	1,045,503	(274,048)	12,500,426
Total capital assets, being depreciated	170,370,547	675	170,371,222	10,795,746	(274,048)	180,892,920
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	(5,535,879)	-	(5,535,879)	(524,326)	-	(6,060,205
Infrastructure	(50,828,939)	-	(50,828,939)	(4,677,217)	-	(55,506,156
Machinery and equipment	(7,193,402)	-	(7,193,402)	(880,343)	296,130	(7,777,615
Total accumulated depreciation	(63,558,220)	-	(63,558,220)	(6,081,886)	296,130	(69,343,976
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	106,812,327	675	106,813,002	4,713,860	22,082	111,548,944
Governmental Activities capital assets, net	\$ 142,553,477	\$ (2,567,195)	\$ 139,986,282	\$ 20,899,150	\$ (9,728,161)	\$151,157,271

The prior period adjustment of \$2,567,195 is due to returning General Government construction in progress assets in the amount of \$2,567,870 to Pierce County and the \$675 is due to correcting the prior year beginning balance. \$51,173 is due to the transfer of four vehicles purchased in 2017 from the General Government Fund to the Internal Service Funds with a net effect of zero.

Capital asset activity for Business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2018, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Prior Period	Adjusted Beginning			Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities	1/1/2018	Adjustment	Balance 1/1/2018	Increases	Decreases	12/31/2018
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land and land rights	\$ 1,854,447	\$ -	\$ 1,854,447	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,854,447
Constuction in progress	844,321	-	844,321	10,111	(854,432)	-
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	2,698,768	-	2,698,768	10,111	(854,432)	1,854,447
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings	1,849,673	-	1,849,673	-	-	1,849,673
Infrastructure	42,796,926	-	42,796,926	854,101	-	43,651,027
Machinery and equipment	332,332	-	332,332	-	-	332,332
Total capital assets being depreciated	44,978,931	-	44,978,931	854,101	-	45,833,032
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	(92,258)	-	(92,258)	(37,133)	-	(129,391)
Infrastructure	(16,388,380)	-	(16,388,380)	(1,210,621)	-	(17,599,001)
Machinery and equipment	(207,728)	-	(207,728)	(21,492)	-	(229,220)
Total accumulated depreciation	(16,688,366)	-	(16,688,366)	(1,269,246)	-	(17,957,612)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	28,290,565		28,290,565	(415,145)	-	27,875,420
Business-Type Activities capital assets, net	\$ 30,989,333	\$-	\$ 30,989,333	\$ (405,034)	\$ (854,432)	\$ 29,729,867

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government and is identified as follows:

Capital Asset Depreciation by Function	
As of December 31, 2018	
Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 434,905
Judicial	4,255
Public Safety (Police)	815,761
Transportation (Highways and Streets)	4,465,801
Economic Environment	-
Culture and Recreation	361,163
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	6,081,886
Business-Type Activities:	
Utilities and Environment (Surface Water Management)	1,269,246
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	1,269,246
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 7,351,132

The City has active construction projects as of December 31, 2018. The City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

	<b>Construction Commitments</b>				
		Contract		Balance at	
Vendor	Contract Name	Amount	Payments	12/31/2018	
Construction Contracts Northwest Cascade Inc.	Non Motorized Trail 112th WA	\$ 2711.041	\$ 2.480.263	¢ 220.777	
Axum General Construction	Non-Motorized Trail: 112th – WA Sidewalks: GLD Phase II (BP Way to 59th)	\$ 2,711,041 522,945	\$ 2,480,263 325,768	\$ 230,777 197,177	
Tucci & Sons, Inc.	Overlay: Steilacoom Blvd to N City Limits	1,467,377	1,370,472	96,905	
KBH Construction Co.	Gateways	200,000	138,734	61,266	
Western Systems Inc.	Safety: Neighborhood Traffic Safety/Calming	13,698	-	13,698	
Consulting and Engineering Services					
Bruce Dees & Associates	Wards Lake Improvements	29,930	2,505	27,425	
Cascade Right-Of-Way Svcs LLC	Streets: Steilacoom Blvd – Farwest to Phillips Road	101,080	28,650	72,430	
Geoengineers	Streets: Steilacoom Blvd – Farwest to Phillips Road	39,606	33,430	6,176	
KPFF Inc	Streets: Steilacoom Blvd – Farwest to Phillips Road	66,830	10,844	55,986	
KPG INC	Streets: Steilacoom Blvd – Farwest to Phillips Road	84,426	70,024	14,403	
Northeast Electric LLC	Street Lights: New LED Street Lights	286,034	210,467	75,567	
Robert W. Droll	Harry Todd Park (Dock, Bulkhead, Shoreline)	367,107	291,540	75,567	
		\$2,656,087	\$2,156,664	\$ 499,424	

#### NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS

The City participates in four retirement plans. Two are administered by International City Manager's Association (ICMA); one is administered by WA State Department of Retirement Systems (DRS) and one by the State Board for Volunteer Fire Fighters and Reserve Officers. Descriptions of the plans are as follows:

#### Plan 1-City of Lakewood: A Defined Contribution Plan, Retirement Trust - ICMA # 109566

During the first couple of months of 1995-96 (*the City became incorporated February 28, 1*996), the City of Lakewood employees voted not to join the State's Public Employees Retirement Systems (*PERS*). Instead, the employees of the City voted to participate in a section 401 (a) - IRS, plan administered through International City Manager's Association (*ICMA*). The plan was established under the authority of the City Council, which is responsible for amending the provisions and contribution requirements. The plan is a qualified plan – "a defined contribution plan" registered through the Internal Revenue Service (*IRS*) as a section 401 (a). The vesting schedules are the same as PERS with added enhancements where employees can manage their own investment portfolio of both the employee and employer contributions. Contributions to the plan are not subject to federal income tax (pre-tax dollars). All full time employees are required to participate. A vesting schedule is tied to years of service that an employee may bring from the previous vesting in PERS or another qualified plan. The vesting schedule is below.

Years of Service	Vesting Percentage
0 - 1 Year of Service	20%
1 - 2 Years of Service	40%
2 - 3 Years of Service	60%
3 - 4 Years of Service	80%
4+ Years of Service	100%

The table below shows the percentage contributions that are made bi-monthly by the employer and employee to this qualified money purchase plan. Contributions are made every payroll cycle (*on the*  $5^{th}$  &  $20^{th}$  of each month). The balance in the trust as of December 31, 2018, was \$19,230,054.

2018 Employer Contribution	2018 Employee Contribution
7.62%	5.08%
\$706,278	\$470,854

Each employee directs his/her investment among various investment options as defined by the ICMA group for both the employee and employer contributions.

Upon separation of service prior to retirement, all employee contributions may be withdrawn without regard to age. Employer contributions will be distributed to the employee based upon the vesting schedule. The contract has identified regular retirement age at 55.

Plan assets, which consist of stocks, bonds, and guaranteed insurance contracts, are not the property of the City are not subject to the claims of the City's general creditors. The program is administered by a private consulting firm, the ICMA. Actuarial determinations are not required because benefits paid to participants upon retirement are limited to: (*a*) A non-forfeitable, non-transferable annuity contract purchased by the plan's trustee; (*b*) Retirement benefits paid from the employee's deferred savings to which no contributions by the City or the participants can be added after retirement; or (*c*) A single lump-sum payment equal to the accumulated balance in the employee's deferred savings account as of his or her retirement date.

#### Plan 2-City of Lakewood: A Defined Money Contribution Plan, Money Purchase Retirement Trust-ICMA # 109266

During the first couple of months of 1995-96 (*the City became incorporated February 28, 19*96), the City of Lakewood employees, through an election, voted not to join Social Security Retirement Plan (SSI). Instead, the City participates in a Money Purchase qualified plan, a defined money contribution plan - Retirement Trust Section 401 (*a*), administered through ICMA, which is registered with the Internal Revenue Service section 401. The plan was established under the authority of the City Council, which is responsible for amending the provisions and contribution requirements. The benefit package includes the following: 1) long term disability benefits, 2) survivor benefits for spouse and children, 3) lump sum death benefits and, 4) life benefits. Contributions to the plan are not subject to federal income tax. All full time employees and the City Council members who are under the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990 are required to participate. The contribution percentages are listed as follows:

2018 Employer	2018 Employee
Contribution	Contribution
4.77%	6.20%
\$1,010,541	\$1,313,490

Each employee directs his/her investment among various investment options for both the employee and employer contribution.

Upon separation of service prior to retirement, all employee contributions may be withdrawn without regard to age which may include a penalty from the Internal Revenue Service. Employer contributions must be left in the plan and distributed when the participant attains age 55. Employee and employer contributions for retirement benefits are 100% vested.

Temporary employees are not part of the 401(a) plan. Temporary employees contribute to social security insurance. The balance in the trust as of December 31, 2018, was \$34,438,922.

#### Law Enforcement Officers' LEOFF Plan 2

The following table represents the aggregate pension amounts for all plans subject to the requirements of the GASB Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* for the year 2018:

Aggregate Pension Amounts - LEOFF 2		
Pension assets	\$	7,200,919
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	758,523
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	(2,611,950)
Pension expenditures	\$	(258,622)

#### **State Sponsored Pension Plans**

All City of Lakewood commissioned officers participate in LEOFF Plan 2 retirement systems administered by the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems, under cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plans. The state Legislature establishes, and amends, laws pertaining to the creation and administration of all public retirement systems.

LEOFF Membership as of June 30, 2018		
Inactive plan members or beneficiearies currently receiving benefits	5,769	
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	932	
Active plan members	18,129	
Total Membership	24,830	

The Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), a department within the primary government of the State of Washington, issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each plan. The DRS CAFR may be obtained by writing to:

Department of Retirement Systems Communications Unit P.O. Box 48380 Olympia, WA 98540-8380

Or the DRS CAFR may be downloaded from the DRS website at www.drs.wa.gov.

**LEOFF Plan 2** provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are calculated using 2% of the member's Final Average Salary (FAS) times the member's years of service. FAS is the monthly average of the member's 60 consecutive highest-paid service credit months. Members are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at age 53 with at least five years of service credit. Members who retire before age 53 receive reduced benefits. If the member has at least 20 years of service and is age 50 to 52, the reduction is 3% for each year before age 53. Otherwise, the benefits are actuarially reduced for each year before age 53. LEOFF Plan 2 retirement benefits are actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other LEOFF Plan 2 benefits include duty and nonduty

disability payments; a Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3% annually; and a one-time, duty-related death benefit, if the Washington State Department of Labor & Industries finds the member eligible. LEOFF 2 members are vested after the completion of five years of eligible service.

#### **Contributions**

The **LEOFF Plan 2** employer and employee contribution rates are developed by the Office of the State Actuary (OSA) to fully fund Plan 2. The employer rate includes an administrative expense component set at 0.18%. The LEOFF Plan 2 required contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) at the close of fiscal year 2018 were as follows:

LEOFF Plan 2				
Actual Contribution Rates Employer Employee				
State and local governments 5.43% 8.75%				

The City of Lakewood's actual contributions to the plan were \$631,767 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

The Legislature, by means of a special funding arrangement, appropriates money from the state General Fund to supplement the current service liability and fund the prior service costs of Plan 2 in accordance with the recommendations of the Pension Funding Council and the LEOFF Plan 2 Retirement Board. This special funding situation is not mandated by the state constitution and could be changed by statute. For the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the state contributed \$68,152,127 to LEOFF Plan 2.

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability (TPL) for each of the DRS plans was determined using the most recent actuarial valuation completed in 2018 with a valuation date of June 30, 2017. The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of the Office of the State Actuary's (OSA) 2007-2012 Experience Study and the 2017 Economic Experience Study.

Additional assumptions for subsequent and law changes are current as of the 2017 actuarial report. The TPL was calculated as of the valuation date and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. Plan liabilities were rolled forward from June 30, 2017, to June 30, 2018, reflecting each plan's normal cost (using the entry-age cost method), assumed interest and actual benefit payments.

- Inflation: 2.75% total economic inflation; 3.50% salary inflation
- Salary increases: In addition to the base 3.50% salary inflation assumption, salaries are also expected to grow by promotions and longevity.
- Investment rate of return: 7.40%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 report's "Combined Healthy Table" and "Combined Disabled Table," published by the Society of Actuaries. The OSA applied offsets to the base table and recognized future improvements in mortality by projecting the mortality rates using 100% Scale BB. Mortality rates are applied on a generational basis, meaning, each member is assumed to receive additional mortality improvements in each future year throughout his or her lifetime.

There were changes in methods and assumptions since the last valuation.

- Updated valuation interest rate, general salary growth, and inflation assumptions to be consistent with the assumptions adopted by the Pension Funding Council and LEOFF 2 Board.
  - Lowered the valuation interest rate from 7.70% to 7.50% for all systems except LEOFF 2. For LEOFF 2 the valuation interest rate was lowered from 7.50% to 7.40%.
  - Lowered assumed general salary growth from 3.75% to 3.50% for all systems.
  - Lowered assumed inflation from 3.00% to 2.75% for all systems.
- Modified how the valuation software calculates benefits paid to remarried duty-related death survivors of LEOFF 2 members.
- Updated the trend that the valuation software uses to project medical inflation for LEOFF 2 survivors of a duty-related death, and for certain LEOFF 2 medical-related duty disability benefits.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.40%. To determine that rate, an asset sufficiency test included an assumed 7.50% long-term discount rate to determine funding liabilities for calculating future contribution rate requirements. (All plans use 7.50% except LEOFF 2, which has assumed 7.40%). Consistent with the long-term expected rate of return, a 7.40% future investment rate of return on invested assets was assumed for the test. Contributions from plan members and employers are assumed to continue being made at contractually required rates (including PERS 2/3, PSERS 2, SERS 2/3, and TRS 2/3 employers, whose rates include a component for the PERS 1, and TRS 1 plan liabilities). Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.40% was used to determine the total liability.

#### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the DRS pension plan investments of 7.40% was determined using a building-block method. In selecting this assumption, the Office of the State Actuary (OSA) reviewed the historical experience data, considered the historical conditions that produced past annual investment returns, and considered capital market assumptions and simulated expected investment returns provided by the Washington State Investment Board (WSIB). The WSIB uses the capital market assumptions and their target asset allocation to simulate future investment returns over various time horizons.

#### **Estimated Rates of Return by Asset Class**

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018, are summarized in the table below. The inflation component used to create the table is 2.20% and represents the WSIB's most recent long-term estimate of broad economic inflation.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	% Long-Term Expected Rate of Return Arithmetic
Fixed Income	20%	1.7%
Tangible Assets	5%	4.9%
Real Estate	15%	5.8%
Global Equity	37%	6.3%
Private Equity	23%	9.3%
	100%	

#### Sensitivity of Net Pension Asset

The table below presents the City of Lakewood proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.40%, as well as what the City of Lakewood proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.40%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.40%) than the current rate.

	Decrease .5%)	Curre	ent Discount Rate (7.5%)	1% Increase (8.5%)
LEOFF 2	\$ (957,588)	\$	(7,200,919)	\$ (12,293,083)
Total	\$ (957,588)	\$	(7,200,919)	\$ (12,293,083)

## **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the State's pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued DRS financial report.

# Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the City of Lakewood's reported a total pension asset of \$7,200,919 for its proportionate share of the net pension assets as follows:

	Liability (or Asset)
LEOFF 2	(\$7,200,919)

The amount of the liability/(asset) reported above for LEOFF Plan 2 reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the City of Lakewood. The amount recognized by the City of Lakewood as its proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset), the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability/(asset) that was associated with the City of Lakewood were as follows:

	]	Liability (or Asset)
LEOFF 2 - Employer's proportionate share	\$	(7,200,919)
LEOFF 2 - State's proportionate share of the net pension liability /		(4,662,459)
(asset) associated with the employer		
Total	\$	(11,863,379)

At June 30, the City of Lakewood proportionate share of the collective net pension liabilities was as follows:

	Proportionate Share		Change in
	6/30/2017	6/30/2018	Proportion
LEOFF 2	0.34524%	0.35469%	0.009%

Employer contribution transmittals received and processed by the DRS for the fiscal year ended June 30 are used as the basis for determining each employer's proportionate share of the collective pension amounts reported by the DRS in the *Schedules of Employer and Nonemployer Allocations* for all plans except LEOFF 1.

In fiscal year 2018, the state of Washington contributed 39.30% of LEOFF 2 employer contributions pursuant to RCW 41.27.726 and all other employers contributed the remaining 60.70 percent of employer contributions.

#### **Pension Expense**

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the City of Lakewood recognized pension expense as follows:

	Pensi	on Expense
LEOFF 2		\$258,622
	\$	258,622

#### **Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources**

At December 31, 2018, the City of Lakewood reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	-	erred Inflows Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 385,739	\$	(167,206)
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	-		(1,260,258)
Change of assumptions	4,076		(1,033,462)
Changes in proportion and differences between contrbutions and proportionate share of contributions	35,335		(151,024)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	333,373		-
Total	\$ 758,523	\$	(2,611,950)

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the net amount of deferred outflows and inflows of resources that will be recognized in the employer's pension expense for each of the subsequent five years is as follows:

Year Ended December 31	LEOFF 2
2019	(151,780)
2020	(342,591)
2021	(755,570)
2022	(297,912)
2023	(119,244)
Thereafter	(519,703)
Total	\$ (2,186,800)

#### Volunteer Fire Fighters' and Reserve Officers' Relief and Pension Fund (VFFRPF)

VFFRPF is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the State Board for Volunteer Fire Fighters and Reserve Officers. The Board is appointed by the Governor and is comprised of five members of fire departments covered by Chapter 41.24 RCW. Administration costs of the VFFRPF are funded through legislative appropriation. Approximately 450 local governments, consisting of fire departments, emergency medical service districts and law enforcement agencies, contribute to the plan. In addition, the state contributes 40% of the fire insurance premium tax. Retirement benefits are established in Chapter 41.24 RCW and may be amended only by the Legislature.

The VFFRPF plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report, but is included in the comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) of the State of Washington. The State CAFR may be downloaded from the Office of Financial Management (OFM) website www.ofm.wa.gov.

Membership in the VFFRPF includes volunteer firefighters, emergency medical technicians, and commissioned reserve law enforcement officers of participating employers. After 25 years of active membership, members having reached the age of 65 and who have paid their annual retirement fee for 25 years are entitled to receive a monthly benefit of \$50 plus \$10 per year of service, for a maximum monthly benefit of \$300. Reduced pensions are available for members under the age of 65 or with less than 25 years of service.

Members are vested after ten years of service. The VFFRPF members earn no interest on contributions and may elect to withdraw their contributions upon termination. Death and active duty disability benefits are provided at no cost to the member. Death benefits in the line of duty consist of a lump sum of \$214,000 and funeral and burial expenses of \$2,000. Members receiving disability benefits at the time of death shall be paid \$500.

Contribution rates for emergency medical service districts (EMSD) and law enforcement agencies are set each year by the Board based on the actual cost of participation as determined by the Office of the State Actuary. All other contribution rates are set by the Legislature. Municipalities may opt to pay the member's fee on their behalf.

The contribution rates for 2018 were as follows:

VFFRPF				
			E	MSD &
	Firefi	ighters	Reser	we Officers
Municipality Fee	\$	30	\$	105
Member Fee		30		30
Total Fee	\$	60	\$	135

The City of Lakewood's actual contributions to the plan were \$1,890 for the year ended December 31, 2018. The City has opted to pay members' fees on their behalf. Contributions on behalf of members were \$60 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

In accordance with Chapter 41.24 RCW, the state contributes 40% of the fire insurance premium tax to the plan. For fiscal year 2018 the fire insurance premium tax contribution was \$7.2 million.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension asset for the VFFRPF was determined by an actuarial valuation by the Office of the State (OSA) as of June 30, 2016, and rolled forward to June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

- **Inflation:** 2.75%
- Salary Increases: N/A
- Investment Rate of Return: 7.0%

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of OSA's 2007-2012 Experience Study. Additional assumptions for subsequent events and law changes are current as of the 2017 valuation report.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 report's "Combined Healthy Table" and "Combined Disabled Table," published by the Society of Actuaries. The OSA applied offsets to the base table and recognized future improvements in mortality by projecting the mortality rates using 100% Scale BB. Mortality rates are applied on a generational basis, meaning, each member is assumed to receive additional mortality improvements in each future year throughout his or her lifetime.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total VFFRPF pension asset was 7%. To determine that rate, an asset sufficiency test was completed to test whether the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Consistent with current law, the completed asset sufficiency test included an assumed a 7% long-term discount rate to determine funding liabilities for calculating future contribution rate requirements. Consistent with long-term expected rate of return, a 7% future investment rate of return on invested assets was assumed for the test. Contribution from plan members, municipalities, and the state will be made at the contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

#### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VFFR2019PF pension plan investments of 7.4% was determined using a building-block method. In selecting this assumption, OSA reviewed the historical experience data, considered the historical conditions that produced past annual investment returns, and considered capital market assumptions and simulated expected investment returns provided by the Washington State Investment Board (WSIB). The WSIB uses the capital market assumptions and their target asset allocation to simulate future investment returns over various time horizons.

#### **Estimated Rates of Return by Asset Class**

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018, are summarized in the table below. The inflation component used to create the table is 2.2% and represents WSIB's most recent long-term estimate of broad economic inflation.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	% Long-Term Expected Rate of Return Arithmetic
Fixed Income	20%	1.7%
Tangible Assets	7%	4.9%
Real Estate	18%	5.8%
Global Equity	32%	6.3%
Private Equity	23%	9.3%
	100%	

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Asset

The following presets the City of Lakewood's proportionate share of the VFFRPF net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7%, as well as what the City of Lakewood's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6%) or 1-percentage point higher (8%) than the current rate.

			Current			
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% increase	
Asset Class	(6%)		(7%)		(8%)	
VFFRPF	\$	(8,420)	\$	(14,815)	\$	(20,519)

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the VFFRPF plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Washington CAFR.

# Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the City of Lakewood reported an asset of \$10,401 for its proportionate share of the VFFRPF plan's net position. The City of Lakewood's proportion of the net pension asset was based on actuarial contributions to the plan relative to total contributions of all participating municipalities. At June 30, 2017 the City of Lakewood's proportion was 0.03%

The VFFRPF collective net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the actuarial valuation date on which the total pension liability is based was on June 30, 2016, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the City of Lakewood recognized pension expense of \$1,890. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not material to the VFFRPF plan.

# NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City of Lakewood is a member of the Washington Cities Insurance Authority (WCIA). Utilizing Chapter 48.62 RCW (self-insurance regulation) and Chapter 39.34 RCW (Interlocal Cooperation Act), nine cities originally formed WCIA on January 1, 1981. WCIA was created for the purpose of providing a pooling mechanism for jointly purchasing insurance, jointly self-insuring, and / or jointly contracting for risk management services. WCIA has a total of 160 Members.

New members initially contract for a three-year term, and thereafter automatically renew on an annual basis. A one-year withdrawal notice is required before membership can be terminated. Termination does not relieve a former member from its unresolved loss history incurred during membership.

Liability coverage is written on an occurrence basis, without deductibles. Coverage includes general, automobile, police, errors or omissions, stop gap, employment practices and employee benefits liability. Limits are \$4 million per occurrence in the self-insured layer, and \$16 million in limits above the self-insured layer is provided by reinsurance. Total limits are \$20 million per occurrence subject to aggregates and sublimits. The Board of Directors determines the limits and terms of coverage annually.

Insurance for property, automobile physical damage, fidelity, inland marine, and boiler and machinery coverage are purchased on a group basis. Various deductibles apply by type of coverage. Property coverage is self-funded from the members' deductible to \$750,000, for all perils other than flood and earthquake, and insured above that to \$300 million per occurrence subject to aggregates and sublimits. Automobile physical damage coverage is self-funded from the members' deductible to \$100 million per occurrence subject to aggregates and sublimits.

In-house services include risk management consultation, loss control field services, and claims and litigation administration. WCIA contracts for certain claims investigations, consultants for personnel and land use issues, insurance brokerage, actuarial, and lobbyist services.

WCIA is fully funded by its members, who make annual assessments on a prospectively rated basis, as determined by an outside, independent actuary. The assessment covers loss, loss adjustment, and administrative expenses. As outlined in the interlocal, WCIA retains the right to additionally assess the membership for any funding shortfall.

An investment committee, using investment brokers, produces additional revenue by investment of WCIA's assets in financial instruments which comply with all State guidelines.

A Board of Directors governs WCIA, which is comprised of one designated representative from each member. The Board elects an Executive Committee and appoints a Treasurer to provide general policy direction for the organization. The WCIA Executive Director reports to the Executive Committee and is responsible for conducting the day to day operations of WCIA.

There were no settlements in excess of insurance for commercially insured activities for 1996 through 2018.

The following is a summary of coverage in force in 2018:

Schedule of Insurance in Force As of December 31, 2018						
Company	Policy Period	Details of Coverage	Limit			
WCIA	1/1/18 - 1/1/19	Liability Program (Auto, General, Police, Errors or Omissions, Employment Practices, Employee Benefit and Stop Gap)	\$25,000,000 per Occurrence Subject to Aggregates and Sub-Limits.			
WCIA	12/31/17 - 12/31/18	Property Program - Manuscript Policy All Risk Form	\$300,000,000 per occurrence. Sub-Limits: \$150,000,000 Earthquake per Occurrence and Annual Pool Aggregate; \$100,000,000 Flood per Occurrence and Annual Pool Aggregate, except \$50,000,000 Flood Sub-Limit within Flood Zones A and V. Other Sub-Limits may apply			
WCIA	12/31/17 - 12/31/18	Auto Physical Damage Program	Actual Cash Value for scheduled vehicles except optional replacement cost coverage for vehicles over \$25,000. Deductible waived for glass repair and damaged caused by fire or lightning.			
Hartford Steam Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company	12/1/17 - 12/1/18	Boiler and Machinery (Equipment Breakdown) Insurance	\$100,000,000 Equipment Breakdown subject to other applicable limits.			
National Union Fire Insurance Company	12/1/17 - 12/1/18	Crime/Fidelity Insurance Blanket Coverage	\$2,500,000 for: Employee Theft Per Loss Coverage, Forgery or Alteration, Inside Premises – Theft of Money and Securities, Inside Premises – Robbery or Safe Burglary of Other Property, Outside the Premises, Computer Fraud, Funds Transfer Fraud, Money Orders and Counterfeit Money, and Faithful Performance of Duty required by law.			
AIG Specialty Insurance Company	5/31/1 - 5/31/18 then 5/31/18 - 5/31/19	Information Security Insurance (Cyber Insurance)	\$10,000,000 Aggregate Pool Policy Limit and per Member \$1,000,000 Limit. Sublimits: 1,000,000 Security and Privacy Liability per Member; \$1,000,000 Regulatory Action per Member; \$1,000,000 Cyber Extortion; \$1,000000 PCI-DSS Assessment or Fine per Member; \$75,000 Affected Individuals Privacy Event Svc per Member; \$1,000,000 Event Mgmt Electronic Data and \$1,000,000 Event Mgmt Event Response per Member; and \$1,000,000 Cyber Extortion			
ACE American Insurance Company	3/16/17 - 3/16/18 then 3/16/18 - 3/16/19	Environmental Liability for Specified Fuel Storage Tanks	\$1,000,000 Per Storage Tank Incident Limit of Liability and \$2,000,000 Aggregate Limit of Liability for all Storage Tank Incidents; \$1,000,000 Aggregate Limit of Liability for all Legal Defense Expenses for all Storage Tank Incidents; \$3,000,000 Total Policy Aggregate Limit of Liability for all Storage Tank Incidents.			

## NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Arbitrage is the reinvestment of the proceeds of tax-exempt securities in materially higher-yielding taxable securities. The federal government requires that such excess earnings be remitted to the federal government (arbitrage rebate). The City reviewed the applicability of arbitrage rebate regulations on its outstanding general obligation and LID bonds and is in compliance with those regulations. The bonds issued by the City are not currently subject to arbitrage rebate as they fall under the small issuer exception (the face amount of the debt is \$5,000,000 or less).

The City has issued special assessment debt to provide funds for the residential infrastructure improvements. Special assessment bonds were created by ordinance, adopted by Council, and repaid from amounts levied against the property owners benefitted by the construction. A separate guaranty fund is available to cover most outstanding delinquencies at the end of the assessment period. The City's obligation doesn't extend beyond the guaranty fund assets. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service is due, the government must provide the resources to cover the deficiency until other resources, for example, foreclosure proceeds, are received. The City has an LID Guaranty Fund to finance any uncollectible special assessment debt. As of December 31, 2018, no amount of special assessment receivables was considered delinquent.

The City has four outstanding public works trust fund loans (PWTFL) in support of sewer extensions into the Tillicum and Woodbrook neighborhoods that are financed with an assessment on all Lakewood sewer accounts.

Compensated absences are a liability of the City for accrued vacation and compensatory time of employees. The liability for compensated absences in prior years has mainly been liquidated in the General Fund, and to a smaller extent, the Street Operations and Maintenance Fund, Street Capital Projects Fund and the Surface Water management fund.

Debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2018, is recapped in the chart that follows:

Description	Date of Issue	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue Amount		eginning of ar O/S Debt	Р	Prior eriod Adj	B	Adjusted Seginning Balance I/1/2018		Amount Issued	Amount Redeemed		End of Year O/S Debt	Dı	ue in One Year		ng-Term Portion
Governmental Activities																			
General Obligation Bonds																			
2009 LTGO	3/31/2009	12/1/2028	2.25% - 5.0%	\$ 2,695,000	\$	125,000	\$	-	\$	125,000	\$	-	\$ 125,000		-	\$	-	\$	-
2016 LTGO	4/19/2016	12/1/2028	1.40%-2.41%	1,884,032		1,884,032		-		1,884,032		-	-		1,884,032		173,234		1,710,798
LOCAL Financing	3/24/2015	12/1/2027	2.33%	1,460,000		1,275,000		-		1,275,000		-	100,000		1,175,000		105,000		1,070,000
Subtotal GO Bonds				\$6,039,032	\$	3,284,032	\$	-	\$	3,284,032	\$	-	\$ 225,000	\$	3,059,032	\$	278,234	\$	2,780,798
LOCAL Financing	3/24/2015	12/1/2027	n/a	207,849		160,217		-		160,217		-	17,321		142,896		17,321		125,575
Premium																			
Subtotal GO Bonds Premiu	ım			\$ 207,849	\$	160,217	\$	-	\$	160,217	\$	-	\$ 17,321	\$	142,896	\$	17,321	\$	125,575
Special Assessment Bonds																			
CLID 1101/1103	12/1/2006	12/1/2026	3.75% - 4.65%	2,824,704		460,000		-		460,000		-	100,000		360,000		150,000		210,000
LID 1108	1/18/2008	12/1/2027	4.22% - 5.30%	880,000		290,667		-		290,667		-	55,900		234,767		55,984		178,783
Subtotal Special Assessme	ent Bonds			\$3,704,704	\$	750,667	\$	-	\$	750,667	\$	-	\$ 155,900	\$	594,767	\$	205,984	\$	388,783
Notes Payable																			
59th Avenue	4/30/2005	4/30/2024	Varies	1,071,000		466,638		-		466,638		-	59,549		407,088		61,776		345,312
Subtotal Notes Payable				\$1,071,000	\$	466,638	\$	-	\$	466,638	\$	-	\$ 59,549	\$	407,088	\$	61,776	\$	345,312
Government Loans																			
PWTF-04-691-PRE-132	7/7/2005	7/7/2024	1.00%	593,864		208,006		-		208,006		-	29,715		178,291		29,715		148,576
PWTF-06-962-022	9/18/2006	9/18/2026	0.50%	5,000,000		2,650,339		-		2,650,339		-	294,482		2,355,857		294,482		2,061,375
PWTF - 08-951-025	3/1/2008	7/1/2028	0.50%	1,840,000		1,144,288		-		1,144,288		-	104,026		1,040,262		104,026		936,236
PWTF - 12-951-025	6/1/2012	6/1/2031	0.50%	500,000		500,000		-		500,000		-	35,714		464,286		35,714		428,571
Subtotal Government Loan	ıs			\$7,933,864	\$	4,502,633	\$	-	\$	4,502,633	\$	-	\$ 463,937	\$	4,038,695	\$	463,937	\$	3,574,758
HUD Loans																			
Section 108 Loan	8/31/2017	8/1/2020	Varies	141,000		141,000		-		141,000		-	47,000		94,000		47,000		47,000
Subtotal HUD Loans				\$ 141.000	\$	141.000	S	-	\$	141.000	\$	-	\$ 47.000	\$	94.000	S	47,000	\$	47,000
				¢ 111,000	Ψ	111,000	Ψ		Ψ	111,000	Ψ		•,000	Ψ	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ŷ	11,000	Ŷ	,000
Capital Lease																			
Copiers	10/1/2015	12/1/2018	-	60,018		20,896		-		20,896		-	20,897		-		-		-
Subtotal Government Capi	tal Leases			\$ 60,018	\$	20,896	\$		\$	20,896	\$		\$ 20,897	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Compensated Absences						2,595,518		2,557		2,598,075		3,279,657	3,185,963		2,691,769		807,531		1,884,238
Subtotal Governmental Ac	tivities				\$	11,921,600	\$	2,557	\$	11,924,157	\$	3,279,657	\$ 4,175,568	\$	11,028,248	\$	1,881,784	\$	9,146,464
Business-type Activities																			
Compensated absences						100,237		-		100,237		66,222	57,058		109,401		32,820		76,581
Subtotal Business-type Ac	ctivities				\$	100,237	\$	-	\$	100,237	\$	66,222	\$ 57,058	<u> </u>	109,401	\$	32,820	\$	76,581
				Total	\$1	12,021,837	\$	2,557	\$1	2,024,394	\$ 3	3,345,879	\$ 4,232,626	\$	11,137,649	\$ 1	1,914,604	\$ 9	9,223,045

The prior period adjustment of \$2,557 is due to compensated absences prior year beginning balance correction.

Future payment requirements on debt balances are as follows:

Year(s)	Principal	Interest
2019	1,066,932	153,451
2020	1,015,620	131,143
2021-2025	4,383,142	364,479
2026-2030	1,692,173	50,583
2031	35,714	179
Totals	\$ 8,193,582	\$ 699,834

### **HUD Section 108 Loans**

On August 31, 2017, the City entered into a Contract Loan Guarantee with Housing Urban Development for the overlay project 108<sup>th</sup> Street. The loan amount is \$141,000 to be paid with three years of CDBG entitlement funds. This was approved in the annual action plan and the note application. The security pledge is the City's full faith and credit. The interest rate is variable and is set by LIBOR. As of 12/31/2018 the outstanding principal balance for this loan is \$94,000.

A Section 108 Loan in the amount of \$700,000 was issued in 2014 for Curbside Motors Incorporated and another for \$310,000 in 2015 for Living Access Support Alliance by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to the City. The outstanding combined principal balance as of December 31, 2018, of \$908,000 is being repaid by a third party and, therefore, is not recognizable as debt on the City's long-term debt schedule.

### **Computation of Legal Debt Margin**

Under Washington State law (RCW 39.36.020), a City may incur general obligation debt for general city purposes in an amount not to exceed 2½ percent of the value of all taxable property within the City. State law requires all property to be assessed at 100 percent of its true and fair value. Unlimited tax general obligation debt requires an approving vote of the people, and any election to validate such general obligation debt must have a voter turnout of at least 40 percent of those who voted in the last State general election and of those voting; 60 percent must be in the affirmative. The City Council may, by ordinance, authorize the issuance of limited tax general obligation debt in an amount up to 1.5% of the valuation within the City without a vote of the people. No combination of limited or unlimited tax debt may exceed 7½ percent of the valuation. The debt service on unlimited tax debt is secured by excess property tax levies, whereas the debt service on limited tax debt is secured by property taxes collected with the City's council manic levy.

The City's assessed valuation for 2018 was \$6.0 billion and the total amount of debt the City may issue is \$447 million. Remaining legal debt capacities as of December 31, 2018 are:

Legally Remaining Debt Capacity As of December 31, 2018		
General Government (no vote required)	\$	86,575,626
General Government (3/5 majority vote required)		60,027,831
Parks and open space (3/5 majority vote required)		150,069,577
Utilities (3/5 majority vote required)		150,069,577
Total Capacity	\$ 4	446,742,611

### **Compensated Absences**

The City's liability for accrued vacation and compensatory time balances is recorded in the schedule below. Accrued compensated absences for proprietary fund employees are recorded as liabilities in those funds expected to incur the related future expense.

Compensated Absences							
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018							
Governmental Activities:							
Current Portion	\$	807,531					
Noncurrent Portion		1,884,238					
Subtotal Governmental Activities		2,691,769					
Business-Type Activities:							
Current Portion		32,820					
Noncurrent Portion		76,581					
Subtotal Business-Type Activities		109,401					
Total Compensated Absences	\$	2,801,170					

### Leases

*Building Leases:* In 2006, the City entered into a 5 year cancelable lease agreement with Pierce County to provide facilities for the Senior Center, which was renewed twice for a total of for 10 years. In 2015, the City switched to an annual renewal of the lease. Building lease payments for 2018 totaled \$61,750. Beginning in 2017, the City entered into a 3 year lease agreement with renewal options for 2 additional 1-year terms (2020 and 2021). The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year	Amount					
2019	\$	62,985				
2020	\$	64,220				
2021	\$	65,455				

*McGavick Center Lease*: In 2007, the City entered into an agreement with Clover Park Technical College to contribute 11% of the construction costs for the McGavick Center. The contribution is in equal installments of \$101,850 over 20 years. In return for the contribution, the City of Lakewood has use of the center for 18 days per year for a 30 year period to be used for tourism related activities. Lease payments to Clover Park Technical College for 2018 totaled \$101,850. The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year	Amount						
2019	\$ 101,850						
2020	\$ 101,850						
2021	\$ 101,850						

*Copier & Printer Leases:* The City previously entered into a twelve 60 month non-cancelable copier lease with Ricoh. Nine of the leases expired in March 2015; one lease expires in July of 2016; and the remaining two leases expired in 2018. Lease payments for existing copiers in 2015 were \$36,668. In October 2015 the City entered into a 38 month lease to own agreement with National Cooperative Leasing for 16 printers. The total lease amounts to \$82,853 with the lease to own portion amounting to \$60,018. Payments in 2018 were \$20,896. The agreement expired in 2018.

## NOTE 11 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2018, were as follows:

		Transfer From											
Interfund Transactions					Surface								
					Water	Non-Major							
			CDBG Grant	<b>Trans portation</b>	Management	Governmental	Internal						
		<b>General Fund</b>	Fund	CIP Fund	Fund	Funds	Service Funds	Total					
	General Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 284,700	\$ -	\$ 16,000	\$ 300,700					
$\mathbf{T}_{0}$	CDBG Fund	-	-		-	-	-	-					
sfer	Transportation CIP	1,045,635	112,997		1,451,101	3,434,095	374,426	6,418,255					
ans	Surface Water Management Fund	-	-		-	-	-	-					
$\mathbf{Tr}$	Non-Major Governmental Funds	2,982,252	-	20,409	248,150	1,417,981	-	4,668,792					
	Total	\$ 4,027,887	\$ 112,997	\$ 20,409	\$ 1,983,951	\$ 4,852,076	\$ 390,426	\$11,387,747					

The following describes the amounts transferred out during 2018:

General Fund:

- \$1.4 million to Street O&M Fund to subsidize street operations and maintenance
- \$250 thousand to the Property Abatement/Rental Housing Safety Program Fund for dangerous property abatements
- \$50 thousand for executive leadership contribution to South Sound Military Communities Partnership;
- \$399 thousand to the General Government Debt Service Fund for debt service payments;
- \$925 thousand to Parks CIP to fund various park capital projects; and
- \$1.0 million to the Transportation CIP Fund to fund various transportation capital projects.

## CDBG Fund:

• \$113 thousand to the Transportation CIP Fund to fund CDBG eligible transportation related capital projects.

Surface Water Management Fund:

- \$285 thousand to the General Fund for administrative fees and landscape maintenance;
- \$1.5 million to the Transportation CIP for SWM's share of transportation capital projects.
- \$248 thousand to the Parks CIP Fund for SWM's share of parks capital project.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

- \$16 thousand from the Fleet & Equipment Fund excess proceeds and replacement reserves to the General Fund;
- \$374 thousand from the Fleet & Equipment Fund excess proceeds and replacement reserves to the Transportation CIP Fund for various expenses;
- \$2.6 million from the REET Fund to the Transportation CIP Fund for various capital projects;
- \$359 thousand from the REET Fund to the Parks CIP Fund for various capital projects;
- \$842 thousand from the Transportation Benefit District Fund to the Transportation CIP Fund for various capital projects;
- \$955 thousand from the Hotel/Motel Lodging Tax Fund to the Parks CIP Fund for various capital projects;
- \$69 thousand from the Sewer Project Debt Fund to Sewer Project CIP Fund;
- \$20 thousand from the Transportation CIP fund to the Parks CIP Fund for Paths & Trails; and
- \$35 thousand from the Sanitary Sewer Connection Fund to the Sewer Project CIP Fund for engineering of N. Thorne Lane sewer extension.

The General Fund made the following interfund loans:

- \$23 thousand to the CDBG Fund to cover negative cash balance at the end of the year due to timing difference between when grant revenues and expenditures are recognized and when cash receipts and payments actually occur;
- \$45 thousand to the South Sound Military and Communities Partnership Fund to cover negative cash balance at the end of the year due to timing difference between when grant revenues and expenditures are recognized and when cash receipts and payments actually occur; and
- \$19 thousand to the Public Safety Grant Fund to cover negative cash balance at the end of the year due to timing difference between when grant revenues and expenditures are recognized and when cash receipts and payments actually occur.

## NOTE 12 – HEALTH AND WELFARE

The City of Lakewood is a member of the Association of Washington Cities Employee Benefit Trust Health Care Program (AWC Trust HCP). Chapter 48.62 RCW provides that two or more local government entities may, by Interlocal agreement under Chapter 39.34 RCW, form together or join a pool or organization for the joint purchasing of insurance, and/or joint self-insurance, to the same extent that they may individually purchase insurance, or self-insure.

An agreement to form a pooling arrangement was made pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 39.34 RCW, the Interlocal Cooperation Act. The AWC Trust HCP was formed on January 1, 2014 when participating cities, towns, and non-city entities of the AWC Employee Benefit Trust in the State of Washington joined together by signing an Interlocal Governmental Agreement to jointly self-insure certain health benefit plans and programs for participating employees, their covered dependents and other beneficiaries through a designated account within the Trust.

As of December 31, 2018, 257 cities/towns/non-city entities participate in the AWC Trust HCP.

The AWC Trust HCP allows members to establish a program of joint insurance and provides health and welfare services to all participating members. The AWC Trust HCP pools claims without regard to individual member experience. The pool is actuarially rated each year with the assumption of projected claims run-out for all current members. The AWC Trust HCP includes medical, dental and vision insurance through the following carriers: Kaiser Foundation Health Plan of Washington, Kaiser Foundation Health Plan of Washington Options, Inc., Regence BlueShield, Asuris Northwest Health, Delta Dental of Washington, and Vision Service Plan. Eligible members are cities and towns within the state of Washington. Non-City Entities (public agency, public corporation, intergovernmental agency, or political subdivision within the state of Washington) are eligible to apply for coverage into the AWC Trust HCP, submitting application to the Board of Trustees for review as required in the Trust Agreement.

Participating employers pay monthly premiums to the AWC Trust HCP. The AWC Trust HCP is responsible for payment of all covered claims. In 2018, the AWC Trust HCP purchased stop loss insurance for Regence/Asuris plans at an Individual Stop Loss (ISL) of \$1.5 million through Life Map, and Kaiser ISL at \$1 million with Companion Life through ASG Risk Management. The aggregate policy is for 200% of expected medical claims.

Participating employers contract to remain in the AWC HCP for a minimum of three years. Participating employers with over 250 employees must provide written notice of termination of all coverage a minimum of 12 months in advance of the termination date, and participating employers with under 250 employees must provide written notice of termination of all coverage a minimum of 6 months in advance of termination date. When all coverage is being terminated, termination will only occur on December 31. Participating employers terminating a group or line of coverage must notify the HCP a minimum of 60 days prior to termination. A participating employer's termination will not obligate that member to past debts, or further contributions to the HCP. Similarly, the terminating member forfeits all rights and interest to the HCP Account.

The operations of the Health Care Program are managed by the Board of Trustees or its delegates. The Board of Trustees is comprised of four regionally elected officials from Trust member cities or towns, the Employee Benefit Advisory Committee Chair and Vice Chair, and two appointed individuals from the AWC Board of Directors, who are from Trust member cities or towns. The Trustees or its appointed delegates review and analyze Health Care Program related matters and make operational decisions regarding premium contributions, reserves, plan options and benefits in compliance with Chapter 48.62 RCW. The Board of Trustees has decision authority consistent with the Trust Agreement, Health Care Program policies, Chapter 48.62 RCW and Chapter 200-110-WAC.

The accounting records of the Trust HCP are maintained in accordance with methods prescribed by the State Auditor's office under the authority of Chapter 43.09 RCW. The Trust HCP also follows applicable accounting standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). Year-end financial reporting is done on an accrual basis and submitted to the Office of the State Auditor as required by Chapter 200-110 WAC. The audit report for the AWC Trust HCP is available from the Washington State Auditor's office.

## NOTE 13 – CONTINGENCIES AND LITIGATION

The City Attorney estimates that the amount of actual and/or potential claims against the City as of December 31, 2018 is an amount that should fall within the insurance protection held by the City. Matters reported in previous years have resolved and paid through insurance or directly by the City.

## NOTE 14 – TAX ABATEMENTS

The City of Lakewood offers Multi-Unit Housing Tax Incentive Program per RCW 84.14.100. The purpose of the program is to encourage increased residential opportunities, including affordable housing opportunities, in cities that are required to plan or choose to plan under the growth management act within urban centers where the governing authority of the affected city has found there is insufficient housing opportunities, including affordable housing opportunities. It is further the purpose to stimulate the construction of new multifamily housing and the rehabilitation of existing vacant and underutilized buildings for multifamily housing in urban centers having insufficient housing opportunities that will increase and improve residential opportunities, including affordable housing opportunities, within these urban centers.

Thirty days after the anniversary of the date of the certificate of tax exemption and each year for the tax exemption period, the owner of the rehabilitated or newly constructed property must file with a designated authorized representative of the city an annual report indicating the following:

- (a) A statement of occupancy and vacancy of the rehabilitated or newly constructed property during the twelve months ending with the anniversary date;
- (b) A certification by the owner that the property has not changed use and, if applicable, that the property has been in compliance with the affordable housing requirements as described in RCW 84.14.020 since the date of the certificate approved by the city;
- (c) A description of changes or improvements constructed after issuance of the certificate of tax exemption; and
- (d) Any additional information requested by the city in regards to the units receiving a tax exemption.

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, the City of Lakewood abated property taxes totaling \$36,864 under this program, which included the following tax abatement agreements. The abatement amount is calculated using the difference between the assessed and taxable value which is multiplied by the applicable tax multiplier.

• The first entity's agreement went into effect in 2011 and runs through 2020. The 2018 abatement amounted to \$31,658.

- The second entity has two exemption agreements.
  - The first agreement went into effect in 2014 and runs through 2021. The 2018 abatement amounted to \$3,977.
  - The second agreement went into effect in 2015 and runs through 2024. The 2018 abatement amounted to \$1,229.

Because the amounts are related to the regular levy, rather than the excess levy, the program resulted in tax revenue of \$36,864 being shifted from program beneficiaries to other taxpayers and therefore no revenue loss to the City.

### NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On May 8, 2019, the City issued \$7,460,000 in Limited Tax General Obligation bonds to provide funds to finance transportation projects, which may include improvements and upgrades to non-motorized trail of Gravelly Lake Drive, street projects on Washington Boulevard and Steilacoom Boulevard, and sidewalks on Veterans Drive and Onyx Drive SW, and other capital purposes and pay costs of issuing the Bonds. Principal of the Bonds is payable annually on December 1 of each year from 2020 to 2038, inclusive. Interest on the Bonds is payable semiannually on each June 1 and December1, commencing on December 1, 2019. The Bonds constitute a general obligation of the City and are payable from property tax revenues of the City and such other money as is lawfully available, including real estate excise taxes (REET).



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# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

# City of Lakewood Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) LEOFF 2 As of June 30, 2018 Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.3547%	0.3452%	0.3379%	0.3406%
(asset) State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (7,200,919)	\$ (4,790,743)	\$ (1,965,200)	\$ (3,500,512)
associated with the employer	\$ (4,662,459)	\$ (3,107,666)	\$ (1,281,167)	\$ (2,314,541)
Total	\$(11,863,379)	\$ (7,898,409)	\$ (3,246,367)	\$ (5,815,053)
Covered payroll Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as	\$ 11,243,699	\$ 10,882,017	\$ 10,274,320	\$ 10,067,043
a percentage of covered employee payroll	-64.0%	-44.0%	-19.1%	-34.8%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	118.5%	113.4%	106.0%	111.7%
* 2015 is the first year of reporting, therefore, prior years'				

information is not available.

Note to schedule:

Significant methods and assumptions used in calculating the actuarial determined contribution are presented in Note 8.

# City of Lake wood Schedule of Employer Contributions LEOFF 2 As of December 31, 2018

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily or contractually required contributions Contributions in relation to the statutorily or contractually	\$ 631,767	\$ 580,241	\$ 544,089	\$ 516,402
required contributions	\$ (631,767)	\$ (580,241)	\$ (544,089)	\$ (516,402)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 11,545,187	\$ 11,003,434	\$ 10,844,951	\$ 9,525,162
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	5.5%	5.3%	5.0%	5.4%

\* 2015 is the first year of reporting, therefore, prior years' information is not available.

### Note to schedule:

Significant methods and assumptions used in calculating the actuarial determined contribution are presented in Note 8.

# **OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

### City of Lakewood Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

				Expenditures					
Federal Agency (Pass-Through		CFDA		From Pass- Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total	Passed through to Subrecipients	Note	
Agency)	Federal Program	Number	Other Award Number		14.400	11.00		Note	
Office of Economic Adjustment, Department of Defense	Community Economic Adjustment Assistance for Compatible Use and Joint	12.610	EN-1320-16-02	-	16,632	16,632	-		
r	Land Use Studies	12.610	EN-1320-18-04	-	265,608	265,608	-		
	•	•	Total CFDA 12.610:	-	282,239	282,239	-		
CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluste	r								
Assistant Secretary for Community	Community Development Block Grants /	14.218	B15MC5-30016	-	1,890	1,890	-		
Planning and Development, Department of	Entitlement Grants		B16MC5-30016	-	64,228	64,228	-		
Housing and Urban Development			B17MC5-30016	-	209,301	209,301	-		
C i		1	B18MC5-30016	-	136,772	136,772	-	3	
	Total	CDBG - Er	titlement Grants Cluster:	-	412,192	412,192	-		
Assistant Secretary for Community	Community Development Block	14.228	08-F6401-012	58,540	-	58,540	-		
	Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.220	0010001012	50,540		50,540			
Assistant Secretary for Community Planning and Development, Department of Housing and Urban Development (via Tacoma Community Redevelopment Authority)	Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	2017-027	123,714	-	123,714	39,709	4a	
US Department of Justice	Federal Bureau of Investigation - Pacific Northwest Innocence Lost	16.200862	2008-6-16	-	30,152	30,152	-		
	Federal Bureau of Investigation - Safe Streets Task Force	16.281DSE889 30	281D-SE-88930	-	17,464	17,464	-		
Office on Violence Against Women (OVW), Department of Justice (via Washington State Department of Commerce)	Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	F-17-31103-061	27,779	-	27,779	-		
Office on Violence Against Women (OVW), Department of Justice (via PC Sheriff)	Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	2018-008	5,401	-	5,401	-		
			Total CFDA 16.588:	33,180	_	33,180	-		
Office of Justice Programs, Department of Justice (via Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs)	Project Safe Neighborhoods	16.609	TBD	3,863	-	3,863	-		
Office Of Justice Programs, Department of Justice	Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2017-DJ-BX-0328	-	18,960	18,960	-		
	Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	WA0272300	-	3,096	3,096	-		

### City of Lakewood Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

					Expen	ditures		
				From Pass- Through	From Direct Awards		Passed through to	
Fadaral Acarer (Daar Thurson)		CEDA		Awards		Total	Subrecipients	
Federal Agency (Pass-Through		CFDA Number	Othen Arrowd Number					Note
	Federal Program	Number	Other Award Number					Note
Highway Planning and Construction Federal Highway Administration,	Cluster Highway Planning and Construction	20,205	NUCLOT USED 2020(001)	156.384	1	156.384		1
Department of Transportation (via US	Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	WSDOT - HSIP-2920(001) WSDOT - CM-3136(007)	365,618	-	365,618	-	
Department of Transportation (via CS			WSDOT - HSIP-000S(424)	648,350	-	648,350		
Department of Transportation)			WSDOT - HSIP-3000(003)	610,171		610,171	-	
			WSDOT - SRTS-2919(001)	426,979	-	426,979	-	
			WSDOT - SRTS-2921(002)	481,627	-	481,627	-	
			WSDOT - TAP-3082(001)	2,288	-	2,288	-	
			WSDOT-HSIP-3136(005)	1,929,000	-	1,929,000	-	
	Total Highw	ay Planning	and Construction Cluster:	4,620,417	-	4,620,417	-	
Highway Safety Cluster								
National Highway Traffic Safety	State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	2018-HVE-2374	1,061	-	1,061	-	
Administration, Department of								
Transportation (via Washington Traffic			2019-HVE-3293	2,422	-	2,422	-	
Safety Commission)								
			Total CFDA 20.600:	3,483	-	3,483	-	
National Highway Traffic Safety	National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	2018-HVE-2374	5,310	-	5,310	-	
Administration, Department of			2019-HVE-3293	2.453	-	2,453	-	
Transportation (via Washington Traffic				,				
Safety Commission)			2446-AG-1939	8,462	-	8,462	-	
			Total CFDA 20.616:	16,225	-	16,225	-	
		Tota	al Highway Safety Cluster:	19,709	-	19,709	-	
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, Department of Transportation (via Washington Traffic Safety Commission)	Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated	20.608	2018-HVE-2374	3,000	-	3,000	-	
U.S. Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security (via Washington State Parks and Recreation Commission)	Boating Safety Financial Assistance	97.012	3318FAS180153	15,965	_	15,965	_	
Federal Emergency Management Agency, Department of Homeland Security (via	Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	EMPG E18-103	16,695	-	16,695	16,695	4b
Washington State Military Department)			EMPG E19-160	16,633	-	16,633	16,633	4c
	l	l	Total CFDA 97.042:	33,327	-	33,327	33,328	
Federal Emergency Management Agency, Department of Homeland Security (via PC Department of Emergency Management)	Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	FFY16 SHSP-E246	23,096	-	23,096		7
Total Federal Awards Expended:	I			4,934,810	764,103	5,698,914	73,037	

### CITY OF LAKEWOOD NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

### NOTE 1 - BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

This schedule is prepared on the same basis of accounting as the City of Lakewood's financial statements. The city uses the accrual method of accounting.

### NOTE 2 - PROGRAM COSTS

The amounts shown as current year expenditures represent only the federal grant portion of the program costs. Entire program costs, including the City of Lakewood's portion, are more than shown. Such expenditures are recognized following as applicable, either the cost principles in the OMB Circular, A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, or the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### NOTE 3 - REVOLVING LOAN FUND - PROGRAM INCOME

The city administers a revolving loan program for CDBG Down -Payment Assistance, Major Home Repairs, and Economic Development Loans. Under this federal program, repayments to the city program are considered program revenue (income) and loans of such funds to eligible recipients are considered expenditures. The amount of loan funds disbursed to participants for the year was \$92,995 and is presented in the schedule. The amount of loan repayments for the year was \$133,450.

### NOTE 4 - AMOUNTS AWARDED TO SUBRECIPIENTS

Included in the total amount expended for this program is a)\$38,845 Habitat for Humanity and \$864 Homeownership Center of Tacoma; b)\$16,695 West Pierce Fire & Rescue; c)\$16,633 West Pierce Fire & Rescue

### NOTE 5 - LOAN GUARANTEE

Section 108 Loans approved by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

### Prior Years Federal Loans

1) Curbside Motors Incorporated in the amount of \$700,000 with the loan term from 2014 - 2035. The loan balance as of 12/31/2018 is \$598,000.

2) Living Access Support Alliance in the amount of \$310,000 with the loan term from 2015 - 2035. The loan balance as of 12/31/2018 is \$310,000.

3) 108th St. Road Improvement in the amount of \$140,000 with a loan term of 2017 - 2020. The loan balance of 12/31/2018 is \$94,000. This loan will

be paid back using CDBG entitlement grant funds.

The City of Lakewood participates in the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Section 108 Loan Guarantee Program in order to leverage economic development projects. The City is able to guarantee up to five times its annual CDBG allocation. The block grant is partial guarantee for the loan, and no City funds are pledged for the 108 loans. The Zion's Bank serves as the City's custodian under a custodial agreement disbursing the Section 108 funds to the borrower, receiving loan payments from the borrower, and remitting the repayments to HUD.

### NOTE 6 - INDIRECT COST RATE

The City of Lakewood has not elected to use the 10-percent de minims indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### NOTE 7 - NON-CASH AWARDS - EQUIPMENT

The City of Lakewood received equipment that was purchased with Federal Homeland Security Funds through the Washington State Military Department. The amount reported on the Schedule \$23,095.67 is the value of the property on the date it was received by the City of Lakewood and priced by the Pierce County Department of Emergency Management.

# **COMBINING STATEMENTS**



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### Combining Statement – Nonmajor Governmental Funds Description For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

## Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

### **Debt Service Funds**

Debt Service Funds accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of special assessment bond principal, interest and related costs. Revenues for this fund consist of special assessments.

## **Capital Projects Funds**

Capital Project Funds account for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities with the exception of those facilities financed by proprietary and trust funds. The major sources of revenue for this fund are real estate excise tax, motor vehicle excise tax, grants from other agencies, and contributions from other funds.

## City of Lakewood Combining Governmental Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds Summary by Fund Type December 31, 2018

ASSETS	Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Funds		Capital Projects Funds		Gov	l Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,295,713	\$	1,070,144	\$	2,617,901	\$	5,983,758
Due from other governments	φ	2,293,713	φ	1,070,144	φ	2,017,901	φ	252,223
Notes/contracts receivable		221,223		49,078		25,000		49,078
Special assessments receivable		337,271		49,078		-		337,271
Taxes Receivable		,		-		-		950,849
Total assets		<u>950,849</u> 3,811,056		1,119,222		2,642,901		7,573,179
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		185,205		-		104,824		290,029
Payable to other governments		2,096		-				2,096
Custodial deposits		130,491		-		-		130,491
Unearned revenue		7,750		-		908		8,658
Contracts payable		-		-		104,176		104,176
Other accrued liabilities		80,889		-		6,761		87,650
Total liabilities		470,337		-		216,669		687,006
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue		337,271		49,078		_		386,349
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of		337,271		19,070				500,515
resources		807,608		49,078		216,669		1,073,355
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)								
Restricted		2,509,683		1,070,144		-		3,579,827
Committed		493,765		-		2,426,232		2,919,997
Total fund balances (deficits)		3,003,452		1,070,144		2,426,232		6,499,828
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund		7 7 -		, ,		, -,		, ,
balances (deficits)	\$	3,811,056	\$	1,119,222	\$	2,642,901	\$	7,573,179

# City of Lakewood Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Summary by Fund Type For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Funds	tal Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
REVENUES				 			
Taxes	\$	4,586,400	\$ -	\$ -	\$	4,586,400	
Licenses and permits		164,062	-	-		164,062	
Intergovernmental		2,437,135	-	25,000		2,462,135	
Charges for goods and services		561,517	673,892	211,609		1,447,018	
Interest and other earnings		86,062	17,739	26,758		130,559	
Miscellaneous		228,651	14,565	2,410		245,626	
Contributions and donations		24,260	-	162,250		186,510	
Total revenues		8,088,087	706,196	 428,027		9,222,310	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public safety		352,390	-	-		352,390	
Utilities and environment		-	-	25,594		25,594	
Transportation		2,394,248	-	-		2,394,248	
Economic environment		1,446,492	-	40,776		1,487,268	
Natural environment		-	-	-		-	
Culture and recreation		19,061	-	64,303		83,364	
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		-	748,487	-		748,487	
Interest and other debt service costs		-	137,850	-		137,850	
Capital outlay:							
Capital		1,201,028		 2,144,649		3,345,677	
Total expenditures		5,413,219	886,337	2,275,322		8,574,878	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				 			
expenditures		2,674,868	(180,141)	 (1,847,295)		647,432	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from sale of assets		-	-	-		-	
Transfers in		1,658,130	398,847	2,611,815		4,668,792	
Transfers out		(4,748,081)	(68,995)	 (35,000)		(4,852,076)	
Total other financing source (uses)		(3,089,951)	329,852	 2,576,815		(183,284)	
Net change in fund balances		(415,083)	149,711	729,520		464,148	
Fund balances - beginning		3,418,535	920,433	 1,696,712		6,035,680	
Fund balances - ending	\$	3,003,452	\$ 1,070,144	\$ 2,426,232	\$	6,499,828	

# Combining Statement – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Description For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

The *Street Operations and Maintenance Fund* is used to account for the receipts and disbursements associated with City planning, establishing, repairing and maintaining City streets, sidewalks, and appurtenances, including pedestrian and bicycle paths, lanes and routes. The fund is supported primarily by an interfund transfer from the General Fund, motor vehicle fuel tax and permits to a much lesser degree. Primary areas of service are transportation planning, traffic operations and maintenance, neighborhood traffic services, snow and ice response, and street maintenance.

The *Real Estate Excise Tax Fund* is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of the first and second 0.25 percent real estate excise tax and other revenue sources that may be authorized by the City Council. The first 0.25 percent real estate excise tax is authorized by RCW 82.46.010, and dedicated for the capital purposes defined in RCW 35.43.040. Such expenditures include public buildings and facilities, parks, and debt service associated with such capital-oriented projects. The second 0.25 percent real estate tax authorized by the Growth Management Act RCW 82.46.035. These revenues are restricted to financing capital projects specified in a capital facilities plan.

The *Transportation Benefit District Fund* is used to account for the annual \$20 vehicle license fee (VLF) revenues used to fund specific transportation projects. Proceeds from the VLF are transferred to Fund 302 Transportation Capital Projects to provide funding of those specific projects.

The *Hotel/Motel Lodging Tax Fund* is used to account for the hotel/motel lodging tax revenues and associated disbursements. RCW 67.28 authorizes a transient rental tax of up to two percent for lodging at hotels, motels, private campgrounds, RV parks and similar facilities. RCW 67.28 also authorizes a five percent special hotel/motel tax on the same base. The expenditures from this fund must adhere to the governing state statutes, which limit the expenditures to those costs related to tourism promotion, and acquisition and/or operation of tourism-related facilities.

The *Property Abatement Fund/Rental Housing Safety Program* accounts for property abatement and rental housing safety program activity. The property abatement portion of this fund accounts for projects that the City has identified and processed through the abatement program. All revenues from the rightful recovery of those project expenses, along with all revenues from fees, fines, and interest, and other rightful recoveries from those projects are deposited into the fund for the purpose of funding additional abatement projects. The rental housing safety program portion of this fund accounts for the registration program fees and associated expenditures of administering this program. The program requires all residential rental properties (apartments, single family homes, duplexes, etc.) within Lakewood city limits to be registered. The program is designed to ensure that all rental housing units comply with specific life and safety standards and are providing a safe place for tenants to live.

The *Public Art Fund*'s sole purpose is to account for the revenue from the fees charged for the rental of the McGavick Center by the City and expenditure of that revenue for approved public art activities.

The *Narcotics Seizure Fund* was established for the purposes of tracking assets seized as a result of involvement with the illegal sale, possession, or distribution of drugs or controlled substances, and for the purchase of controlled substances or drugs by law enforcement officers or agents, as well as for such other expenses the City determines to be reasonably connected with public safety activity.

The *Felony Seizure Fund* accounts for assets seized by the police department under RCW 10.105.101 and the related expenditures. The statute authorizes the seizure of assets that have been or was actually employed as an instrumentality in the commission of, or in aiding or abetting in the commission of any felony, or which was furnished or was intended to be furnished by any person in the commission of, as a result of, or as compensation for the commission of, any felony, or which was acquired in whole or in part with proceeds traceable to the commission of a felony.

The *Federal Seizure Fund* was established to track the revenues associated with assets seized as a result of the police department working in conjunction with federal law enforcement. The fund also accounts for public safety expenditures funded by those revenues.

The *Neighborhood Stabilization Program Fund* accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with the Federal Neighborhood Stabilization Program Grant. The NSP was established for the purpose of stabilizing communities that have suffered from foreclosures and abandonment. The NSP1 program provides funds to purchase and redevelop foreclosed and abandoned homes and residential properties. The NSP3 program provides a third round of neighborhood stabilization grants to all states and select governments on a formula basis.

The Office of Economic Adjustment Grant (OEA)/South Sound Military Communities Partnership Fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with the Federal Office of Economic Adjustment Grant Program, which provides grants to assist communities with the alleviation of socioeconomic effects that may result from military base closures and realignments. This fund also accounts for all activity associated with the South Sound Military Communities Partnership.

The *Public Safety Grants Fund* accounts for the revenues and expenditures related to police department grants and local revenues.

### City of Lakewood Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2018

	Oper	Street rations & ntenance		l Estate ise Tax		portation ĩt District		Hotel/ Motel dging Tax	Aba I H	roperty atement/ Rental ousing Safety	Put	olic Art
ASSETS	<b>.</b>		<b>.</b>		<i>.</i>		<i>.</i>		÷		<i>.</i>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	842	\$	10,657	\$	141,325	\$	1,046,924	\$	479,231	\$	24,886
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		-		-
Special assessments receivable		-		-		-		-		196,898		-
Taxes Receivable		130,840	_	698,759		-		121,250		-	·	-
Total assets		131,682		709,416		141,325		1,168,174		676,129		24,886
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable		71,235		_		-		2,971		820		_
Payable to other governments		354		_		-		_,, , , _		-		_
Custodial deposits		1,491		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue				-		-		-		-		-
Other accrued liabilities		58,602		-		-		-		9,532		_
Interfund loan payable		-		_		-		-		-		_
Total liabilities		131,682		-		-		2,971		10,352		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable revenue		-		-		-		-		196,898		-
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of												
resources		131,682						2,971		207,250		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)												
Restricted		-		709,416		141,325		1,165,203		-		-
Committed		-		-		-		-		468,879		24,886
Total fund balances (deficits)		-		709,416		141,325		1,165,203		468,879		24,886
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund												
balances (deficits)	\$	131,682	\$	709,416	\$	141,325	\$	1,168,174	\$	676,129	\$	24,886

### City of Lakewood Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2018

	Narcotics Seizure	Felony Seizure	Federal Seizure	NSP Grant	OEA Grant/ SSMCP	Public Safety Grants	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
ASSETS	\$ 384,022	\$ 107,622	\$ -	\$ 100.204	\$ -	\$-	\$ 2.295.713
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments	\$ 384,022 13,075	\$ 107,022	ф -	\$ 100,204	ء - 161,641	\$ - 52,507	\$ 2,295,713 227,223
6	13,075	-	-	-	101,041	52,507	,
Special assessments receivable Taxes Receivable	-	-	-	140,373	-	-	337,271
	- 207.007	- 107 (22			- 161 641	-	950,849
Total assets	397,097	107,622		240,577	161,641	52,507	3,811,056
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	37,872	3,208	-	10,990	25,562	32,547	185,205
Payable to other governments	1,738	-	-	-	4	-	2,096
Custodial deposits	39,630	89,370	-	-	-	-	130,491
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	-	7,750	-	7,750
Other accrued liabilities	1,496	-	-	581	9,640	1,038	80,889
Interfund loan payable	-	-	-	-	44,984	18,922	63,906
Total liabilities	80,736	92,578		11,571	87,940	52,507	470,337
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue	-	-	-	140,373	-	-	337,271
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of							
resources	80,736	92,578		151,944	87,940	52,507	807,608
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)							
Restricted	316,361	15,044	-	88,633	73,701	-	2,509,683
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	493,765
Total fund balances (deficits)	316,361	15,044		88,633	73,701		3,003,448
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund							
balances (deficits)	\$ 397,097	\$ 107,622	\$ -	\$ 240,577	\$ 161,641	\$ 52,507	\$ 3,811,056

### City of Lakewood Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Street Operations and Maintenance	Real Estate Excise Tax	Transportation Benefit District	Hotel/Motel Lodging Tax	Property Abatement/ Rental Housing Safety	Public Art
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 2,695,355	\$ 835,710	\$ 1,055,335	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	164,062	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	860,015	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for goods and services	-	-	-	-	317,378	-
Interest and other earnings	-	14,061	3,906	22,883	35,430	349
Miscellaneous	536	-	-	-	-	24,000
Contributions and donations	200	-	-			
Total revenues	1,024,813	2,709,416	839,616	1,078,218	352,808	24,349
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation	2,394,248	-	-	-	-	-
Economic environment	-	-	-	470,793	381,525	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	19,061
Capital outlay:						
Capital	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	2,394,248	-	-	470,793	381,525	19,061
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	(1,369,435)	2,709,416	839,616	607,425	(28,717)	5,288
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b> Transfers in Transfers out	1,358,130	- (2,950,823)	- (841,797)	(955,461)	250,000	-
Total other financing source (uses)	1,358,130	(2,950,823)	(841,797)	(955,461)	250,000	
	1,000,100	(2,700,020)				
Net change in fund balances	(11,305)	(241,407)	(2,181)	(348,036)	221,283	5,288
Fund balances - beginning	11,305	950,823	143,506	1,513,239	247,596	19,598
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ 709,416	\$ 141,325	\$ 1,165,203	\$ 468,879	\$ 24,886

### City of Lakewood Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		cotics izure		elony eizure		deral	NS	SP Grant	OEA Grant/ SSMCP	Public Safety Grants	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
REVENUES	<b>.</b>		<i>•</i>		<i>•</i>		<i>•</i>		<u>^</u>	<b>^</b>	<b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,586,400
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-	-	-	164,062
Intergovernmental		-		-		736		-	1,464,107	112,277	2,437,135
Charges for goods and services		27,557		-		-		36,982	179,600	-	561,517
Interest and other earnings		4,712		-		-		4,721	-	-	86,062
Miscellaneous		172,938		30,841		-		-	336	-	228,651
Contributions and donations		-		-		-		-	2,910	21,150	24,260
Total revenues		205,207		30,841		736		41,703	1,646,953	133,427	8,088,087
EXPENDITURES											
Current:		154 505		(1.1.(0)		2.007				100 107	252 200
Public safety		154,707		61,160		3,096		-	-	133,427	352,390
Transportation Economic environment		-		-		-		-	-	-	2,394,248
		-		-		-		58,540	535,634	-	1,446,492
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-	-	-	19,061
Capital outlay:		10.001							1 100 107		1 201 020
Capital		18,901		-		-		-	1,182,127	- 122.427	1,201,028
Total expenditures		173,608		61,160		3,096		58,540	1,717,761	133,427	5,413,219
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		21 500		(20.210)		(2.260)		(1 < 0.27)	(70,000)		0 (74.0(0)
over expenditures		31,599		(30,319)		(2,360)		(16,837)	(70,808)		2,674,868
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in		-		-		-		-	50,000	-	1,658,130
Transfers out		-		-		-		-			(4,748,081)
Total other financing source (uses)		-							50,000		(3,089,951)
Net change in fund balances		31,599		(30,319)		(2,360)		(16,837)	(20,808)	-	(415,083)
Fund balances - beginning		284,762		45,363		2,360		105,470	94,509		3,418,535
Fund balances - ending	\$	316,361	\$	15,044	\$	-	\$	88,633	\$ 73,701	\$ -	\$ 3,003,448

## City of Lakewood Street Operations and Maintenance Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts			Varia	nce with
	0	riginal		Final	1	Actual	Final	Budget
REVENUES								
Licenses and permits	\$	96,000	\$	96,000	\$	164,062	\$	68,062
Intergovernmental		870,000		862,399		860,015		(2,384)
Charges for goods and services		1,000		1,000		-		(1,000)
Miscellaneous		2,500		2,500		536		(1,964)
Contributions and donations						200		200
Total revenues		969,500		961,899		1,024,813		62,914
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Transportation		2,008,711		2,380,770		2,394,248		13,478
Capital Outlay		15,000		27,000		-		(27,000)
Total expenditures		2,023,711		2,407,770		2,394,248		(13,522)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(1,054,211)		(1,445,871)		(1,369,435)		76,436
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		1,054,211		1,434,566		1,358,130		(76,436)
Total other financing source (uses)		1,054,211		1,434,566		1,358,130		(76,436)
Net change in fund balances		-		(11,305)		(11,305)		-
Fund balances - beginning		-		11,305		11,305		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

# City of Lakewood Real Estate Excise Tax Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with		
	(	Driginal		Final	Actual		Final Budget		
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	1,300,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,695,355	\$	695,355	
Interest and other earnings		-		-		14,061		14,061	
Total revenues		1,300,000		2,000,000		2,709,416		709,416	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Total expenditures		-		-		-		-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		1,300,000		2,000,000		2,709,416		709,416	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out		(1,513,465)		(2,950,823)		(2,950,823)		-	
Total other financing source (uses)		(1,513,465)		(2,950,823)		(2,950,823)		-	
Net change in fund balances		(213,465)		(950,823)		(241,407)		709,416	
Fund balances - beginning		319,249		950,823		950,823		-	
Fund balances - ending	\$	105,784	\$	-	\$	709,416	\$	709,416	

# City of Lakewood Transportation Benefit District

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

		Budgeted .	Amount	ts			Varia	nce with
	0	riginal		Final	Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	689,000	\$	814,000	\$	835,710	\$	21,710
Interest and other earnings		-		-		3,906		3,906
Total revenues		689,000		814,000		839,616		25,616
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Transportation		2,500		-		-		-
Total expenditures		2,500		-		-		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		686,500		814,000		839,616		25,616
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(682,500)		(957,506)		(841,797)		115,709
Total other financing source (uses)		(682,500)		(957,506)		(841,797)		115,709
Net change in fund balances		4,000		(143,506)		(2,181)		141,325
Fund balances - beginning		4,000		143,506		143,506		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	8,000	\$	-	\$	141,325	\$	141,325

## City of Lakewood Hotel/Motel Lodging Tax Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts			Variance with		
	0	riginal		Final	Actual		Final Budget		
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	600,000	\$	700,000	\$	1,055,335	\$	355,335	
Interest and other earnings		-		-		22,883		22,883	
Total revenues		600,000		700,000		1,078,218		378,218	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Economic environment		600,000		530,411		470,793		(59,618)	
Total expenditures		600,000		530,411		470,793		(59,618)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		169,589		607,425		437,836	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out		(50,000)		(955,460)		(955,461)		(1)	
Total other financing source (uses)		(50,000)		(955,460)		(955,461)		(1)	
Net change in fund balances		(50,000)		(785,871)		(348,036)		437,835	
Fund balances - beginning		469,290		1,513,239		1,513,239		-	
Fund balances - ending	\$	419,290	\$	727,368	\$	1,165,203	\$	437,835	

## City of Lakewood Property Abatement/Rental Housing Safety Program Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with		
	0	riginal		Final	1	Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES									
Charges for goods and services	\$	270,319	\$	255,000	\$	317,378	\$	62,378	
Interest and other earnings		-		-		35,430		35,430	
Total revenues		270,319		255,000		352,808		97,808	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Economic environment		248,671		603,512		381,525		(221,987)	
Total expenditures		248,671		603,512		381,525		(221,987)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		21,648		(348,512)		(28,717)		319,795	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		125,000		250,000		250,000		-	
Transfer out		-		(149,085)		-		149,085	
Total other financing source (uses)		125,000		100,915		250,000		149,085	
Net change in fund balances		146,648		(247,597)		221,283		468,880	
Fund balances - beginning		4,889		247,597		247,596		(1)	
Fund balances - ending	\$	151,537	\$	-	\$	468,879	\$	468,879	

# City of Lakewood Public Art Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

	Budgeted Amounts						Varia	nce with
	0	riginal		Final	А	ctual	Fina	lBudget
REVENUES								
Interest and other earnings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	349	\$	349
Miscellaneous		10,000		15,000		24,000		9,000
Total revenues	,	10,000		15,000		24,349		9,349
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Culture and recreation		2,000		34,598		19,061		(15,537)
Total expenditures		2,000		34,598		19,061		(15,537)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		8,000		(19,598)		5,288		24,886
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Total other financing source (uses)				-		-		-
Net change in fund balances		8,000		(19,598)		5,288		24,886
Fund balances - beginning		19,074		19,598		19,598		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	27,074	\$	-	\$	24,886	\$	24,886

# City of Lakewood Narcotics Seizure Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

		Budgeted A	Amoun	ts			Varia	ince with
	Orig	ginal		Final	Actual		Fina	l Budget
REVENUES	-							
Charges for goods and services	\$	-	\$	26,042	\$	27,557	\$	1,515
Interest and other earnings		-		-		4,712		4,712
Miscellaneous		75,000		75,000		172,938		97,938
Total revenues		75,000		101,042		205,207		104,165
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety		75,000		385,804		154,707		(231,097)
Capital Outlay		-		-		18,901		18,901
Total expenditures		75,000		385,804		173,608		(212,196)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-	-	(284,762)		31,599		316,361
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Total other financing source (uses)		-		-		-		-
Net change in fund balances		-		(284,762)		31,599		316,361
Fund balances - beginning		532		284,762		284,762		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	532	\$	-	\$	316,361	\$	316,361

# City of Lakewood Felony Seizure Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with	
	Original Final		Final	Actual		Final Budget			
REVENUES									
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	50,000	\$	30,841	\$	(19,159)	
Total revenues				50,000		30,841		(19,159)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Public safety		-		95,363		61,160		(34,203)	
Total expenditures		-		95,363		61,160		(34,203)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures				(45,363)		(30,319)		15,044	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Total other financing source (uses)		-		-		-		-	
Net change in fund balances		-		(45,363)		(30,319)		15,044	
Fund balances - beginning		-		45,363		45,363		-	
Fund balances - ending	\$	_	\$	-	\$	15,044	\$	15,044	

# City of Lakewood Federal Seizure Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with	
	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget		
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	736	\$	(74,264)	
Total revenues		75,000		75,000		736		(74,264)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Public safety		104,900		77,360		3,096		(74,264)	
Total expenditures		104,900		77,360		3,096		(74,264)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(29,900)		(2,360)		(2,360)		-	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Total other financing source (uses)		-				-		-	
Net change in fund balances		(29,900)		(2,360)		(2,360)		-	
Fund balances - beginning		150,100		2,360		2,360		-	
Fund balances - ending	\$	120,200	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

## City of Lakewood National Stabilization Program (NSP) Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with	
	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget		
REVENUES									
Charges for goods and services	\$	94,716	\$	80,000	\$	36,982	\$	(43,018)	
Interest and other earnings		-		-		4,721		4,721	
Total revenues		94,716		80,000		41,703		(38,297)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Economic environment		95,392		185,469		58,540		(126,929)	
Total expenditures		95,392		185,469		58,540		(126,929)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(676)		(105,469)		(16,837)		88,632	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Total other financing source (uses)		-		-		-		-	
Net change in fund balances		(676)		(105,469)		(16,836)		88,633	
Fund balances - beginning		676		105,469		105,469		-	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	88,633	\$	88,633	

## City of Lakewood OEA Grant/SSMCP Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with	
	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget		
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$	176,805	\$	2,442,077	\$	1,464,107	\$	(977,970)	
Charges for goods and services		-		227,100		179,600		(47,500)	
Miscellaneous		-		-		336		336	
Contributions and donations		-		-		2,910		2,910	
Total revenues		176,805		2,669,177		1,646,953		(1,022,224)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Economic environment		226,805		761,188		535,634		(225,554)	
Capital Outlay		-		1,950,000		1,182,127		(767,873)	
Total expenditures		226,805		2,711,188		1,717,761		(993,427)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(50,000)		(42,011)		(70,808)		(28,797)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		50,000		50,000		50,000		-	
Total other financing source (uses)		50,000		50,000		50,000		-	
Net change in fund balances		-		7,989		(20,808)		(28,797)	
Fund balances - beginning		-		94,509		94,509		-	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	102,498	\$	73,701	\$	(28,797)	

# City of Lakewood Public Safety Grants Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

	Budgeted Amounts							ance with
	Orig	ginal		Final	1	Actual	Fina	al Budget
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	137,078	\$	112,277	\$	(24,801)
Contributions and donations		-		-		21,150		21,150
Total revenues		-		137,078		133,427		(3,651)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety		-		137,078		133,427		(3,651)
Total expenditures		-		137,078		133,427		(3,651)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures								-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Total other financing source (uses)		-		-		-		-
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		-		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-



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#### Combining Statement – Nonmajor Debt Service Funds Description For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

The General Obligation Debt Service Fund accounts for General Obligation Bonds.

The *Sewer Project Debt Service* Fund accounts for the Public Works Trust Fund Loans that the City secured to fund both sewer main construction and the side sewer construction loan program. (The City completed construction of the sewer main and donated it to Pierce County in 2012.)

The *LID Guaranty Debt Service Fund* fund was created in conjunction with establishing the permanent financing of CLID 1101-1103. It also accounts for the guaranty funds connected with LID 1108.

# City of Lakewood Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Funds December 31, 2018

ASSETS	General Obligation Debt Service		Sewer Project Debt		LID Guaranty		Del	l Nonmajor ot Service Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	940,457	\$	129,687	\$	1,070,144
Notes/contracts receivable		-		49,078		-		49,078
Total assets		-		989,535		129,687		1,119,222
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		_	-	-				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue		-		49,078		-		49,078
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of								
resources				49,078				49,078
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)								
Restricted		-		940,457		129,687		1,070,144
Total fund balances (deficits)		_		940,457		129,687		1,070,144
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund								
balances (deficits)	\$		\$	989,535	\$	129,687	\$	1,119,222

# City of Lakewood Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

	General	Sewer		Total Nonmajor	
	Obligation	Project		Debt Service	
	Debt Service	Debt	LID Guaranty	Funds	
REVENUES	Dest berrie		<u>Lind</u> Guaranty	Tunus	
Charges for goods and services	\$ -	\$ 673,892	\$ -	\$ 673,892	
Interest and other earnings	-	14,979	2,760	17,739	
Miscellaneous	-	14,565	-	14,565	
Total revenues		703,436	2,760	706,196	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Debt service:					
Principal	284,549	463,938	-	748,487	
Interest and other debt service costs	114,298	23,552		137,850	
Total expenditures	398,847	487,490		886,337	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(398,847)	215,946	2,760	(180,141)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	398,847	-	-	398,847	
Transfers Out		(68,995)		(68,995)	
Total other financing source (uses)	398,847	(68,995)		329,852	
Net change in fund balances	-	146,951	2,760	149,711	
Fund balances - beginning		793,506	126,927	920,433	
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ 940,457	\$ 129,687	\$ 1,070,144	

# City of Lakewood General Obligation Debt Service

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total revenues				
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service:				
Principal	363,837	363,837	284,549	(79,288)
Interest	114,298	114,298	114,298	-
Total expenditures	478,135	478,135	398,847	(79,288)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(478,135)	(478,135)	(398,847)	79,288
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Total other financing source (uses)	478,135	478,135	398,847	(79,288)
Net change in fund balances	-	-	-	-
Fund balances - beginning				
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

# City of Lakewood Sewer Project Debt Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with		
	0	riginal		Final	A	Actual	Final	Budget	
REVENUES									
Charges for goods and services	\$	660,000	\$	660,000	\$	673,892	\$	13,892	
Interest and other earnings		4,500		4,500		14,979		10,479	
Miscellaneous		20,229		20,229		14,565		(5,664)	
Total revenues		684,729		684,729		703,436		18,707	
EXPENDITURES									
Debt service:									
Principal		463,938		463,938		463,938		-	
Interest		23,553		23,553		23,552		(1)	
Total expenditures		487,491		487,491		487,490		(1)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		197,238		197,238		215,946		18,708	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfer out		(50,000)		(68,995)		(68,995)		-	
Total other financing source (uses)		(50,000)		(68,995)		(68,995)		-	
Net change in fund balances		147,238		128,243		146,951		18,708	
Fund balances - beginning		782,002		793,506		793,506			
Fund balances - ending	\$	929,240	\$	921,749	\$	940,457	\$	18,708	

# City of Lakewood LID Guaranty Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with	
	0	riginal	]	Final	A	Actual	Final	Budget
REVENUES								
Interest and other earnings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,760	\$	2,760
Total revenues				-		2,760		2,760
EXPENDITURES								
Total expenditures				-		-		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures						2,760		2,760
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Total other financing source (uses)				-		-		-
Net change in fund balances		-		-		2,760		2,760
Fund balances - beginning		124,501		126,927		126,927		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	124,501	\$	126,927	\$	129,687	\$	2,760

# Combining Statement – Nonmajor Capital Project Funds Description For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

The Parks Capital Project Fund accounts for general government capital improvement projects.

The *Sewer Capital Project Fund* accounts for the construction of a sewer system. Once the sanitary sewer lines are constructed, the system will be turned over to Pierce County for operations and maintenance. Prior to properties connecting up to the sewer system, property owners will be subject to the City's sewer availability charges.

The *Sanitary Sewer Connection Capital Project* Fund accounts for the revenues generated from the sewer availability charges, expenditures and transfers that are legally allowable for sewer availability charge fees, and for administrative expenses to maintain and operate the fund

# City of Lakewood Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2018

	Sewer Project Parks CIP CIP		Sanitary Sewer Connection CIP	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
ASSEIS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,675,075	\$ 125,910	\$ 816,916	\$ 2,617,901
Due from other governments	25,000			25,000
Total assets	1,700,075	125,910	816,916	2,642,901
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	101,400	3,387	37	104,824
Unearned revenue	-	908	-	908
Contracts Payable	104,176	-	-	104,176
Other accrued liabilities	1,976	3,390	1,395	6,761
Total liabilities	207,552	7,685	1,432	216,669
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b> Total liabilities and deferred inflows of				
resources	207,552	7,685	1,432	216,669
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)				
Committed	1,492,523	118,225	815,484	2,426,232
Total fund balances (deficits)	1,492,523	118,225	815,484	2,426,232
Total liabilities, deferred liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 1,700,075	\$ 125,910	\$ 816,916	\$ 2,642,901

#### City of Lakewood Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Parks CIP	Sewer Project CIP	Sanitary Sewer Connection	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 25,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,000
Charges for goods and services	-	-	211,609	211,609
Interest and other earnings	12,988	3,290	10,480	26,758
Miscellaneous	-	-	2,410	2,410
Contributions and donations	162,250			162,250
Total revenues	200,238	3,290	224,499	428,027
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Utilities and environment	-	-	25,594	25,594
Economic environment	-	40,776	-	40,776
Culture and recreation	64,303	-	-	64,303
Capital outlay:				
Capital	2,144,649			2,144,649
Total expenditures	2,208,952	40,776	25,594	2,275,322
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,008,714)	(37,486)	198,905	(1,847,295)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	2,507,820	103,995	-	2,611,815
Transfers Out	-	-	(35,000)	(35,000)
Total other financing source (uses)	2,507,820	103,995	(35,000)	2,576,815
Net change in fund balances	499,106	66,509	163,905	729,520
Fund balances - beginning	993,417	51,716	651,579	1,696,712
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,492,523	\$ 118,225	\$ 815,484	\$ 2,426,232

# City of Lakewood Parks CIP Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

	Budgeted Amounts							riance with
	0	Driginal		Final		Actual	Fir	nal Budget
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	1,250,000	\$	2,080,000	\$	25,000	\$	(2,055,000)
Interest & other earnings		-		-		12,988		12,988
Contributions and donations		50,000		184,000		162,250		(21,750)
Total revenues		1,300,000		2,264,000		200,238		(2,063,762)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Culture and recreation		-		-		64,303		64,303
Capital Outlay		1,860,000		5,915,049		2,144,649		(3,770,400)
Total expenditures		1,860,000		5,915,049		2,208,952		(3,706,097)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(560,000)		(3,651,049)		(2,008,714)		1,642,335
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		560,000		2,657,634		2,507,820		(149,814)
Total other financing source (uses)		560,000		2,657,634		2,507,820		(149,814)
Net change in fund balances		-		(993,415)		499,106		1,492,521
Fund balances - beginning		-		993,417		993,417		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	2	\$	1,492,523	\$	1,492,521

# City of Lakewood Sewer Project CIP Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts		Vari	ance with
	Or	iginal		Final	 Actual	Fina	al Budget
REVENUES							
Interest & other earnings	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,290	\$	3,290
Total revenues		-		-	 3,290		3,290
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Economic Environment		-		-	40,776		40,776
Capital Outlay		85,000		127,472	-		(127,472)
Total expenditures		85,000		127,472	 40,776		(86,696)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(85,000)		(127,472)	 (37,486)		89,986
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		85,000		103,995	103,995		-
Total other financing source (uses)		85,000		103,995	 103,995		-
Net change in fund balances		-		(23,477)	66,509		89,986
Fund balances - beginning		39,173		51,716	51,716		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	39,173	\$	28,239	\$ 118,225	\$	89,986

# City of Lakewood Sanitary Sewer Connection Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts			Variance with		
	(	Driginal		Final	1	Actual	Fina	Budget	
REVENUES									
Charges for goods and services	\$	346,000	\$	175,000	\$	211,609	\$	36,609	
Interest & other earnings		-		-		10,480			
Miscellaneous		-		-		2,410		2,410	
Total revenues		346,000		175,000		224,499		39,019	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Utilities and environment		-		55,500		25,594		(29,906)	
Total expenditures		-		55,500		25,594		(29,906)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		346,000		119,500		198,905		68,925	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out		(35,000)		(35,000)		(35,000)		-	
Total other financing source (uses)		(35,000)		(35,000)		(35,000)		-	
Net change in fund balances		311,000		84,500		163,905		68,925	
Fund balances - beginning		880,482		651,579		651,579		-	
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,191,482	\$	736,079	\$	815,484	\$	68,925	

# City of Lakewood LID Debt Service Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		Budgeted	Amount	s				nce with
	0	riginal	]	Final	A	Actual	Final	Budget
REVENUES								
Special Assessments	\$	140,438	\$	140,438	\$	200,878	\$	60,440
Interest and other earnings		51,443		51,443		55,211		3,768
Total revenues		191,881		191,881		256,089		64,208
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government		-		1,200		957		(243)
Debt service:								
Principal		155,900		159,635		155,900		(3,735)
Interest		35,981		35,981		36,441		460
Total expenditures		191,881		196,816		193,298		(3,518)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		(4,935)		62,791		67,726
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Total other financing source (uses)		-		-		-		
Net change in fund balances		-		(4,935)		62,791		67,726
Fund balances - beginning		7,319		4,935		4,935		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	7,319	\$	-	\$	67,726	\$	67,726

# City of Lakewood Transportation CIP Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Budgeted	Amoui	nts		Va	riance with
	Original		Final	Actual	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$ 14,630,936	\$	10,383,264	\$ 8,345,390	\$	(2,037,874)
Charges for goods and services	20,000		20,000	23,012		3,012
Interest & other earnings	-		-	28,074		28,074
Contributions and donations	1,094,000		1,240,000	-		(1,240,000)
Total revenues	 15,744,936		11,643,264	 8,396,476		(3,246,788)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Transportation	12,410,100		492,000	961,868		469,868
Capital Outlay	7,548,500		19,686,949	12,858,514		(6,828,435)
Total expenditures	 19,958,600		20,178,949	 13,820,382		(6,358,567)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (4,213,664)		(8,535,685)	 (5,423,906)		3,111,779
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	4,277,965		7,630,851	6,418,255		(1,212,596)
Transfer out	-		(1,040,409)	(20,409)		1,020,000
Procees from sale of assets	-		-	40,102		40,102
Total other financing source (uses)	 4,277,965		6,590,442	 6,437,948		(152,494)
Net change in fund balances	64,301		(1,945,243)	1,014,042		2,959,285
Fund balances - beginning	387,787		2,529,384	2,529,384		-
Fund balances - ending	\$ 452,088	\$	584,141	\$ 3,543,426	\$	2,959,285

#### Combining Statement – Internal Service Funds Description For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### **Internal Service Funds**

The *Fleet and Equipment Fund* accounts for all costs associated with operating, maintaining and replacing the City's vehicles and other motorized equipment. This fund owns and depreciates all non-proprietary fund assets of this nature. Rates charged to user departments are based on the full cost of maintaining fleet and equipment, including the recovery of related depreciation expense.

The *Property Management Fund* accounts for all costs associated with the maintenance and operations of City Hall, Police Station, and Parking/Light Rail Facility. Maintenance and operating costs are charged to this fund which is funded primarily through user charges allocated to the operating funds. The fund has also accumulated replacement reserves for the purpose of funding future major repairs and capital improvements to city-owned facilities.

The *Information Technology Fund* accounts for all costs and services associated with the City's information technology needs. This fund is used to support all internal systems such as the City's geographical information system needs, internal and external web resources, email systems, business continuity needs, infrastructure resources, applications and overall support. This fund owns and depreciates all non-proprietary fund assets related to these functions. Information technology costs are allocated to the operating funds.

The *Risk Management Fund* accounts for the financial administration of the City's comprehensive risk management program. The fund assures that the revenues and assets of the City are protected through an established risk control and risk finance program including risk management goals and objectives, a formalized risk assessment process and methodology for reviewing and monitoring of the effectiveness of the risk management program. This fund is funded primarily through user charges allocated to the operating funds.

#### City of Lakewood Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Internal Service Funds December 31, 2018

	Flee Equip			operty agement		mation 10logy	Risk agement	Inter	al Nonmajor mal Service Funds
ASSETS									
Current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2	2,983,590	\$	536,213	\$	201,639	\$ 12,537	\$	3,733,979
Interfund loan receivable		880,204		-		-	 -		880,204
Total current assets		3,863,794		536,213		201,639	 12,537		4,614,183
Noncurrent assets:		<u> </u>	-						
Improvements other than buildings		-		137,279		-	-		137,279
Machinery and equipment	8,	057,315		79,596	1	,309,234	-		9,446,145
Less accumulated depreciation	(4	,543,300)		(59,753)		(276,497)	-		(4,879,550)
Total noncurrent assets		3,514,015	-	157,122		1,032,737	-		4,703,874
Total assets		7,377,809		693,335		1,234,376	 12,537		9,318,057
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable		28,017		20,231		49,975	11,546		109,769
Payable to other governments		-		-		2,021	19		2,040
Retainage payable		-		-		-	751		751
Other liabilities payable		-		10,599		26,733	221		37,553
Compensated absences		-		3,673		9,874	-		13,547
Total current liabilities		28,017		34,503		88,603	12,537		163,660
Noncurrent liabilities:		<u> </u>	-						
Compensated absences		-		8,572		23,037	-		31,609
Capital lease liability		-		-		-	 -		-
Total noncurrent liabilities		-		8,572		23,037	-		31,609
Total liabilities		28,017		43,075		111,640	 12,537		195,269
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets	3	3,514,015		157,122		1,032,737	-		4,703,872
Unrestricted	3	3,835,777		493,138		89,999	-		4,418,914
Total net position	\$	7,349,792	\$	650,260	\$	1,122,736	\$ -	\$	9,122,788

#### City of Lakewood Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Fleet & quipment		operty agement	formation chnology	Ma	Risk nagement		al Internal vice Funds
OPERATING REVENUES								
Charges for goods and services	\$ 1,634,607	\$	777,621	\$ 1,454,809	\$	2,297,703	\$	6,164,740
Miscelleneous	 163		-	 -		120,648		120,811
Total operating revenues	 1,634,770		777,621	 1,454,809		2,418,351		6,285,551
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Personal services	-		193,527	521,876		9,995		725,398
Materials and supplies	360,634		259,656	266,298		44,767		931,355
Services and charges	392,503		274,474	568,472		2,363,683		3,599,132
Intergovernmental	-		4,260	-		-		4,260
Depreciation	634,385		14,803	127,498		-		776,686
Total operating expenses	 1,387,522		746,720	 1,484,144		2,418,445		6,036,831
Operating income (loss)	 247,248		30,901	 (29,335)		(94)		248,720
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	52,500		-	319		-		52,819
Investment earnings	61,237		10,535	590		94		72,456
Interest expense	-		-	(1,070)		-		(1,070)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 113,737		10,535	 (161)		94		124,205
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	 360,985		41,436	 (29,496)		-		372,925
Capital Contributions	51,674		-	213,925		-		265,599
Transfers out	(390,426)		-	-		-		(390,426)
Change in net position	 22,233		41,436	184,429		-		248,098
Total net position - beginning	7,276,386		608,824	938,307		-		8,823,517
Prior period adjustment - Note 7	51,173		-	-		-		51,173
Total net position - ending	\$ 7,349,792	\$	650,260	\$ 1,122,736	\$	-	\$	9,122,788
		-					-	

#### City of Lakewood Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		Fleet & quipment		roperty nagement	formation chnology	Ma	Risk nagement	tal Internal vice Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash from interdepartmental services Cash paid to employees Cash paid to suppliers Other operating receipts (payments) NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING	\$	1,634,607 (769,753) 163	\$	777,621 (191,798) (562,288)	\$ 1,454,809 (521,049) (835,804)	\$	2,418,351 (9,995) (2,413,733) 751	\$ 6,285,388 (722,842) (4,581,578) 914
ACTIVITIES		865,017		23,535	 97,956		(4,626)	 981,882
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interfund Loan Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets Transfers to other funds NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL		(880,204) 52,500 (390,426)			 319		- - - -	 (880,204) 52,819 (390,426)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(1,218,130)			 319			 (1,217,811)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital contributions Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on long-term debt Interest paid on long-term debt		51,674 (775,063)		- - -	213,925 (243,530) (20,897) (1,070)		- - -	265,599 (1,018,593) (20,897) (1,070)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(723,389)			 (51,572)		-	 (774,961)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income		61,237		10,535	 590		94	 72,456
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		61,237	,	10,535	 590		94	 72,456
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(1,015,265)		34,070	47,293		(4,532)	(938,434)
BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR		3,998,855		502,143	 154,345		17,069	 4,672,412
BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	2,983,590	\$	536,213	\$ 201,639	\$	12,537	\$ 3,733,979
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating Income Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	\$	247,248	\$	30,901	\$ (29,335)	\$	(94)	\$ 248,720
provided (used) by operating activities: Increase/(decrease) in depreciation expense Increase/(decrease) in accounts payable - supplier Increase/(decrease) in payable to other governments Increase/(decrease) in retainage payable		634,385 (16,616) -		14,803 (34,497) 10,599	127,498 (2,661) 1,627		(5,302) 19 751	776,686 (59,076) 12,245 751
Increase/(decrease) in salaries & benefits payable	<u> </u>			1,729	 827			 2,556
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	865,017	\$	23,535	\$ 97,956	\$	(4,626)	\$ 981,882
NON-CASH CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	\$	23,095	\$		\$ 	\$		\$ 23,095

# **STATISTICAL SECTION**

# **Statistical Section**

The statistical section presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements and note disclosures say about the City's overall financial health. The following are the five categories of information presented in this section.

**Financial Trends** – These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

**Revenue Capacity** – These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, property tax and sales tax.

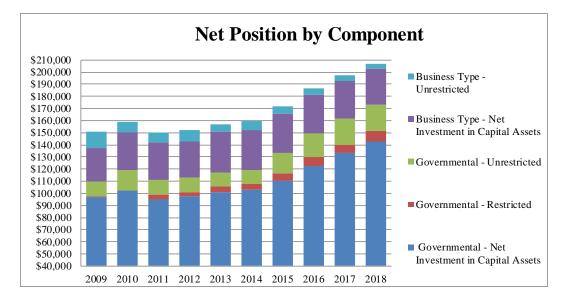
**Debt Capacity** – These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

**Demographic and Economic Information** – These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

**Operating Information** – These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.

#### **Schedule 1** Net Position by Component (in thousands) Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year															
		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	2015	2016	2017		2018
Governmental ativities																	
Net investment in capital assets	\$	96,668	\$	102,080	\$	94,753	\$	97,427	\$	100,848	\$	103,007	\$ 110,661	\$ 122,799	\$ 133,425	\$	142,821
Restricted		1,011		36		4,273		3,618		4,638		4,830	5,806	7,395	6,503		8,585
Unrestricted		12,199		17,301		11,748		12,094		11,461		11,565	16,546	19,113	21,417		21,627
Total governmental activities net																	
position	1	109,878		119,417		110,774		113,139		116,947		119,402	133,013	149,307	161,345		173,033
Business-type activities																	
Net investment in capital assets		27,486		30,512		31,490		29,788		33,613		33,001	32,733	31,816	30,989		29,730
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-		-
Unrestricted		13,329		9,076		8,050		9,031		6,296		6,976	5,927	5,580	4,834		3,753
Total business-type activities net																	
position		40,815		39,588		39,540		38,819		39,909		39,977	38,661	37,396	35,823		33,483
Primary government																	
Net investment in capital assets	1	132,592		126,243		127,215		134,461		136,009		143,394	154,615	154,615	164,414		172,551
Restricted		36		4,273		3,618		4,638		4,830		5,806	7,395	7,395	6,503		8,585
Unrestricted		26,377		19,798		21,125		17,757		18,541		22,473	24,693	24,693	26,251		25,381
Total primary government net						1		1		1-		1	,	1			
position	\$ 1	159,005	\$	150,314	\$	151,958	\$	156,856	\$	159,380	\$	171,674	\$ 186,703	\$ 186,703	\$ 197,168	\$	206,516



#### Source:

City of Lakewood Finance Division

#### **Schedule 2** Changes in Net Position (in thousands) Last ten fiscal years

	_				Fisca	l Year				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 8,187	\$ 8,042	\$ 8,674	\$ 7,046	\$ 7,284	\$ 7,481	\$ 4,360	\$ 4,306	\$ 4,520	\$ 4,730
Public safety	19,672	20,038	20,914	20,480	21,580	21,486	22,000	23,471	23,944	25,396
Utilities and environment	348	341	320	489	453	59	20	28	35	26
Transportation	7,122	7,103	5,597	6,220	3,624	6,157	6,097	6,341	6,763	7,952
Social services	478	539	524	238	384	589	585	629	624	668
Economic environment	3,588	3,834	4,232	3,549	4,239	4,971	3,687	3,843	4,306	4,298
Natural environment	-	-	-	-	290	-	298	249	286	281
Culture and recreation	1,846	1,940	2,055	2,057	1,978	1,776	2,030	2,088	2,185	2,252
Judicial	-	-	-	1,757	1,718	1,491	1,537	1,645	1,750	1,816
Interest on long-term debt	299	291	278	263	254	237	269	233	211	187
Total governmental activities expenses	41,540	42,128	42,594	42,099	41,803	44,247	40,884	42,833	44,624	47,606
Business-type activities:										
Surface water management	2,539	2,179	2,610	2,668	2,492	3,142	3,244	3,338	3,528	3,267
Total business-type activities net position	2,539	2,179	2,610	2,008	2,492	3,142	3,244	3,338	3,528	3,207
Total primary government expenses	44,079	44,307	45,204	44,767	44,295	47,389	44,127	46,171	48,152	50,873
i sui prinai governiene espenses		11,007	10,201	11,707	11,270	11,005	,12/	10,171	10,102	00,070
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	3,282	5,394	1,767	3,066	5,411	5,211	3,439	3,878	4,452	4,929
Public safety	3,635	3,361	3,992	1,376	1,506	1,252	1,023	1,203	1,530	1,336
Utilities and environment	628	781	492	1,022	916	781	931	892	885	886
Transportation	70	73	49	99	70	560	57	417	136	164
Social services	-	-	(510)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic environment	1,177	1,427	1,860	1,027	384	1,060	1,130	1,227	1,539	2,024
Natural environment	-	-	-	-	34	-	80	84	83	81
Culture and recreation	227	210	216	237	234	247	266	219	240	250
Judicial	-	-	-	1,812	1,655	1,754	1,970	1,968	1,932	1,621
Operating grants and contributions	5,524	9,976	7,291	4,290	2,913	3,162	4,785	5,048	5,126	5,462
Capital grants and contributions	2,588	2,228	1,266	6,595	3,149	3,784	7,361	12,519	7,151	8,383
Total governmental activities program										
revenues	17,131	23,450	16,423	19,524	16,272	17,810	21,042	27,457	23,075	25,136
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Surface water management	2,847	2,650	2,719	2,733	2,721	2,724	2,740	2,768	2,755	2,792
Operating grants and contributions	89	45	425	143	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions		-	-	-	913	277	211	190	144	49
Total business-type activities program										
revenues	2,936	2,695	3,144	2,876	3,634	3,000	2,951	2,959	2,899	2,841
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 20.067	\$ 26145	\$ 10.567	\$ 22 400	\$ 10.004	\$ 20.911	\$ 22.002	\$ 20.415	\$ 25.074	\$ 27 OT
ic venues	\$ 20,067	φ 20,145	\$ 17,307	φ 22,400	ф 19,900	φ 20,011	ф <i>23,993</i>	ф 30,415	\$ 25,974	\$ 21,911

#### Schedule 2 Changes in Net Position (in thousands) Last ten fiscal years (Continued)

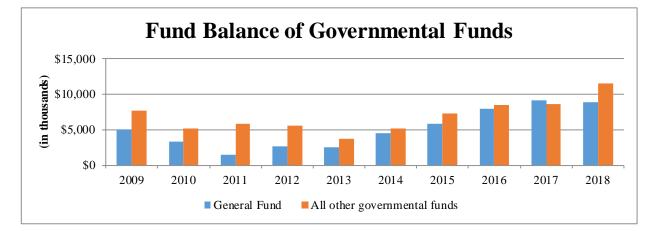
Net (Begnes) Revenue Governmental activities2009201020112012201320142015201620172018Business-type activities $5(18,678)$ \$ (21,578)\$ (22,575)\$ (22,573)\$ (26,437)\$ (19,842)\$ (15,755)\$ (21,549)\$ (21,579)\$ (22,178)(21,178)(21,178) </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Fiscal</th> <th>Year</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>						Fiscal	Year				
		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Business-type activities         516         534         208         1,142         (141)         (293)         (379)         (629)         (629)         (426)           Total primary government net expense         (18,162)         (25,637)         (22,377)         (24,389)         (26,578)         (20,135)         (15,755)         (22,178)         (22,178)         (22,389)           Governmental activities:         Taxes:         F         5,657         6,195         5,972         6,219         6,200         6,424         6,652         6,712         6,844         6,859           Sales taxes         5,657         6,195         5,972         6,219         6,200         6,424         6,652         6,712         6,844         6,859           Sales taxes         5,657         6,195         5,972         6,214         8,311         5,748         5,704         5,629         5,744         5,409           Paxistemate camings         313         266         265         213         219         212         2,468         2,701           Outer taxes         4,051         3,268         3,001         3,002         1,071         495         484         2,701           Investiment camings         313         2	Net (Expense) Revenue										
Total primary government net expense         (18,162)         (22,367)         (24,389)         (26,578)         (20,135)         (15,755)         (22,178)         (22,178)         (22,896)           General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes:         (20,135)         (15,755)         (22,178)         (22,896)           Property taxes         5,657         6,195         5,972         6,219         6,200         6,424         6,652         6,712         6,844         6,859           Sales taxes         8,935         9,304         9,145         9,565         9,453         9,697         10,184         10,736         11,629         12,784           Business taxes         6,250         5,675         6,564         6,214         8,311         5,704         5,629         5,744         5,499           Investment earnings         313         266         256         213         219         221         202         214         319         484           Gain (loss) on sale/retirement of capital asset         (73)         (54)         9         13         22         91         -         -         183         53           Outdegments and settlements         19         2,1727         25,283	Governmental activities	\$ (18,678)	\$ (26,171)	\$ (22,575)	\$ (25,531)	\$ (26,437)	\$ (19,842)	\$ (15,376)	\$ (21,549)	\$ (21,549)	\$ (22,470)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities:         Taxes:       Property taxes       5,657       6,195       5,972       6,219       6,200       6,424       6,652       6,712       6,844       6,859         Sales taxes       8,935       9,304       9,145       9,565       9,453       9,697       10,184       10,736       11,629       12,784         Business taxes       6,250       5,675       6,564       6,214       8,311       5,744       5,609       2,125       2,468       2,701         Other taxes       4,031       3,268       3,011       3,082       1,159       1,1107       1,509       2,125       2,468       2,701         Other taxes       433       1,660       1,563       1,927       2,989       5,515       4,604       4,851       4,925       5,619         Investment earnings       Gai doss to a sale/retirement of capital asset       733       226       91       -       -       183       353         Contributions to other governments       -       -       -       11       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       - <t< td=""><td>Business-type activities</td><td>516</td><td>534</td><td>208</td><td>1,142</td><td>(141)</td><td>(293)</td><td>(379)</td><td>(629)</td><td>(629)</td><td>(426)</td></t<>	Business-type activities	516	534	208	1,142	(141)	(293)	(379)	(629)	(629)	(426)
Governmental activities:         Taxes:         Property taxes         5,657         6,195         5,972         6,219         6,200         6,424         6,652         6,712         6,844         6,859           Sales taxes         8,935         9,304         9,145         9,565         9,453         9,697         10,184         10,736         11,629         12,784           Business taxes         6,250         5,675         6,564         6,214         8,311         5,748         5,629         5,744         5,629         2,744         5,619           Divestment earnings         433         1,660         1,563         1,927         2,989         5,515         4,604         4,851         4,925         5,619           Investment earnings         0,313         266         265         213         219         221         202         214         319         484           Contributions to other governments         -         -         -         11         -         -         -         -         -         104         90         981         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - <td>Total primary government net expense</td> <td>(18,162)</td> <td>(25,637)</td> <td>(22,367)</td> <td>(24,389)</td> <td>(26,578)</td> <td>(20,135)</td> <td>(15,755)</td> <td>(22,178)</td> <td>(22,178)</td> <td>(22,896)</td>	Total primary government net expense	(18,162)	(25,637)	(22,367)	(24,389)	(26,578)	(20,135)	(15,755)	(22,178)	(22,178)	(22,896)
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	General Revenues and Other Changes in Ne	t Position									
Property taxes         5,657         6,195         5,972         6,219         6,200         6,424         6,652         6,712         6,844         6,859           Sales taxes         8,935         9,304         9,145         9,655         9,657         9,613         9,697         10,184         10,736         11,629         12,784           Business taxes         6,250         5,675         6,564         6,214         8,311         5,748         5,704         5,704         5,704         5,704         5,704         5,704         5,704         5,619           Other taxes         4,031         1,660         1,563         1,927         2,289         5,515         4,604         4,851         4,925         5,5619           Investment carnings         313         266         265         213         219         202         214         319         484           Gain (oss) on sale/retirement of capital asset         -         -         -         111         -         -         1183         533           Contributions to other governments         -         -         -         111         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         <	Governmental activities:										
Sales taxes8,9359,3049,1459,5659,4539,69710,18410,73611,62912,784Business taxes6,2505,6756,5646,2148,3115,7485,7045,6295,7445,409Excise taxes4,0513,2683,0113,0821,1591,1071,5092,1252,4682,701Investment earnings313266265213219221202214319484Cain (loss) on sale/retirement of capital asset(73)(54)913229118353Contributions to other governments(9,734)(3,022)Judgements and settlements1292741169981 <td>Taxes:</td> <td></td>	Taxes:										
Business taxes         6,250         5,675         6,564         6,214         8,311         5,748         5,704         5,629         5,744         5,409           Exise taxes         4,051         3,268         3,011         3,022         1,159         1,107         1,509         2,125         2,468         2,701           Investment earnings         313         266         265         213         219         221         202         214         433         53           Contributions to other governments         -         (9,734)         (3,022)         -	Property taxes	5,657	6,195	5,972	6,219	6,200	6,424	6,652	6,712	6,844	6,859
Excise taxes $4,051$ $3,268$ $3,011$ $3,082$ $1,159$ $1,107$ $1,509$ $2,125$ $2,468$ $2,701$ Other taxes433 $1,660$ $1,563$ $1,927$ $2,989$ $5,515$ $4,604$ $4,851$ $4,925$ $5,619$ Investment earnings313 $266$ $265$ $213$ $219$ $221$ $202$ $214$ $319$ $484$ Gain (loss) on sale/retirement of capital asset $73$ $(54)$ $9$ $13$ $22$ $91$ $  183$ $53$ Contributions to other governments $  (9,734)$ $(3,022)$ $  -$ </td <td>Sales taxes</td> <td>8,935</td> <td>9,304</td> <td>9,145</td> <td>9,565</td> <td>9,453</td> <td>9,697</td> <td>10,184</td> <td>10,736</td> <td>11,629</td> <td>12,784</td>	Sales taxes	8,935	9,304	9,145	9,565	9,453	9,697	10,184	10,736	11,629	12,784
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Business taxes	6,250	5,675	6,564	6,214	8,311	5,748	5,704	5,629	5,744	5,409
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Excise taxes	4,051	3,268	3,011	3,082	1,159	1,107	1,509	2,125	2,468	2,701
Gain (loss) on sale/retirement of capital asset(73)(54)913229118353Contributions to other governments(9,734)(3,022)Judgements and settlements1292741169981Donations of capital assets11Miscellaneous5090(5)2801911,071495482781Transfers9021,81266395478(190)1,0409099931,984Total governmental activities26,64728,21817,52725,28328,61028,89730,96631,67133,58736,673Business-type activities:3Investment eamings9068782524,55511,80715234870Gain (loss) on sale/retirement of capital assets4 <t< td=""><td>Other taxes</td><td>433</td><td>1,660</td><td>1,563</td><td>1,927</td><td>2,989</td><td>5,515</td><td>4,604</td><td>4,851</td><td>4,925</td><td>5,619</td></t<>	Other taxes	433	1,660	1,563	1,927	2,989	5,515	4,604	4,851	4,925	5,619
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Investment earnings	313	266	265	213	219	221	202	214	319	484
Judgements and settlements1292741169981Donations of capital assets11Miscellaneous5090(5)2801911,071495482781Transfers9021,81266395478(190)1,0409099931,984Total governmental activities26,64728,21817,52725,28328,61028,89730,96631,67133,58736,673Business-type activities:Investment carnings9068782524,55511.80715234870Gain (loss) on sale/retirement of capital asset <td< td=""><td>Gain (loss) on sale/retirement of capital asset</td><td>(73)</td><td>(54)</td><td>9</td><td>13</td><td>22</td><td>91</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>183</td><td>53</td></td<>	Gain (loss) on sale/retirement of capital asset	(73)	(54)	9	13	22	91	-	-	183	53
Donations of capital assets       -       -       -       -       11       -       -       -       -         Miscellaneous       50       90       (5)       2       80       191       1,071       495       482       781         Transfers       902       1,812       663       954       78       (190)       1,040       909       993       1,984         Total governmental activities       26,647       28,218       17,527       25,283       28,610       28,897       30,966       31,671       33,587       36,673         Business-type activities:       Investment earnings       90       68       78       25       24,555       11.807       15       23       48       70         Gain (loss) on sale/retirement of capital asset       -       -       3       -	Contributions to other governments	-	-	(9,734)	(3,022)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous       50       90       (5)       2       80       191       1,071       495       482       781         Transfers       902       1,812       663       954       78       (190)       1,040       909       993       1,984         Total governmental activities       26,647       28,218       17,527       25,283       28,610       28,897       30,966       31,671       33,587       36,673         Business-type activities:       Investment earnings       90       68       78       25       24,555       11.807       15       23       48       70         Gain (loss) on sale/retirement of capital asset       -       -       3       -	Judgements and settlements	129	2	74	116	99	81	-	-	-	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Donations of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	-
Total governmental activities $26,647$ $28,218$ $17,527$ $25,283$ $28,610$ $28,897$ $30,966$ $31,671$ $33,587$ $36,673$ Business-type activities:Investment earnings90687825 $24.555$ $11.807$ 15234870Gain (loss) on sale/retirement of capital asset3Disposition of capital assets4Judgements and settlementsTransfers(902)(1,812)(663)(954)(78)190(1,040)(909)(993)(1,984)Total business-type activities(804)(1,743)(582)(929)(53)211(1,024)(886)(944)(1,914)Total primary government25,84326,47516,94524,35428,55729,10829,94130,78532,64234,759Change in Net PositionGovernmental activities7,9692,047(5,048)(248)2,1749,05515,58910,12212,03814,203Prior period adjustment - Note 552Adjusted Governmental activities(288)(1,209)(374)213(195)(82)(1,403)(1,514)(1,573)(2,340)	Miscellaneous	50	90	(5)	2	80	191	1,071	495	482	781
Business-type activities:       90       68       78       25       24.555       11.807       15       23       48       70         Gain (loss) on sale/retirement of capital asset       -       -       3       - </td <td>Transfers</td> <td>902</td> <td>1,812</td> <td>663</td> <td>954</td> <td>78</td> <td>(190)</td> <td>1,040</td> <td>909</td> <td>993</td> <td>1,984</td>	Transfers	902	1,812	663	954	78	(190)	1,040	909	993	1,984
Investment earnings       90       68       78       25       24.555       11.807       15       23       48       70         Gain (loss) on sale/retirement of capital asset       -       -       3       -	Total governmental activities	26,647	28,218	17,527	25,283	28,610	28,897	30,966	31,671	33,587	36,673
Investment earnings       90       68       78       25       24.555       11.807       15       23       48       70         Gain (loss) on sale/retirement of capital asset       -       -       3       -	Business-type activities:										
Disposition of capital assets Judgements and settlements4Judgements and settlements		90	68	78	25	24.555	11.807	15	23	48	70
Judgements and settlements $  -$	Gain (loss) on sale/retirement of capital asset	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous4191Transfers(902) $(1,812)$ (663)(954)(78)190 $(1,040)$ (909)(993) $(1,984)$ Total business-type activities(804) $(1,743)$ (582)(929)(53)211 $(1,024)$ (886)(944) $(1,914)$ Total primary government25,84326,47516,94524,35428,55729,10829,94130,78532,64234,759Change in Net PositionGovernmental activities7,9692,047(5,048)(248)2,1749,05515,58910,12212,03814,203Prior period adjustment - Note 552Adjusted Governmental activities(288)(1,209)(374)213(195)(82)(1,403)(1,514)(1,573)(2,340)	Disposition of capital assets	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers $(902)$ $(1,812)$ $(663)$ $(954)$ $(78)$ $190$ $(1,040)$ $(909)$ $(993)$ $(1,984)$ Total business-type activities $(804)$ $(1,743)$ $(582)$ $(929)$ $(53)$ $211$ $(1,024)$ $(886)$ $(944)$ $(1,914)$ Total primary government $25,843$ $26,475$ $16,945$ $24,354$ $28,557$ $29,108$ $29,941$ $30,785$ $32,642$ $34,759$ Change in Net PositionGovernmental activities $7,969$ $2,047$ $(5,048)$ $(248)$ $2,174$ $9,055$ $15,589$ $10,122$ $12,038$ $14,203$ Prior period adjustment - Note 5 $        52$ Adjusted Governmental activities $(288)$ $(1,209)$ $(374)$ $213$ $(195)$ $(82)$ $(1,403)$ $(1,514)$ $(1,573)$ $(2,340)$		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total business-type activities Total primary government $(804)$ $(1,743)$ $(582)$ $(929)$ $(53)$ $211$ $(1,024)$ $(886)$ $(944)$ $(1,914)$ $25,843$ $26,475$ $16,945$ $24,354$ $28,557$ $29,108$ $29,941$ $30,785$ $32,642$ $34,759$ Change in Net Position Governmental activities $7,969$ $2,047$ $(5,048)$ $(248)$ $2,174$ $9,055$ $15,589$ $10,122$ $12,038$ $14,203$ Prior period adjustment - Note 5 Adjusted Governmental activities $          -$ Business-type activities $(288)$ $(1,209)$ $(374)$ $213$ $(195)$ $(82)$ $(1,403)$ $(1,514)$ $(1,573)$ $(2,340)$	Miscellaneous	4	1	-	-	-	9	1	-	-	-
Total primary government       25,843       26,475       16,945       24,354       28,557       29,108       29,941       30,785       32,642       34,759         Change in Net Position       Governmental activities       7,969       2,047       (5,048)       (248)       2,174       9,055       15,589       10,122       12,038       14,203         Prior period adjustment - Note 5       -       -       -       -       -       -       52         Adjusted Governmental activities       (288)       (1,209)       (374)       213       (195)       (82)       (1,403)       (1,514)       (1,573)       (2,340)	Transfers	(902)	(1,812)	(663)	(954)	(78)	190	(1,040)	(909)	(993)	(1,984)
Change in Net Position         Governmental activities       7,969       2,047       (5,048)       (248)       2,174       9,055       15,589       10,122       12,038       14,203         Prior period adjustment - Note 5       -       -       -       -       -       -       52         Adjusted Governmental activities       -       -       -       -       -       -       52         Business-type activities       (288)       (1,209)       (374)       213       (195)       (82)       (1,403)       (1,514)       (1,573)       (2,340)	Total business-type activities	(804)	(1,743)	(582)	(929)	(53)	211	(1,024)	(886)	(944)	(1,914)
Governmental activities       7,969       2,047       (5,048)       (248)       2,174       9,055       15,589       10,122       12,038       14,203         Prior period adjustment - Note 5       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       52         Adjusted Governmental activities       -       -       -       -       -       -       52         Business-type activities       (288)       (1,209)       (374)       213       (195)       (82)       (1,403)       (1,514)       (1,573)       (2,340)	Total primary government	25,843	26,475	16,945	24,354	28,557	29,108	29,941	30,785	32,642	34,759
Governmental activities       7,969       2,047       (5,048)       (248)       2,174       9,055       15,589       10,122       12,038       14,203         Prior period adjustment - Note 5       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       52         Adjusted Governmental activities       -       -       -       -       -       -       52         Business-type activities       (288)       (1,209)       (374)       213       (195)       (82)       (1,403)       (1,514)       (1,573)       (2,340)	Change in Net Position										
Prior period adjustment - Note 5       -       -       -       -       -       52         Adjusted Governmental activities       -       -       -       -       -       52         Business-type activities       (288)       (1,209)       (374)       213       (195)       (82)       (1,403)       (1,514)       (1,573)       (2,340)	8	7.969	2.047	(5.048)	(248)	2.174	9.055	15.589	10.122	12.038	14.203
Adjusted Governmental activities         -         -         -         -         14,255           Business-type activities         (288)         (1,209)         (374)         213         (195)         (82)         (1,403)         (1,514)         (1,573)         (2,340)		-	_,,	-	(= 10)	_,					
Business-type activities (288) (1,209) (374) 213 (195) (82) (1,403) (1,514) (1,573) (2,340)	1 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	(288)	(1.209)	(374)	213	(195)	(82)	(1.403)	(1,514)	(1,573)	· · · · ·
	Total primary government	( )		( )		( )		( ) )	( )	,	

#### Source:

City of Lakewood Finance Division

								Fiscal	l ye	ar								
	2009	2	010	2	011	2	012	2013		2014	2	2015	2	2016	2	2017	2	018
General Fund																		
Unreserved	\$ 5,015	5 \$	3,297	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Nonspendable		-	-		-		-	20		-		-		-		-		-
Spendable:																		
Restricted		-	-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Committed		-	-		-		-	5		6		4,405		4,543		4,809		5,020
Assigned		-	-		95		-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-	-		1,334		2,615	2,556		4,527		1,444		3,367		4,344		3,828
Total	5,015	5	3,297		1,429		2,615	2,581		4,533		5,849		7,909		9,152		8,848
All Other Governmental Funds																		
Reserved	1,431		1,307		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Unreserved, reported in:																		
Special Revenue Funds	4,208	3	3,493		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt Service Funds		-	-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital Projects Funds	2,061		316		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Nonspendable		-	-		-		1	20		-		-		-		-		-
Spendable:																		
Restricted		-	-		4,237		4,720	3,881		4,029		5,806		7,395		6,503		8,585
Committed		-	-		1,569		833	895		1,087		1,494		1,068		2,119		2,920
Assigned		-	-		-		-	840		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-	-		-		-	(1,971)		-		-		-		-		-
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 7,700	) \$	5,116	\$	5,806	\$	5,554	\$ 3,666	\$	5,117	\$	7,300	\$	8,463	\$	8,622	\$	11,505

## Schedule 3 Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (in thousands) Last Ten Fiscal Years



1) Restricted fund balance increased in 2018 primarily due to reclassification of CDBG notes/contracts receivables from deferred inflows of resources to restricted fund balance.

#### Source:

City of Lakewood Finance Division

#### Schedule 4 Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (in thousands) Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal	Year				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Revenues										
Taxes	25,905	26,325	26,736	26,814	26,420	26,717	28,565	29,983	31,508	33,424
Licenses and permits	3,207	3,097	3,444	4,016	4,186	4,459	4,582	4,857	5,144	6,008
Intergovernmental	6,798	11,389	7,663	10,611	7,487	8,590	11,585	15,684	11,217	13,318
Charges for services	1,987	1,971	2,173	2,651	2,906	3,824	3,209	4,058	4,067	3,840
Fines and forfeitures	2,725	1,438	1,803	2,084	1,884	1,614	1,557	1,620	1,456	1,425
Special assessments	603	179	179	-	179	179	511	140	140	201
Investment earnings	293	232	214	195	203	212	199	196	291	414
Rents and leases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions	248	12	44	21	274	87	118	517	189	316
Miscellaneous	714	658	603	709	486	210	298	415	292	357
Total revenues	42,480	45,301	42,859	47,101	44,025	45,892	50,624	57,471	54,304	59,302
Expenditures										
General government	8,519	8,281	8,998	6,754	7,562	7,152	4,170	3,852	4,140	4,438
Public safety	19,273	19,193	19,953	19,538	20,405	20,548	22,121	23,024	24,128	26,028
Utilities and environment	336	333	304	482	71	58	20	28	35	26
Transportation	4,894	4,728	3,370	3,543	2,801	2,897	2,845	2,709	3,156	3,542
Health and human services	489	540	524	460	384	588	585	629	624	668
Natural & Economic environment	3,549	3,803	4,122	3,334	4,478	5,008	3,986	4,078	4,589	4,587
Culture and recreation	1,577	1,574	1,692	1,723	1,664	1,431	1,788	1,830	1,930	1,996
Judicial	· -	-	-	1,679	1,721	1,468	1,550	1,647	1,760	1,823
Capital outlay	13,171	13,849	6,233	8,639	4,175	5,193	12,213	15,998	13,496	16,242
Debt service:	<i>,</i>	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	
Principal	908	786	755	782	789	791	646	1,230	936	951
Interest and debt issue costs	301	293	281	273	256	240	284	220	200	177
Total expenditures	53,017	53,380	46,232	47,207	44,306	45,374	50,210	55,246	54,994	60,479
Excess of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	(10,537)	(8,079)	(3,373)	(106)	(281)	518	415	2,225	(689)	(1,176)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in	4,736	3,078	2,259	2,955	1,933	3,795	6,686	6,600	8,654	11,388
Transfers out	(3,936)	(1,381)	(1,711)	(2,009)	(1,856)	(2,879)	(5,606)	(5,925)	(7,614)	(9,013)
Debt proceeds <sup>(1)</sup>	5,195	2,078	1,262	_	-	_	1,639	2,205	-	
Payments to escrow	5,195	2,078	1,202	-	-	-	1,039	(1,884)	-	- ,
-	-	-		53	29	16		(1,004)	-	-
Insurance proceeds Issuance of debt	-	-	-	- 35	29	10	2	-	- 141	
		-	-	-	-	-				
Interfund loan	- 47	-	-	-	-	-	- 208	-	506	-
Bond premium Proceeds from sale of assets		-	-	-	- 581	-		-	- 404	- 40
	6	1	-	-		-	154	2		40
Nonrevenues	-	-	1 010	- 000	8	- 022	-	-	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,048	3,776	1,810	999	695	933	3,084	998	2,091	2,414
Net change in fund balance	(4,489)	(4,303)	(1,563)	893	414	1,451	3,499	3,223	1,402	1,238
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	3.03%	2.73%	2.59%	2.74%	2.60%	2.56%	2.45%	3.70%	2.74%	2.55%

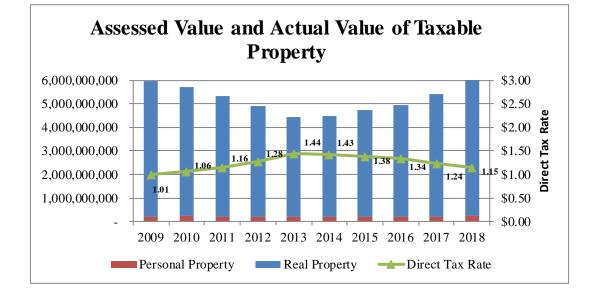
1) Fund balance increased in 2015 primarily due to issuance of debt under the Local Option Capital Assset Lending Program (LOCAL) for the City's LED streetlight retrofit program.

2) Fund balance increased in 2018 due to increase in sales tax.

#### <u>Source:</u> City of Lakewood Finance Division

			Total Taxable	
Fiscal		Personal	Assessed	Total Direct
Year	Real Property	Property	Valuation	Tax Rate
2009	5,741,332,115	207,649,289	5,948,981,404	1.00
2010	5,465,345,337	227,825,096	5,693,170,433	1.06
2011	5,091,367,019	225,403,490	5,316,770,509	1.16
2012	4,679,612,726	204,704,287	4,884,317,013	1.28
2013	4,212,809,774	208,123,283	4,420,933,057	1.44
2014	4,296,330,425	198,348,975	4,494,679,400	1.43
2015	4,546,242,514	201,989,100	4,748,231,614	1.38
2016	4,724,117,345	219,025,856	4,943,143,201	1.34
2017	5,189,383,162	221,031,681	5,410,414,843	1.24
2018	5,735,143,229	267,639,860	6,002,783,089	1.15

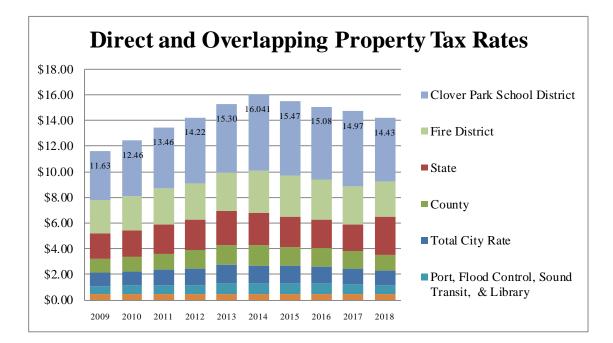
Schedule 5
Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years





					Last	len i ised	li icuis				
	Direct Rate				0	verlappii	ng Rates				Total Direct
	City of Lakewood	State of Washington	Pierce County	Port of Tacoma	Flood Control		Emergency Management Services	Clover Park School District	Library	Lakewood Fire District	and Overlapping Rate
2009	1.00	2.02	1.08	0.18	-	-	0.49	3.86	0.44	2.56	11.63
2010	1.06	2.07	1.16	0.18	-	-	0.50	4.33	0.47	2.69	12.46
2011	1.16	2.27	1.29	0.18	-	-	0.50	4.79	0.50	2.77	13.46
2012	1.28	2.41	1.42	0.18	-	-	0.50	5.11	0.50	2.82	14.22
2013	1.44	2.63	1.58	0.18	0.10	-	0.50	5.34	0.50	3.03	15.30
2014	1.43	2.53	1.56	0.18	0.10	-	0.50	5.98	0.50	3.26	16.04
2015	1.38	2.39	1.48	0.18	0.10	-	0.50	5.77	0.50	3.17	15.47
2016	1.34	2.23	1.43	0.18	0.10	-	0.50	5.71	0.50	3.08	15.08
2017	1.24	2.07	1.33	0.18	0.09	0.25	0.50	5.88	0.47	2.96	14.97
2018	1.15	2.91	1.23	0.18	0.08	0.23	0.48	4.96	0.43	2.78	14.43

# Schedule 6 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years



#### Source:

Pierce County Assessor Treasurer.

#### Schedule 7

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2018			2009	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	% of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	% of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Northwest Building LLC	\$ 176,400,041	1	2.55%	\$ 99,885,017	1	1.68%
Puget Sound Energy/Gas	147,047,279	2	2.12%	25,757,054	6	0.43%
RPAI Lakewood LLC	71,211,000	3	1.03%	-		0.00%
BRE WA Village at Seeley Lake LLC	70,506,400	4	1.02%	-		0.00%
Tacoma Gateway Lakewood LLC	38,058,400	5	0.55%	-		0.00%
Lakewood 231 LLC	32,752,000	6	0.47%	-		0.00%
Beaumont Lakewood Associates LLC	29,223,900	7	0.42%	22,669,300	8	0.38%
Lakha Lakewood Properties	28,583,500	8	0.41%	31,026,700	5	0.52%
WIG Properties LLC-LKPL	23,198,200	9	0.33%	21,920,500	10	0.37%
Morningtree Park LLC	22,202,500	10	0.32%	-		0.00%
Inland Western Lakewood LLC	-		0.00%	91,584,300	2	1.54%
ERP Operating LP	-		0.00%	54,939,200	3	0.92%
Wal-Mart Stores Inc #2403	-		0.00%	32,244,300	4	0.54%
Prium Lakewood Bldgs LLC	-		0.00%	24,003,800	7	0.40%
Lowes of Lakewood #1081	-		0.00%	21,962,013	9	0.37%
NetFlix Inc	-		0.00%	-		0.00%
Lakewood Cinema Plaza	-		0.00%	-		0.00%
Green Leaf Lakewood LLC	-		0.00%	-		0.00%
Qwest Corporation Inc	-		0.00%	-		0.00%
UDR Beaumont LLC	-	-	0.00%		_	0.00%
TOTAL	\$ 639,183,220		9.22%	\$ 425,992,184		7.16%

# Source: Pierce County Assessor Treasurer

Note: Values are based on current year assessed value for following year taxes.

# Schedule 8 Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	_		thin the fiscal the levy		Total Collect	ions to Date		
Fiscal	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year*	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years**	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Total Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Ratio of Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy
2009	5,967,019	5,681,367	95.21%	285,651	5,967,018	100.00%	0	0.00%
2010	6,160,466	5,806,803	94.26%	353,547	6,160,350	100.00%	116	0.00%
2011	6,085,973	5,898,256	96.92%	187,603	6,085,858	100.00%	115	0.00%
2012	6,212,891	6,031,790	97.09%	181,064	6,212,855	100.00%	36	0.00%
2013	6,313,779	6,135,401	97.17%	177,951	6,313,353	99.99%	426	0.01%
2014	6,436,606	6,248,259	97.07%	187,460	6,435,719	99.99%	886	0.01%
2015	6,654,797	6,413,233	96.37%	224,146	6,637,379	99.74%	17,418	0.26%
2016	6,782,076	6,545,433	96.51%	120,785	6,666,218	98.29%	115,858	1.71%
2017	7,042,957	6,738,954	95.68%	132,350	6,871,304	97.56%	171,652	2.44%
2018	7,097,538	6,935,521	97.72%	-	6,935,521	97.72%	162,017	2.28%

\*Includes amount collected within the fiscal year and subsequent year certification adjustments.

\*\*Amounts reported for current year are reported in the following year and adjusted for subsequent year's collection.

# Source:

Pierce County Assessor Treasurer.

Sales Tax Revenue by Category Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)										
-	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Agriculture, Forestry, & Fishing	\$5	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1
Mining	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	2	4	0
Utilities	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	4
Construction	1,076	963	714	903	1,030	884	884	913	1,175	1,506
Manufacturing	104	113	136	132	136	157	158	217	199	219
Wholesale Trade	291	382	312	317	342	466	398	396	496	462
Retail Trade	3,473	3,586	3,719	4,016	3,938	3,925	4,209	4,224	4,599	5,042
Transportation & Warehousing	34	31	40	36	43	64	57	54	88	55
Information	324	364	364	364	387	424	449	504	500	485
Finance and Insurance	32	28	34	25	41	41	56	62	50	66
Real Estate, Rental, Leasing	201	206	196	214	236	239	288	338	336	344
Professional, Scientific, & Technical	85	55	66	68	88	95	95	125	100	107
Management of Companies & Enterprises	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	1	1	0
Admininstrative Services	130	131	135	125	143	139	155	159	178	269
Educational Services	57	54	48	43	46	35	37	51	31	24
Health Care & Social Assistance	30	60	27	29	45	39	46	47	40	40
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	95	95	 92	88	91	96	106	112	107	113
Accommodation & Food Services	968	981	989	1,050	1,088	1,127	1,211	1,260	1,367	1,529
Public Administration	65	57	55	66	59	71	59	68	112	21
Other Services	404	454	511	416	423	467	497	642	573	690
- Total	\$7,374	\$7,562	\$7,445	\$7,897	\$8,140	\$8,272	\$8,708	\$ 9,179	\$ 9,959	\$ 10,978
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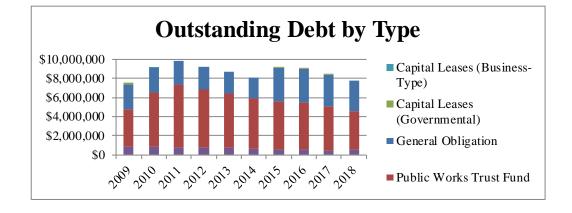
Schedule 9

Source:

City of Lakewood Finance Division

## Schedule 10 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Business- Type			
		Gove	ernmental Activit	ies		Activities			
	General	Special	Public		Other		Total	Percentage of	
Fiscal	Obligation	Assessment	Works Trust	Capital	Government	Capital	Primary	Personal	Debt Per
Year	Bonds	Bonds	Fund Loans	Leases	Loan	Leases	Government	Income <sub>(A)</sub>	Capita
2009	2,675,560	2,657,095	3,840,465	165,134	871,914	-	10,210,168	25.27%	175
2010	2,573,160	2,411,334	5,689,060	-	827,521	71,660	11,572,735	28.18%	199
2011	2,470,760	2,181,334	6,571,974	-	781,467	-	12,005,535	28.39%	206
2012	2,363,360	1,975,050	6,143,752	-	733,691	-	11,215,853	25.84%	193
2013	2,255,960	1,768,766	5,715,529	-	684,129	-	10,424,384	23.70%	179
2014	2,143,560	1,572,959	5,287,303	-	632,713	-	9,636,535	22.30%	165
2015	3,455,000	1,523,121	5,038,375	57,295	579,374	-	10,684,325	23.96%	183
2016	3,499,032	986,515	4,930,856	39,940	524,041	-	9,980,384	21.37%	170
2017	3,272,867	750,667	4,643,633	20,897	466,638	-	9,154,700	18.60%	154
2018	3,201,928	594,767	4,038,695	-	501,088	-	8,336,476	-	140

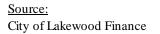


(A) Personal income is calculated based on Pierce County Per Capita Personal Income applied to Lakewood population. 2018 data was not available at time of publication of this document.

Source: City of Lakewood Finance

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
2009	2,675,560	0.04%	45.47
2010	2,573,160	0.05%	44.24
2011	2,470,760	0.05%	42.46
2012	2,363,360	0.05%	40.57
2013	2,255,960	0.05%	38.69
2014	2,143,560	0.05%	36.73
2015	3,455,000	0.07%	59.69
2016	3,499,032	0.07%	59.51
2017	3,272,867	0.06%	55.21
2018	3,201,928	0.05%	53.95

#### Per Capita General Obligation Debt \$70 \$60 \$50 \$40 \$30 \$20 \$10 \$0 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 ----Per Capita GO Debt



# Schedule 11 Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

# Schedule 12 Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of December 31, 2018

	 Net Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	 imated Share of verlapping Debt_
Overlapping Debt:			
Pierce County	\$ 111,615,000	7.7%	\$ 8,547,331
Port of Tacoma	166,840,000	7.7%	12,776,390
Clover Park School District	126,295,000	95.7%	120,869,034
Steilacoom Historical School District	36,595,000	5.2%	1,917,952
Tacoma School District	492,430,000	0.3%	1,703,427
West Pierce Fire District	 1,102,297	60.5%	 667,424
Total Overlapping Debt	934,877,297		146,481,558
Direct Debt: City of Lakewood	 8,336,478	100%	 8,336,478
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 943,213,775		\$ 154,818,036

The estimated percentage applicable is calculated by dividing the assessed value of Lakewood properties within the taxing district divided by the total assessed property values within the taxing district multiplied by the outstanding debt of the taxing district.

Source:

(1) City of Lakewood Finance Department;

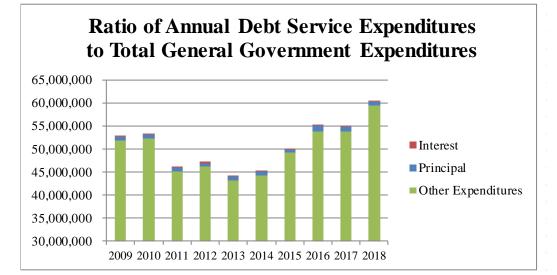
(2) Pierce County Assessor Treasurer;

(3) State of Washington;

(4) Port of Tacoma.

	Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures to Total											
			vernmental Expe									
		Last	Ten Fiscal Yea	rs								
					Ratio of Debt							
				Total General	Service to General							
			Total Debt	Governmental	Governmental							
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Service	Expenditures	Expenditures							
2009	907,799	277,301	1,185,100	53,016,982	2.24%							
2010	785,986	293,278	1,079,264	53,379,702	2.02%							
2011	755,140	280,814	1,035,954	46,231,974	2.24%							
2012	782,283	273,019	1,055,302	47,207,030	2.24%							
2013	788,898	257,756	1,046,654	44,306,413	2.36%							
2014	790,618	239,574	1,030,192	45,373,578	2.27%							
2015	684,124	279,630	963,754	50,209,509	1.92%							
2016	1,247,518	225,150	1,472,668	55,245,997	2.67%							
2017	955,518	202,434	1,157,952	54,993,731	2.11%							
2018	951,387	177,216	1,128,603	60,478,604	1.87%							

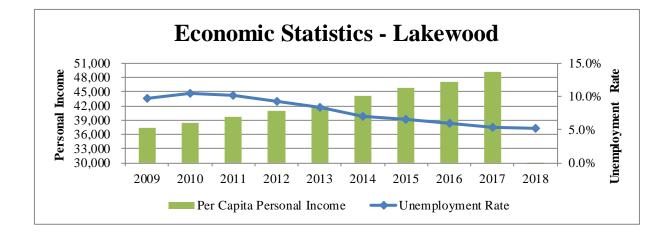
# Schedule 13



# Source: City of Lakewood Finance Division

Fiscal Year	Lakewood Population <sub>(1)</sub>	Lakewood Personal Income (in thousands) <sub>(2)</sub>	Pierce County Per Capita Personal Income <sub>(3)</sub>	School Enrollment <sub>(4)</sub>	Median Household Income <sub>(5)</sub> (Pierce County)	Unemployment Rate <sub>(6)</sub>
2009	58,840	2,205,088	37,476	11,245	56,555	9.7%
2010	58,163	2,229,097	38,325	11,172	55,531	10.4%
2011	58,190	2,310,259	39,702	11,160	56,114	10.1%
2012	58,260	2,387,961	40,988	11,383	57,162	9.3%
2013	58,310	2,440,332	41,851	11,602	57,238	8.3%
2014	58,360	2,573,034	44,089	12,254	59,998	7.0%
2015	58,400	2,671,333	45,742	12,285	59,566	6.5%
2016	58,800	2,770,186	47,112	12,346	61,042	6.0%
2017	59,280	2,917,406	49,214	12,885	65,517	5.3%
2018	59,350	-	-	12,953	70,321	5.2%

# Schedule 14 Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years



(1) State of Washington, Office of Financial Management.

(2) Pierce County Per Capita Personal Income applied to Lakewood population. 2018 data is not yet available.

- (3) Pierce County Per Capita Personal Income as provided by Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA). 2018 data is not
- yet available and is normally updated in November. Previous years have been updated per revisions by the BEA.
- (4) Clover Park School District which is the largest in Lakewood.
- (5) Median household income from the Washington State Office of Financial Management (OFM). 2017 is a preliminary estimate and 2018 is a projection made by OFM. Data becomes available in mid-April following the year.
- (6) Pierce County Unemployment Rate as provided by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).
   2018 is unavailable as December is currently an estimate. Data is calculated by the monthly average, including the December estimate. Previous years have updated per revisions by the BLS.

# Schedule 15 Principal Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

			2018	<u> </u>		2009		
				% of Total			% of Total	
		Number of		City	Number of		City	
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment	
Western State Hospital	Public Sector - Mental Health Facility	2,300	1	6.8%	1,947	1	8.7%	
Clover Park School District	Public Sector - Education	1,667	2	4.9%	1,696	2	7.6%	
Pierce College	Public Sector - Education	1,131	3	3.3%	787	4	3.5%	
Camp Murray	Military - National Guard	1,050	4	3.1%	-			
Pierce Transit	Public Sector - Transportation	950	5	2.8%	911	3	4.1%	
St. Clare Hospital	Health Care	723	6	2.1%	700	5	3.1%	
Aacres WA LLC	Private Social Services Network	587	7	1.7%	-			
McClane Northwest	Transportation/Warehousing	424	8	1.3%	370	6	1.7%	
Clover Park Technical College	Public Sector - Education	400	9	1.2%	260	9	1.2%	
Wal-Mart	Retail	370	10	1.1%	-			
Personal Design Concepts	Retail	-			340	7	1.5%	
Interstate Brands	Baked Goods	-			314	8	1.4%	
Greater Lakes Mental Health	Mental Health	-			250	10	1.1%	
		9,602	-	28.39%	7,575	-	33.97%	
2019 Jaho in Laborno ed. 24.006			-			-		

2018 Jobs in Lakewood: 34,096

#### Source:

City of Lakewood Community and Economic Development Department \*2009 Figures unavailable, used 2005 Figures

-	<b>Schedt</b> al Assets st Ten Fi	by Fund								
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Transportation										
Street (center line miles)	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180
Signals City-owned and maintained	68	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69
Signals WSDOT-owned and maintained	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	11	11	11
Signals West Pierce Fire-owned and Pierce County maintained	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Signals City-owned and WSDOT-maintained	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Signals - City -owned and Tacoma Maintained	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-
Street lights City-owned and maintained	194	204	204	214	614	614	614	2,176	2,176	2,277
Street lights City-owned and TPU maintained	428	420	420	420	420	420	420	-	-	-
Street lights City-owned and Lakeview maintained	1,078	1,088	1,088	1,098	698	698	698	-	-	-
Street lights PSE-owned and maintained	1,071	1,071	1,071	1,071	1,071	1,071	1,071	1,071	1,071	1,098
Street lights TPU-owned and maintained	353	353	353	353	353	353	353	-	-	-
Culture & Recreation										
Developed parks - acreage	77	77	77	77	80	80	80	82	82	82
Developed parks - number of parks	12	12	12	12	12	12	13	13	12	12
Undeveloped parks - acreage	456	456	461	461	465	467	467	467	467	467
Playgrounds	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Skateparks	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Tennis courts - public	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Baseball fields	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Soccer fields	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Picnic shelters	8	8	8	10	10	10	10	11	12	12
Community gardens	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Senior Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

# Source:

(1) City of Lakewood Public Works Department (GIS Data);

(2) City of Lakewood Parks, Recreation, and Community Services Department.

# Schedule 17 Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
SECURITY OF PERSONS & PROPE	ERTY									
Police Information										
Offenses:										
Forcible Rape (including attempts)	47	39	45	38	30	34	58	55	67	38
Robbery	171	137	114	109	90	89	93	103	94	90
Criminal Homicide	2	-	2	3	2	1	2	-	5	7
Aggravated Assault	341	316	343	319	278	247	339	375	322	332
Vehicle Theft	255	272	308	233	205	215	260	368	375	382
Burglary (commercial & residential)	585	584	604	725	642	644	566	616	507	492
Larceny	2,195	1,882	1,943	2,089	1,832	1,681	1,991	2,097	2,052	2,041
Arson	16	10	3	13	14	15	13	15	11	15
Citations:										
Traffic	5,339	5,461	8,608	6,633	5,753	8,980	8,202	6,595	5,023	3,697
Red Light Photo	10,399	8,310	8,039	8,225	8,586	8,827	10,586	7,289	11,336	11,927
Fixed Speed Photo	12,041	5,842	6,062	5,814	5,744	4,669	3,384	9,749	6,198	6,571
ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT										
Building Related Permits & Values										
Building Permits	1,360	1,379	1,666	1,392	1,927	1,339	1,336	1,207	1,540	1,718
Estimated Value (in millions)	\$ 61	\$ 39	\$ 62	\$ 46	\$ 147	\$ 52	\$ 56	\$ 65	\$ 76	\$ 124

#### Source

(1) City of Lakewood Police Department

(2) City of Lakewood Community and Economic Environment Department

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function/Program										
General Government										
Municipal Court	14.75	15.75	16.00	16.75	16.75	16.00	12.50	12.50	11.00	11.00
City Manager	3.60	4.00	4.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Administrative Services	23.70	24.30	24.50	20.85	20.85	20.85	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00
Legal & City Clerk	12.74	14.00	12.75	11.98	11.98	11.98	12.50	12.50	11.00	11.00
Community & Economic Development	22.50	24.50	25.00	23.00	22.00	19.00	16.00	17.50	17.50	18.50
Culture & Recreation	12.95	13.10	12.75	15.50	15.50	22.70	18.25	24.25	24.25	24.25
Security	129.00	123.00	123.00	118.00	118.00	121.00	116.00	116.00	116.00	116.00
Public Works	22.75	22.71	35.50	34.00	34.00	27.90	26.00	20.50	20.50	20.50
Total	241.99	241.36	253.50	243.08	242.08	242.43	220.25	222.25	219.25	220.25

# Schedule 18 Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Source: City of Lakewood Finance