1	BEFORE THE CITY OF LAKEWOOD HEARING EXAMINER				
2	IN RE:)	HEARING NO. 13431	
3	WEBER SINGLE FAMILY)	FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND	
4	RESIDENTIAL VARIANCI		<u> </u>	DECISION	
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6	REPRESENTATIVE:	Chris Arnold NW Permit S		S	
7	APPLICANTS:	Christopher a	ınd Lola	a Weber	
9	PLANNER:	Billie Stewar	t		
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11	APPLICANTS' REQUEST:				
12	Applicants seek a variance to rebuild a recently destroyed single-family residence. The residence was legally nonconforming as it did not comply with the site's current Multifamily 2				
13	(MF2) zoning designation.				
14	PROJECT LOCATION:				
15	14423 Portland Avenue SW, Tax Parcel No. 2200003760).				
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17	SUMMARY OF DECISION:				
18	The requested variance is approved subject to the conditions recommended by City Staff.				
19	BACKGROUND				
20	The single-family residence at 14423 Portland Avenue SW was constructed in 1923, or				
21	prior to the City's incorporation. It sits within a neighborhood that is solidly single-family				
22	residential structures but the neighborhood's zoning has recently been changed to Multifamily 2				
23					
24	(MF2) making all of these single-family residences legally nonconforming. The residence at this				
25	location was recently heavily damaged by fire and the owners seek to rebuild. As a legally				
	Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision - 1			CITY OF LAKEWOOD HEARING EXAMINER 299 N.W. CENTER ST. / P.O. BOX 939	

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nonconforming structure, and as the cost of rebuilding is more than 50% of its replacement cost, the property owners must first obtain a Variance from the Hearing Examiner.

City Staff recommends approval of the requested Variance subject to a few conditions.

There has been no public opposition.

PUBLIC HEARING

The public hearing on the application commenced at 10:00 a.m. on Monday,

December 16, 2024. The hearing occurred remotely utilizing the Zoom platform with City Staff serving as the host. The City appeared through Billie Stewart, Planner. The Applicants,

Christopher and Lola Weber, appeared through their representative, Chris Arnold of NW Permit Solutions. There were no members of the public present. All testimony was taken under oath and a verbatim recording of the proceedings was maintained. Evidence considered at the time of the hearing was the Staff Report prepared by Mr. Stewart along with the following other

A. Staff Report

exhibits:

- B. Site Plan/Plan Set
- C. Applicant Response to Required Findings
- D. Notice of Application
- E. Notice of Public Hearing

<u>City's Testimony</u>. The hearing began with the testimony of Billie Stewart, Planner and author of the City's Staff Report. Ms. Stewart's testimony followed closely her earlier written report. She explained that the single-family residence at 14423 Portland Avenue SW had been constructed in 1923, or prior to the City's incorporation. It was recently destroyed by fire and the owners seek to rebuild. Pursuant to LMC 18A.20.200.B.7 "reconstruction of nonconforming residential dwelling units that are involuntarily damaged or destroyed" is allowed. However, under LMC 18A.20.230, "should such structure be destroyed by any means to an extent of more than 50% of its replacement cost at time of destruction, in the judgment of the City's Building

Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision - 2 CITY OF LAKEWOOD HEARING EXAMINER 299 N.W. CENTER ST. / P.O. BOX 939 CHEHALIS, WASHINGTON 98532 Phone: 360-748-3386/Fax: 748-3387 Official, it shall not be reconstructed except in conformity with the provisions of this title". In other words, in order to reconstruct this single-family residence the Applicants must first obtain a variance from the Hearing Examiner.

The City's Building Official has confirmed that the value of the new building will exceed the replacement cost at time of destruction and therefore generates a need for a variance pursuant to LMC 18A.20.230.

The project site is relatively small, consisting of a 5,000 square foot lot. The Applicants hope to rebuild the single-family residence, resulting in a 962-square foot house. The foundation of the house will be shifted away from its current location near the property boundary in order to meet all current setback requirements.

Ms. Stewart was asked by the Hearing Examiner as to the neighborhood's history of zoning designations. She explained that the neighborhood previously had a zoning designation of Moderate Single-Family Density but more recently was changed to Multifamily 2. The proposed residence is a permitted use in the former zoning designation but not in its current zoning, making the residence legally nonconforming.

The Hearing Examiner also asked Ms. Stewart as to whether a residential structure could be built on this 5,000 square foot lot that would comply with the density requirements of its current MF2 zoning designation. Ms. Stewart was uncertain but agreed that it would be difficult to construct a residence on this small lot satisfying the density requirements of the MF2 zoning designation.

Applicant's Testimony. Following Ms. Stewart's testimony the Applicants appeared through their representative, Chris Arnold of NW Permit Solutions. Mr. Arnold agreed with the City's presentation and Staff's proposed conditions and added that the application simply seeks to allow the homeowners to restore their damaged home.

1 2 support its approval. 3 4 5 General Findings. 6 1. 7 8 2. 9 10 Findings of Fact. 11 3. 12 square feet. 13 4. 14 15 16 5. 17 18 19 20 Examiner. 21 6. 22 23 7. 24 25

I concur with Mr. Arnold that the application is a simple one and that the equities fully

I therefore make the following:

FINDINGS OF FACT

- The Applicants seek a single-family residential variance in order to reconstruct a 962-square foot house recently destroyed by fire.
- Any Findings of Fact contained in the foregoing Background and Public Hearing Sections are incorporated herein by reference and adopted by the Hearing Examiner as his
- The project site is located at 14423 Portland Avenue SW. The site contains 5,000
- The project site has a zoning designation of Multifamily 2 (MF2). The singlefamily residence previously located on the site is not consistent with the MF2 zoning designation and the residence was therefore legally nonconforming.
- Pursuant to LMC 18A.20.230, should the residence be destroyed by any means to an extent of more than 50% of its replacement cost at the time of destruction, in the judgment of the City's Building Official, it shall not be reconstructed except in conformity with the provisions of Titel 18A LMC. This requires that the applicant obtain a variance from the Hearing
- The City's Building Official has confirmed that the valuation of the new building will exceed the replacement cost at time of construction, thus requiring a need for a variance.
- The proposed new residence will have 962 square feet and will be relocated toward the center of the lot so as to comply with all setback requirements.

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Findings of Fact,

Conclusions of Law and Decision - 6

16. The Applicant must demonstrate that because of special circumferences relating to the size, shape, topography, location or surroundings of the subject property, the variance is necessary to provide it with use, rights and privileges permitted to other properties in the vicinity and in the zone in which the subject property is located.

- 17. City Staff finds that the property is currently located in the MF2 zoning district but that the previously existing residence, as well as the residences currently existing on all surrounding lots, are all legally nonconforming single-family residences built prior to the City's incorporation in 1996. The requested variance would allow the property owners to continue the site's long-established use as a single-family residence, matching that use with all surrounding properties. The Hearing Examiner concurs. The Hearing Examiner also finds that the property may not be of sufficient size to allow development consistent with the current MF2 zoning designation, and that the Applicant would be denied any reasonable use if the variance was not granted.
- 18. The Applicant must demonstrate that the special conditions and circumstances do not result from the actions of the Applicant. The previous residence was unexpectedly destroyed by fire. The circumstances are not the result of the actions of the Applicant.
- 19. The Applicant must demonstrate that granting the variance will not constitute a grant of special privilege inconsistent with the limitation upon uses of other properties in the vicinity and zone in which the property is located.
- 20. City Staff finds that all properties to the north, east, south and west are similarly legally nonconforming single-family residences. Indeed, the entire neighborhood consists of legally nonconforming single-family residences. Thus, granting the variance will not constitute a grant of special privilege but will simply allow the property owners to reestablish the site's long-term use in a manner consistent with all surrounding properties. The Hearing Examiner concurs.

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- 21. The Applicant must demonstrate that granting the variance will not be materially detrimental to the public welfare or injurious to the property or improvements in the vicinity in the zone in which the property is situated
- 22. As noted previously, all surrounding properties to the north, east, south and west are legally nonconforming single-family residences. Granting the requested variance will not be detrimental to these properties but will instead allow the use on this property to be consistent with those surrounding uses while also relocating the building on the site to improve its compliance with setback requirements.
- 23. The Applicant must demonstrate that the variance is the minimum variance necessary to provide the rights and privileges described by this ordinance. The Applicants seek no more than to restore the existing residence with similar square footage. The application therefore seeks no more than the minimum variance necessary.
 - 24. The use will not aversely impact properties in the general vicinity.
 - 25. The subject site is not located within a critical area or near a designated shoreline.
- 26. City Staff recommends that the Variance be approved subject to the five conditions set forth in the Staff Report. The Applicants do not object to these conditions.
 - 27. There has been no public opposition to the application.

Based upon the foregoing Findings of Fact, the Hearing Examiner makes the following:

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. The Hearing Examiner has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter.
- 2. Any Conclusions of Law contained in the foregoing Background Section, Public Hearing Section, or Findings of Fact Section are hereby incorporated herein by reference and adopted by the Hearing Examiner as his Conclusions of Law.
 - 3. All public notice requirements for this application have been met.

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1	not be violated. Noncompliance with the conditions of the permit shall be grounds for				
2	rehearing before the Hearing Examiner, in addition to fines and penalties under				
3	Chapter 1.44 LMC, General Penalties. The Hearing Examiner may suspend or revoke a variance pursuant to this section for violation of any of the provisions of this title or original conditions of approval.				
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6	5. Construction shall abide by construction and protection guidelines for all Garry				
7	Oak Trees found on site, pursuant to LMC 18A.70.330.C. DATED this 3/ day of December, 2024.				
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9	21.1122 tans <u></u> tan, or 2 coemics, 202 to				
10	Mark C. Scheibmeir				
11	City of Lakewood Hearing Examiner				
12	Appeal Right and Valuation Notices				
13	Final decision of the Hearing Examiner are subject to appeal to superior court. Appeals				
14 15	of final land use decisions to superior court are governed by the Land Use Petition Act ("LUPA"), Chapter 36.70C RCW. LUPA imposes short appeal deadlines with strict service requirements. Persons wishing to file LUPA appeals should consult with an attorney to ensure that LUPA appeal requirements are correctly followed.				
16	Affected property owners may request a change in valuation for property tax purposes				
17	notwithstanding any program of revaluation.				
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